

BUNGE LA TANZANIA

MAJADILIANO YA BUNGE

MKUTANO WA TANO

KIKAO CHA TATU - TAREHE 2 NOVEMBA, 2006

D U A

Spika (Mhe. Samuel J. Sitta) Alisoma Dua

(Mkutano Ulianza Saa Tatu Asubuhi)

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, kama mnavyofahamu baada ya kipindi cha maswali tutaingia katika zoezi la kuchagua miongoni mwa wagombea wa viti vile vya Bunge la Afrika Mashariki. Sasa namwagiza Katibu, Wagombea wote waje wakae *Speakers Galley* kwa sasa hivi na baadaye itakuwa rahisi kutoka hapo kuwapeleka kwenye chumba maalum ambacho kutokea huko ndiyo wataweza kuingia ukumbini kwa usaili.

Kwa hiyo, inatakiwa sasa wakae pamoja ili iwe rahisi kwa *Serjeant at Arms* baadaye kuwapeleka mahali maalum. Unajua jengo letu lilivyo. Itakuwa shida isije ikatokea mmoja wa wagombea hatukuweza kuhakiki yuko wapi akakosa haki ya kujieleza mbele ya Bunge hili. Kwa hiyo, Katibu ungesimamia hilo. *(Makofi)*

MASWALI NA MAJIBU

Na. 27

Ukubwa wa Majimbo Tanzania

MHE. ELIATTA N. SWITI (k.n.y. MHE. PONSIANO D. NYAMI) aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa, nchini Tanzania kwa sasa yamo jumla ya Majimbo 232.

(a) Je, kwa orodha ya Mikoa na Majimbo yake na ukubwa wa kila Jimbo (*sq. km*) yakoje?

(b) Je, kwa Majimbo ambayo ni makubwa kama Nkasi, je, Serikali inawasaidiaje Wabunge ili kazi yao isionekane kuwa ni adhabu ikilinganishwa na wenzao wenye Majimbo madogo?

(c) Je, ni nini tofauti ya kazi ya Mbunge, DC na DED katika kuleta maendeleo kwa wananchi, na zile fedha anazochangia Mkuu wa Mkoa na DC kwa wananchi ni za Serikali na kama ni hivyo, Mbunge naye atapewa lini kifungu kama hicho?

NAIBU WAZIRI, OFISI YA WAZIRI MKUU, MAAFA NA KAMPENI DHIDI YA UKIMWI (MHE. DR. LUKA J. SIYAME) alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Ponsiano Nyami, Mbunge wa Nkasi, lenye sehemu (a), (b) na (c) kama ifuatavyo:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, ni kweli kwa hivi sasa yapo Majimbo ya Uchaguzi 232.

(a) Kutokana na uwingi wa majimbo hayo orodha ya Mikoa kwa Tanzania Bara na Tanzania Zanzibar, Majimbo ndani ya kila Mkoa na Wilaya na ukubwa wa kila Jimbo kwa *squire kilometre* ni kama inavyoonyeshwa katika jedwali ambao amekabidhiwa Mheshimiwa Ponsiano Nyami.

(b) Mheshimiwa Spika, Wilaya ya Nkasi ina ukubwa wa eneo la kilometa za mraba 8,262 ambapo kiutawala ndilo Jimbo la Uchaguzi la Nkasi. Jimbo hili ni kubwa kwa eneo ukilinganisha na majimbo mengine yenye maeneo madogo. Hata hivyo, yapo Majimbo yenye maeneo makubwa kuliko Jimbo la Nkasi ambayo mengi pia ni Wilaya. Kwa uchache tu baadhi ya majimbo hayo ni kama ifuatavyo:-

(i) Wilaya na Jimbo la Liwale lenye km. za mraba 33,031;

(ii) Wilaya na Jimbo la Sikonge lenye km. za mraba 24,335;

(iii) Wilaya na Jimbo la Simanjiro lenye km. za mraba 17,055;na

(iv) Wilaya na Jimbo la Tunduru lenye km. za mraba 17,694.

Mheshimiwa Spika, hadi sasa hakuna Mbunge yeyote kutoka jimbo lenye eneo kubwa ambaye amepewa upendeleo wowote dhidi ya Mbunge anayetoka kwenye jimbo lenye eneo dogo. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, hatua zinazochukuliwa na Serikali kwa Majimbo ambayo yana maeneo makubwa ni kuyagawa kuwa Wilaya kwa kuzingatia vigezo vilivyowekwa na uwezo wa Serikali kifedha. Utaratibu huu unarahisisha kazi ya utawala katika Mkoa husika na hivyo kurahisisha utekelezaji wa majukumu ya viongozi wa Kiserikali na Kisiasa katika maeneo husika.

(c) Mheshimiwa Spika, kazi za Mbunge ni pamoja na uhamasishaji wa maendeleo ya wananchi na uwakilishi wa wananchi Bungeni. Masharti ya kazi ya Mbunge kupitia Bunge yameelekezwa katika Ibara ya 63(2) kwamba Bunge litakuwa ndicho chombo kikuu cha Jamhuri ya Muungano ambacho kitakuwa na madaraka, kwa niaba ya wananchi kuisimamia na kuishauri Serikali ya Jamhuri ya Muungano na vyombo vyake

vyote katika utekelezaji wa majukumu yake na huo ndio uhusiano wa msingi kati ya Mbunge na kazi za Serikali.

Kwa mujibu wa Sheria Na. 19 ya mwaka 1997 baadhi ya majukumu ya Mkuu wa Wilaya, ni pamoja na kuwa mwakilishi mkuu wa Serikali Kuu Wilayani, msimamizi wa Ulinzi na Usalama, Miongozo na Kanuni za Maendeleo. Jukumu la kusimamia miongozo na Kanuni za Maendeleo linaendana na majukumu ya Mkurugenzi Mtendaji wa Halmashauri ya Wilaya, Mji, Manispaa au Jiji ambaye anayo majukumu ya kisheria na kiutawala katika Halmashauri na pia ni Katibu wa vikao vya Halmashauri.

Mheshimiwa Spika, Mbunge, Mkuu wa Wilaya na Mkurugenzi Mtendaji wa Halmashauri wote wanatumikia umma na wanatekeleza majukumu yao kwa lengo la kuleta maendeleo ya wananchi. Tofauti waliyonayo ni utekelezaji wa majukumu yao kwa kuzingatia tofauti za masharti ya kazi na mgawanyo wa madaraka uliozingatia mihimili ya dola.

Mheshimiwa Spika, fedha anazochangia Mkuu wa Mkoa na Mkuu wa Wilaya kwa wananchi ni za Serikali na malengo yake ni kusukuma nguvu na jitihada za wananchi katika miradi ya maendeleo na kujenga mshikamano kati ya Serikali na wananchi. Mbunge kama mwakilishi wa wananchi hushiriki katika uhamasishaji na kuchangia kadri hali inavyoruhusu. Serikali ipo kwenye mchakato wa kuangalia utaratibu unaofaa wa uwezekano wa kuanzisha Mfuko wa Maendeleo ya Jimbo, ili kuleta hali bora zaidi ya maisha kwa wananchi na hivyo kumshirikisha zaidi Mbunge katika kusimamia na kuratibu shughuli za maendeleo ya kiuchumi na kijamii katika Jimbo lake. *(Makofi)*

MHE. ELIATTA N. SWITI: Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa kuwa Rukwa ni moja ya Mikoa mikubwa yenye Wilaya kubwa sana, je, upo uwezekano kwa Serikali kuona kwamba iko haja kwa Rukwa kuongeza Wilaya zake kwa mfano tukapata Wilaya ya Kalambo na Wilaya ya Katavi ili wananchi wa Rukwa waweze kupata huduma za Serikali kwa usahihi? Ahsante. *(Makofi)*

SPIKA: Majibu, nilidhani nimemwona Waziri na ni mwenyeji wa Rukwa. *(Makofi)*

WAZIRI WA NCHI, OFISI YA WAZIRI MKUU, TAWALA ZA MIKOA NA SERIKALI ZA MITAA: Mheshimiwa Spika, utaratibu wa kuomba kuanzisha Mikoa au Wilaya unaanzia kwenye Wilaya inayohusika na kupitia kwenye Mkoa unaohusika. Kwa bahati nzuri kwa hili suala ambalo amelizungumzia Mheshimiwa Mbunge, tayari kikao cha Baraza la Ushauri cha Mkoa kilichokutana mara mwisho wali-table jambo hili kwa maana ya Wilaya, lakini wakaahirisha kidogo suala la Mkoa kwa kuwa linahitaji maelekezo kidogo kutoka Ofisi ya Waziri Mkuu. *(Makofi)*

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa hiyo, nataka nimhakikishie kwamba angalau kwa sehemu ya pili ya sehemu ya swali lake tayari mapendekezo yamekwishawasilishwa yanasubiri kuletwa Serikalini. *(Makofi)*

MHE. YONO S. KEVELA: Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa kuwa Jimbo la Njombe Magharibi liko Wilaya ya Njombe na ni kubwa kuliko majimbo mengine katika Wilaya ya Njombe, tuna majimbo matatu na sisi tuna vijiji zaidi ya 108 ambavyo ni nusu ya vijiji ambavyo vipo katika Wilaya ya Njombe na kwa kuwa Waziri Mkuu alipokuja alisema kwamba kuna uwezekano kwamba ningepomba Wilaya katika Njombe Magharibi naweza nikapewa.

Je, Serikali ina mpango gani wa kunipatia Wilaya ili walau na sisi tuwe na maendeleo ya kutosha kwa sababu tuko pembezoni mwa Wilaya yetu na tuna tatizo kubwa tulipokuwa tunaomba Mkoa ilishindikana lakini Wilaya tuliambiwa tunaweza tukapewa?

WAZIRI WA NCHI, OFISI YA WAZIRI MKUU, TAWALA ZA MIKOA NA SERIKALI ZA MITAA: Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba nimjibu Mheshimiwa, tena rafiki yangu Mbunge wa Njombe Magharibi, kama ifuatavyo:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, niseme tu kwamba kwanza una bahati kama Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu alikupa hiyo nafasi ya kukupa matumaini ya kupata Wilaya. Lakini pamoja na hilo bado nitaomba jambo hili mliwasilishe kwanza katika Wilaya yenu kupitia Halmashauri yenu, kisha iende mpaka kikao cha *RCC*, baadaye sasa ije kwenye Ofisi ya Waziri Mkuu, kwa maana ya kuona kama taratibu na misingi ipo ya kuweza kukupa Wilaya katika Jimbo hilo. (*Makofi*)

Lakini niseme vile vile kwamba kwa bahati mbaya mlikuwa mmeomba Mkoa wa Iringa, nao ugawanywe katika Mikoa miwili mkitaka Njombe iwe Mkoa. Nadhani majibu mliyapata kutoka kwa Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu siku ile alipokuwa huko. Kwa hiyo, nadhani hili msisumbuke sana nadhani muendeleo na juhudi za Wilaya. (*Makofi*)

Na. 28

Kupanda Hadhi Mji Wa Sanya Juu

MHE. MICHAEL L. LAIZER (k.n.y. MHE. AGGREY D. J. MWANRI) aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa Mji wa Sanya Juu unaendelea kukua kwa haraka; na kwa kuwa kivutio kikubwa cha shughuli za biashara na unaunganishwa na maeneo mengine muhimu kama mashamba makubwa yaliyopo *West Kilimanjaro* ya *NAFCO* na *NARCO* na vile vile minada mikubwa.

Je, kwa nini Mji huo usipandishwe hadhi na kuwa Mji Mdogo ili kuharakisha na kusukuma maendeleo ya wananchi waishio katika eneo hilo na wale waliopo jirani?

NAIBU WAZIRI, OFISI YA WAZIRI MKUU, TAWALA ZA MIKOA NA SERIKALI ZA MITAA alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Aggrey Mwanri, Mbunge wa Siha, kama ifuatavyo:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, ili kijiji kiweze kupewa hadhi ya kuwa Mji Mdogo, kinatakiwa kuwa na sifa zifuatazo:-

(i) Kuwa na wakazi wasiopungua 10,000;

(ii) Kuwa na huduma muhimu kama vile za afya, soko, maduka yasiyopungua 20 yenye leseni, Mahakama ya Mwanzo na shule ya sekondari;

(iii) Pia kijiji kiwe Makao Makuu ya Kata au Tarafa; na

(iv) Kijiji kiweze kujiendesha kimapato.

Mheshimiwa Spika, utaratibu unaofuatwa kufanya kijiji kuwa Mji Mdogo ni pamoja na:-

(i) Kijiji husika kupeleka maombi katika ngazi ya Halmashauri.

(ii) Halmashauri kujadili ombi kwa kuzingatia vigezo ili kuona kama kijiji kinakidhi vigezo hivyo.

(iii) Endapo kijiji kina sifa, kijiji na Halmashauri itaandaa maelezo ya mipaka na ramani.

(iv) Halmashauri na Kijiji ibuni nembo ya kutambulisha Mji unaokusudiwa.

(v) Baada ya kukamilika taratibu zote zitawasilishwa kwa Waziri mwenye dhamana ya Serikali za Mitaa ambaye atatangaza Mji huo kwenye Gazeti la Serikali.

Mheshimiwa Spika, ili Kijiji cha Sanya Juu, kipandishwe hadhi ya kuwa Mji Mdogo, nashauri Mheshimiwa Mbunge kwa kushirikiana na uongozi wa kijiji cha Sanya Juu kuangalia kama kinakidhi vigezo nilivyovitaja hapo juu. Vile vile wafuate utaratibu ulioelezwa wa kutuma maombi katika ngazi husika.

MHE. MICHAEL L. LAIZER: Mheshimiwa Spika, nashukuru kwa majibu ya Naibu Waziri aliyotoa na mimi nafahamu Mji wa Sanya Juu kwa sababu tunapakana na Tarafa yangu ya Endui ambayo inapata huduma hapo Sanya Juu na kwa kuwa vigezo vyote alivyotaja Naibu Waziri vyote vimekamilika, ni vitu viwili tu ndiyo bado havijakamilika ambavyo ni pamoja na nembo.

(a) Je, watakapokamilisha nembo pamoja na kuleta maombi mtawakubalia?

(b) Kwa kuwa kuna mashamba mengi yanayozunguka Mji wa Sanya Juu kama alivyoeleza Mbunge kwenye swali la msingi na kwa kuwa Mji wa Sanya Juu hawana

maeneo, je, Serikali iko tayari kuwasaidia kuwapa hayo mashamba yaliyozunguka Mji huo ili Mji huo uweze ukapanuka?

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, swali la pili halihusiki, suala la kugawa mashamba ili iwe eneo ni tofauti na swali la msingi. Kwa hiyo, Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri utajibu swali la kwanza la nyongeza.

NAIBU WAZIRI, OFISI YA WAZIRI MKUU, TAWALA ZA MIKOA NA SERIKALI ZA MITAA: Mheshimiwa Spika, kama nilivyosema kwenye jibu langu la msingi kwamba iwapo vigezo vinavyohusika vitatimizwa, Serikali iko tayari kutoa kibali cha kijiji hicho kuwa Mji Mdogo. Lakini pamoja na hayo pia inategemeana na hali ya kifedha ya Serikali.

Na. 29

Hati za Kumiliki Viwanja vya Makazi

MHE. PROF. RAPHAEL B. MWALYOSI aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa ni muda mrefu sasa tangu ramani ya viwanja vya Mji wa Ludewa, zikamilike na kuwasilishwa kwa Kamishna wa Ardhi bila marejesho na hivyo kuendelea kuwanyima wananchi hati ya kumiliki viwanja hivyo na kujenga mji wao:-

Je, ni lini Kamishna wa Ardhi ataridhia ramani hizo?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA ARDHI NA MAENDELEO YA MAKAZI alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, napenda kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Profesa Raphael Mwalyosi, Mbunge wa Jimbo la Ludewa, kama ifuatavyo:-

Kwanza si kweli kuwa Wizara haijarejesha ramani za viwanja vya Mji wa Ludewa kwa muda mrefu. Aidha, Kamishina wa Ardhi hausiki na kuridhia michoro ya viwanja.

Mheshimiwa Spika, tangu mwaka 1990 Halmashauri ya Wilaya ya Ludewa iliwasilisha Wizarani kwangu ramani tisa kwa ajili ya kuhakikiwa, kuidhinishwa na kisha kusajiliwa na Mkurugenzi wa Upimaji na Ramani.

Napenda kuliarifu Bunge lako Tukufu kwamba ramani zote tisa zenye jumla ya viwanja 392 zimekwishasajiliwa na kutumwa kwenye Halmashauri husika kwa ajili kuwezesha umilikishaji wa viwanja kwa wananchi.

Mheshimiwa Spika, ramani hizo zilianza kutolewa kwa Wilaya ya Ludewa tangu mwaka 1991 kama ifuatavyo, mwaka 1991 ramani mbili zenye viwanja 74, mwaka 1999 ramani moja yenye viwanja 10, mwaka 2000 ramani moja yenye viwanja 118, mwaka 2001 ramani mbili zenye viwanja 124, mwaka 2002 ramani moja yenye viwanja 58,

mwaka 2003 ramani moja yenye viwanja sita na mwaka 2006 ramani moja yenye viwanja viwili.

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa sasa hakuna ramani yoyote ya kutoka Halmashauri ya Wilaya ya Ludewa ambayo haijaidhinishwa. Hivyo, napenda kuihimiza Halmashauri ya Ludewa kupitia Kamati yake ya kugawa ardhi kuharakisha umilikishaji wa viwanja hivyo kwa wananchi ili wapate hati na kuijenga mji wao.

MHE. DR. FESTUS B. LIMBU: Mheshimiwa Spika, je, Serikali ina mpango gani wa kuhakikisha kwamba miji midogo kama vile Nyaguge, Kabila ambayo siyo makao makuu ya Wilaya lakini inakuwa haraka, ina mpango wa kuwezesha maeneo hayo na vijiji hivyo vikubwa kupimwa ili vikue kwa mpangilio badala ya kuachia wananchi wajenge holela. Kwa nini Serikali isiruhusu Serikali za vijiji zipime zenyewe zipange maeneo hayo badala ya kuachia wananchi wajenge holela?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA ARDHI NA MAENDELEO YA MAKAZI: Mheshimiwa Spika, napenda kujibu maswali mawili ya Mheshimiwa Dr. Festus Limbu, Mbunge wa Magu kama ifuatavyo:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, Serikali imeweka mpango madhubuti wa kuhakikisha kwamba Miji midogo, Miji mikubwa na Majiji yanapimwa kwa kiwango kikubwa kuanzia mwaka 2000/2001. Kuna Mfuko wa Kupima Viwanja ambao unaitwa *Plot Development Revolving Fund* ambao kwa sasa una milioni 417 na fedha hizo zinakopeshwa katika Halmashauri mbalimbali ili kuwezesha kupima viwanja. Ningeomba Waheshimiwa Wabunge wawasiliane na Halmashauri zao ili kuhimiza waweze kuleta michanganuo katika Wizara yetu tuweze kuwakopesha hizo fedha kuhakikisha kwamba viwanja vinapimwa.

Pili, ameuliza kwa nini hatuwezi kuwaruhusu Halmashauri za Vijiji viweze kupima viwanja kupunguza ujenzi holela. Ngingependa kujibu kwamba vifaa vya kupima viwanja ni gharama kubwa. *GPS* ndiyo inatumika kwa teknolojia ya kisasa kupima viwanja ambapo *GPS* moja ni milioni 32 na Halmashauri hazina uwezo wa kuzinunua. Kwa hiyo, kwa sasa bado tunazidi kuwasaidia kutoka Serikali Kuu ambao tunatumia *GPS* na wale ambao *theodolite* za zamani zinafanyakazi bado tunawaruhusu kupima viwanja. (*Makofi*)

MHE. CHACHA Z. WANGWE: Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa kuwa Serikali ndiyo iliyohusika katika kuchora mipaka kwa kuzingatia koo pale Tarime na hatimaye kutozingatia kwamba hii hii ardhi ingepungua, je, Serikali ina mpango gani wa kurekebisha ile mipaka na vile vile kuwapa ardhi zaidi watu wa Tarime ili wasiendelee kuuana?

SPIKA: Mheshimiwa Waziri wa Ardhi na Maendeleo ya Makazi, kidogo nilikuwa naliona kama liko nje kidogo lakini kwa kuwa una maelezo.

WAZIRI WA ARDHI NA MAENDELEO YA MAKAZI: Mheshimiwa Spika, kuhusu suala la mipaka ya vijiji ya Wilaya na Mikoa tumekwisha waandikia Wakuu wa Mikoa wote katika nchi nzima ili *Government Notice* ambazo zimetolewa za kupanga maeneo katika maeneo katika Mikoa na Wilaya husika ziweze kutumika ikiwa ni pamoja na Mkuu wa Mkoa kwa Mara kwa hiyo, nina uhakika kwa kupitia hiyo *Government Notice* ambazo zimetolewa ambazo zimeanzisha hizo Halmashauri zitamsaidia Mheshimiwa Chacha Wangwe kujua maeneo ya mipaka yanayohusika. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, lakini napenda pia kuahidi kwa Mheshimiwa Chacha Wangwe, naweza nikampa nakala ya *Government Notice* ya Mkoa wa Mara ambayo inaweza ikamsaidia kutambua mipaka na maeneo ya sehemu zinazohusika tukiwa hapa Bungeni. (*Makofi*)

Na. 30

Kuridhia Mkataba wa Umoja wa Mataifa wa Kutowatesa Mahabusu na Wafungwa

MHE. SHOKA KHAMIS JUMA aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa nchi yetu mpaka sasa haijaridhia Mkataba wa Umoja wa Mataifa wa kutowatesa Mahabusu na Wafungwa na kwa kuwa katika Bunge la mwaka 2000 - 2005, Bunge la Bajeti 2004 niliuliza suala hili na Serikali ilijibu kuwa itaridhia katika Bunge la Februari 2005 lakini mpaka sasa swali hili linaulizwa mkataba huo haujaridhiwa.

Je, kuna sababu gani za msingi zilizosababisha kutoridhia mkataba huo?

SPIKA: Naibu Waziri wa Mambo ya Ndani. Naibu Waziri huyu ni mgeni katika Wizara hiyo. (*Makofi*)

NAIBU WAZIRI WA MAMBO YA NDANI alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Shoka Khamis Juma, Mbunge wa Micheweni, kama ifuatavyo:-

Kwanza nakiri kwamba swali hili liliulizwa katika Bunge la Bajeti 2004, kama alivyosema Mheshimiwa Shoka Khamis Juma. Hata hivyo si kweli kwamba Wizara yangu iliahidi kuuleta mkataba huo katika Bunge la Februari 2005, bali Waziri iliahidi kuuleta mkataba huo baada ya muda si mrefu, pengine mapema 2005, kwa kutegemea kwamba taratibu zote zingekuwa zimekamilika.

Kwa kuzingatia hilo, Wizara ya Katiba na Sheria zimekwishachukua hatua za awali za kushughulikia uridhiaji wa mkataba huo unaojulikana kama *The Convention Against Torture and other Cruel Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment* kwa mujibu wa Ibara ya 63 (3) (e) ya Katiba.

Mheshimiwa Spika, hatua hizo ni pamoja na kuandaa rasimu ambayo kwanza itapelekwa kwa wadau ili ijadiliwe tupate maoni ya wadau na baadaye iwasilishwe Serikalini kwa maamuzi.

Baada ya hatua hizo muhimu kukamilika mkataba huo utaletwa katika Bunge hli ili kama litaridhika liuridhie mkataba huo. Ushirikishwaji wa wadau wote wanaohusika na maudhui yaliyomo katika mkataba huo, ikiwa ni pamoja na Waheshimiwa Wabunge, asasi za Serikali, Mashirika yasiyo ya Kiserikali na kadhalika ni jambo la msingi linalopaswa kufanywa kabla ya kuuleta Mkataba huo hapa Bungeni ili uridhie.

Aidha, tulihitaji muda wa kutosha wa kupitia Sheria zinazohusika ili kujiridhia kwamba hazipingani na masharti ya mkataba huo na kujiridhishe kwamba ni kwa maslahi ya nchi, kama tutauridhia Mkataba huo. Mkataba huu hauwahusu mahabusu na wafungwa tu ila mambo mengine yanayohusu sera kama vile matumizi ya adhabu ya viboko mashuleni, matumizi ya viboko kama adhabu inayotolewa na mahakama, utoaji wa adhabu ya kifo kwa makosa ya mauaji ya kukusudia na uhaini na utoaji wa adhabu kwa makosa ya jinai.

Mheshimiwa Spika, wakati ukifika Waheshimiwa Wabunge, watahusishwa kikamilifu katika uridhiaji wa Mkataba huu na bila shaka kabla ya hapo Waheshimiwa Wabunge, watahiriki katika majadiliano yatakayofanywa kupata maoni ya wadau. Kama Wizara yangu ilivyosema wakati wa kujibu swali Na. 3617 alilouliza Mheshimiwa Mbunge, wakati huo, nchi yetu ingawa haijaridhia Mkataba huo, inatekeleza maudhui yake ambayo yamo pia katika Katiba ya nchi yetu.

MHE. SHOKA KHAMIS JUMA: Mheshimiwa Spika, nashukuru kwa kunipa nafasi ya kuuliza maswali ya nyongeza. Nina maswali mawili ya nyongeza. Swali la kwanza, je, Serikali ya Awamu ya Nne imepanga katika Mkutano wa ngapi kuridhia Mkataba huu? Swali la kwanza.

Swali la pili, kwa kuwa Serikali iliahidi hapa Bungeni kuwa itaridhia Mkataba huu mwezi Februari 2005 na haikufanya hivyo, je, Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri atakubaliana nami kuwa Serikali inapotoa ahadi hapa Bungeni ya kufanya kitu na badala yake isifanye inalipotosha Bunge pamoja na wananchi wanaotusikiliza? (*Makofi*)

NAIBU WAZIRI WA MAMBO YA NDANI YA NCHI: Mheshimiwa Spika, kwanza kama nilivyosema katika jibu letu la msingi nia ya Serikali ilikuwa kuuleta Mkataba huo mbele ya Bunge lako Tukufu ili kuuridhia. Lakini kama nilivyoeleza, kuna taratibu ambazo zinatakiwa kufuatwa na ndiyo Serikali sasa hivi iko katika harakati na mchakato kuhakikisha kwamba taratibu zote zinafuatwa kikamilifu ili iletwe mbele ya Bunge lako Tukufu kwa ajili ya uridhiaji. (*Makofi*)

Naomba nirudie kwa kusema kwamba Serikali ya Awamu ya Nne pamoja na Serikali ya Awamu ya Tatu haijawa na mpango wa kudanganya wananchi na tunahakikisha kwamba taratibu za kisheria zinafuatwa kikamilifu muda wote. (*Makofi*)

Tatizo la Umeme Nchini

MHE. BENSON M. MPESYA aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa nchi yetu inakabiliwa na tatizo la uhaba wa umeme na sababu kubwa ikiwa ni upungufu wa maji katika Bwawa la Mtera.

(a) Je, ni sababu zipi za msingi zilizobainishwa kwa chanzo cha upungufu huo mkubwa wa maji?

(b) Je, ni baada ya muda gani Bwawa hilo linatarajiwa kuwa na maji ya kutosha?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA NISHATI NA MADINI alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, napenda kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Benson Mpesya, Mbunge wa Mbeya Mjini, lakini kabla sijafanya hivyo naomba kutoa maelezo ya utangulizi kama ifuatavyo:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, bwawa la Mtera ni bwawa kubwa nchini linalotumika kuhifadhi maji kwa ajili ya kuendesha mashine za uzalishaji umeme wa Mtera zenye uwezo wa kuzalisha jumla ya *MW 80*. Baada ya hapo maji hayo huendelea hadi Kidatu ambako hutumika kuzalisha umeme kwenye mashine zenye uwezo wa kuzalisha jumla ya *MW 200*.

Mheshimiwa Spika, baada ya maelezo hayo naomba kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Mbunge, lenye sehemu (a) na (b) kama ifuatavyo:-

(a) Mheshimiwa Spika, sababu za msingi zilizobainishwa kuwa chanzo cha upungufu mkubwa wa maji ni kama ifuatavyo:-

- Ukosefu wa mvua kwenye vyanzo mbalimbali vya maji ya mito inayotiririka kwenye Bwawa la Mtera.

- Ongezeko la matumizi ya maji kwa shughuli za kilimo katika maeneo ya mabonde ya Usangu, Kapunga, Pawaga na maeneo ya Mtera.

- Ongezeko la matumizi makubwa ya maji katika kuzalisha umeme kuliko matumizi ya gesi na mafuta, jambo ambalo Serikali inalichukulia hatua.

(b) Mheshimiwa Spika, Bwawa la Mtera linatarajiwa kuwa na maji ya kutosha iwapo zitanyesha mvua za kutosha katika msimu ujao wa mvua pamoja na kuwapo kwa udhibiti wa matumizi ya maji, *TANESCO*, wakulima na wafugaji, katika maeneo yaliyotajwa.

MHE. BENSON M. MPESYA: Mheshimiwa Spika, pamoja na majibu mazuri ya Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri. Nina maswali mawili madogo ya kuuliza. Swali la kwanza, je, Serikali itakubaliana nami kwamba ipo haja ya kupeleka wataalam wa kwenda kuchunguza hasa hasa matatizo yanayolikabili bwawa la Mtera kwa uhaba wa maji. Kwa sababu baadhi ya tafiti zimeonyesha kwamba kulikuwa na *unnecessary drawing of water below minimum level?* Naliomba hilo lifanyike.

Swali la pili, kwa kuwa Serikali iliahidi hapa Bungeni kwamba itasambaza umeme katika vijiji vya Mbeya, je, Serikali itakuwa tayari kabla ya kufanya hivyo kupeleka vifaa vya *service line* ambavyo vimekuwa ni haba kwa *TANESCO* Mbeya ili usambazaji uwe rahisi zaidi?

SPIKA: Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri, swali la pili halihusiani kabisa na swali la kwanza. Kwa sababu swali hili lilikuwa linauliza juu ya uwezo wa Mtera sasa anazungumzia tena kutawanya nguzo. Lakini kama unadhani unapenda tu kuliarifu Bunge pia vizuri tu.

NAIBU WAZIRI WA NISHATI NA MADINI: Mheshimiwa Spika, nakushukuru. Ni kweli kwamba bwawa la Mtera kwa mara ya kwanza tangu lijengwe mwaka 1981 limepatwa na matatizo ya uhaba mkubwa wa mvua na maji ya pale. Ni kweli pia kwamba wataalam mbalimbali wameishauri Serikali kwamba ipo haja ya kufanya tathmini ya kina ya kuelewa kwa nini maji yanapungua hata wakati wa mvua inapokuwa kubwa. Ningependa kumshauri na ningependa kulieleza Bunge lako Tukufu kwamba Serikali italiangalia suala hilo na kuona uwezekano wa wataalam kufanya tathmini ya kina na kuishauri Serikali.

Kuhusu suala la Mbeya Vijijini kupatiwa umeme, tulilijibu swali hili siku mbili zilizopita. Lakini ningependa tena kumhakikishia Mheshimiwa Mbunge kwamba Serikali katika mpango wake wa *Rural Electrification* umeipa Mbeya kipaumbele na katika pesa zilizopatikana shilingi bilioni 10.55 Mbeya iko katika kipaumbele kwa maana hasa ya kupanua *transformers* za Mbeya lakini pia kununua vifaa mbalimbali vya Vijiji vya Mbeya ili kuhakikisha kwamba wanapata umeme wa *thermo* yaani wa mafuta wakati tukisubiri mvua za Mtera zinyeshe.

Na. 32

Mradi wa Umeme wa *Grid*

MHE. ENG. STELLA M. MANYANYA aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa Mkoa wa Ruvuma ni miongoni mwa mikoa ambayo Mheshimiwa Rais wa Awamu ya Nne aliahidi kuwa utapatiwa umeme wa gridi wa *132 KV* kutoka Makambako hadi Songea na kwa kuwa ufuatiliaji wa mradi huu umeonyesha ya kuwa kazi ya kufanikisha ujenzi wa laini hiyo ulikuwepo ni katika hatua za awali za kupasisha mradi na kwa kuwa wananchi wa Ruvuma wanafuatilia mradi huo hatua kwa hatua:-

(a) Je, ni ratiba ipi ya utekelezaji wa mradi huo Serikali itawapa wananchi wa Mkoa wa Ruvuma ili na wao waweze kwenda sambamba na mradi huo?

(b) Je, mradi huo utagharimu jumla ya shilingi ngapi za Kitanzania au dola za Kimarekani?

(c) Je, fedha hizo zinagharimiwa na nani na zimeshatolewa au mipango ikoje?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA NISHATI NA MADINI alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, napenda kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa *Engineer* Stella Manyanya, Mbunge Viti Maalum, lakini kabla sijafanya hivyo naomba pia kutoa maelezo ya utangulizi kama ifuatavyo:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, Serikali kupitia *TANESCO*, inayo mikakati ya kupeleka umeme wa gridi kwenye mikoa ambayo haijaunganishwa kwenye gridi ya Taifa. Mkoa wa Ruvuma kama alivyoahidi Mheshimiwa Rais wa Awamu ya Nne ni mmoja kati ya mikoa itakayounganishwa kwenye gridi ya Taifa.

Mheshimiwa Spika, Mkoa wa Ruvuma utaunganishwa kwenye gridi ya Taifa kutoka kwenye kituo cha kupozea umeme cha Makambako kinachoendelea kujengwa chini ya ufadhili wa Serikali ya Sweden. Umeme huo utakuwa wa kilovolti 132 na ukifika Songea utapozwa ili kutumika Songea na kusambazwa kwenye Makao Makuu ya Wilaya za Mbinga na Namtumbo.

Mheshimiwa Spika, baada ya maelezo hayo naomba sasa kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Mbunge, lenye sehemu (a), (b) na (c) kama ifuatavyo:-

(a) Mheshimiwa Spika, ratiba ya utekelezaji wa mradi huo ni kama ifuatavyo:-

· Taarifa ya awali ya upembuzi yakinifu imefanywa na imeshawasilishwa *SIDA* - Sweden ambayo inafadhili upembuzi huu. Taarifa hiyo, ilikamilika na kuwasilishwa kwa mfadhili mwezi Februari, 2006.

· Baada ya fedha za utekelezaji kupatikana, hatua itakayofuata itakuwa kumchagua mshauri wa mradi ambaye atatayarisha zabuni kwa ajili ya ujenzi wa mradi ikiwa ni pamoja na kujenga njia za umeme wa kilovolti 132 kuanzia Makambako hadi Songea pamoja na laini ya kilovolti 33 kwenda Makao Makuu ya Wilaya za Mbinga, Ludewa na Namtumbo.

(b) Gharama za mradi huu hadi kukamilika zinakadiriwa kuwa dola za Marekani milioni 43.5.

(c) Mheshimiwa Spika, fedha hizo zitagharimiwa na Serikali ya Sweden kupitia Shirika lake la *SIDA*. Aidha, fedha za hapa nchini zitakazotumika katika utekelezaji wa mradi huu ni shilingi bilioni mbili.

MHE. ENG. STELLA M. MANYANYA: Ahsante sana Mheshimiwa Spika, kwanza kwa niaba ya wananchi wa Mkoa wa Ruvuma nichukue nafasi hii kuishukuru Serikali ya Awamu ya Nne ya Chama cha Mapinduzi kwa kutimiza ahadi zake. Lakini naomba niulize maswali mawili ya nyongeza.

Mheshimiwa Spika, kama ilivyoelezwa ni kwamba umeme unaotoka Makambako mpaka Songea wa gridi na kuelekea Namtumbo ambao utapitia vijiji kwa mfano Madaba, Wino na kwenda Namtumbo kuna vijiji kama Suluti, Hanga, Namabengo, Namkongo na kwenda Mbinga kuna Peramiho, Likonde, Kigonsera, mpaka Mbinga. Sasa tayari sisi wananchi wa kule tumeshakuwa na mpango wa kuhakikisha kwamba nyumba zote zinaezuliwa nyasi na kuwekwa bati ili tuweze kupata umeme huo. (*Makofi*)

Lakini pamoja na mpango huo tunaomba pia kufahamu Serikali ina mikakati ipi ya kuwawezesha wananchi hao kupata maendeleo zaidi kutokana na umeme huo? (*Makofi*)

Swali langu la pili, naomba pia kukuomba Mheshimiwa Waziri, kwamba mara ya mwisho wananchi kutoka maeneo ya Magagula na Lusonga hasa wale wa Taasisi ya JKT pale Mlale walikuwa wameomba waunganishwe kwenye umeme wa Chipole ambao ulionekana ni mdogo kwa kuwa una Kilowati 400 tu. Lakini katika huu umeme wa gridi kwa kuwa kuna *line 33 KV* itakayoenda mpaka Mbinga na kutoka Mbinga kwenda Mlale ni umbali usiyozidi kilometa 30. Kwa hiyo kama itaenda *line* ya *KV 33*...

SPIKA: Swali Mheshimiwa!

MHE. ENG. STELLA M. MANYANYA: Ndiyo naendelea Mheshimiwa. Je, Serikali haioni sasa umuhimu wa kuanza kufanya tathmini ya kutoka Mbinga na kuwapelekea JKT Mlale pamoja na wananchi wengine? Ahsante sana Mheshimiwa Spika. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri natumaini majibu yako hayatakuwa marefu kama maswali yaliyoulizwa. (*Makofi/Kicheko*)

NAIBU WAZIRI WA NISHATI NA MADINI: Mheshimiwa Spika, yatakuwa mafupi zaidi kuliko maswali.

Moja, kuhusu suala la vijiji vinavyotoka kuanzia Makambako, Songea hadi Mbinga Serikali sambamba na kupeleka gridi hiyo Songea hadi Mbinga, imepanga pia kupeleka *transformers* au vituo vya kupoozea umeme katika vijiji vyote kuanzia Makambako, Songea hadi Mbinga ili kuwawezesha wananchi wa maeneo ya Madaba, maeneo ya Wino, maeneo ya Songea Vijijini kufaidika na umeme huu kwa maendeleo yao. (*Makofi*)

Pili, kuhusu suala la umeme *KV 33* kutoka Mbinga hadi JKT Mlale ambao unaonekana hautoshi, Serikali itatekeleza ahadi ya Mheshimiwa Rais kwa sababu Mbinga kama nilivyosema siku mbili zilizopita imepangiwa shilingi milioni 500 za kwanza za awali kwa ajili ya umeme na tunadhani baada ya kuweka *transformers* hizo watu wa JKT Mlale wataweza kupata umeme na vijiji vya karibu kama tulivyoahidi. (*Makofi*)

Uhamaji wa Kituo cha Polisi - Kalinzi

MHE. KABWE Z. ZITTO aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa Kalinzi ni moja kati ya vijiji ambavyo Serikali imevitangaza kuwa miji midogo; na kwa kuwa kijiji hicho chenye wakulima wa Kahawa kimekuwa na sasa kina watu wengi, lakini hakuna kituo cha polisi kwa ajili ya kuhakikisha usalama wa raia na mali zao:-

Je, ni lini Serikali itajenga kituo cha polisi Kalinzi?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA USALAMA WA RAIA alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa niaba ya Mheshimiwa Waziri wa Usalama wa Raia, napenda kumjibu Mheshimiwa Kabwe Zuberi Zitto, Mbunge wa Kigoma Kaskazini, swali lake kama ifuatavyo:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, nakubaliana na Mheshimiwa Mbunge kuwa kijiji cha Kalinzi kinahitaji kuwa na kituo cha polisi, lakini kutokana na uwezo mdogo wa Serikali kwa sasa hakuna mpango wa kujenga kituo hicho katika eneo hilo. Hata hivyo kwa wakati huu kijiji kitaendelea kupata huduma ya polisi kutoka vituo vya Manyovu, Mahembe na Mwandiga. (*Makofi*)

Aidha, kutokana na maombi mengi ya Waheshimiwa Wabunge juu ya mahitaji ya vituo vya polisi katika maeneo mbalimbali nchini, Wizara yangu kupitia Jeshi la Polisi inaandaa mpango maalum (*master plan*) ili kujua mahitaji halisi ya vituo vya polisi nchini kufuatana na vigezo vinavyokubalika kipolisi na mazingira ya sasa na baada ya kukamilika kwa mpango huo utawasilishwa Serikalini ili kuondoa tatizo hili kwa muda mrefu ujao.

MHE. MANJU S. O. MSAMBYA: Nakushukuru Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa kunipa nafasi ya kuuliza swali moja la nyongeza na nashukuru sana kwa majibu ya Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri.

Naibu Waziri anaposema kwamba kijiji hiki kitapata msaada wa polisi kutoka Manyovu na Mwandiga, Mheshimiwa Waziri anafahamu kwamba hali ya usafiri kutoka Manyovu kuja Kalinzi na kutoka Mwandiga kwenda Kalinzi siyo nzuri kiasi kwamba likitokea tukio lolote lile polisi watashindwa kufika kwa wakati na hivyo kilanachokusudiwa kufanywa na polisi kitakuwa hakiwezi kupatikana?

SPIKA: Hili swali linahusu matengenezo ya barabara. Kwa hiyo, siwezi kuliruhusu liulizwe kwenye Usalama wa Rais, tunaendelea.

Niseme tu kitu kimoja, leo kimenishangaza ni kwa nadra sana Mheshimiwa Kabwe Zuberi Zitto, aulize swali la msingi halafu asiulize la nyongeza. Lakini ndiyo maendeleo hayo. (*Makofi*)

Na. 34

Tatizo la Ujambazi wa Kutumia Silaha Ngara

MHE. PROF. FEETHAN F. BANYIKWA aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa kuna matatizo makubwa ya ujambazi wa kutumia silaha katika Wilaya ya Ngara hasa Tarafa za Murusagamba na Rulenge:-

Je, Serikali ina mpango gani wa kuhakikisha kuwa wananchi wa Tarafa hizo, hasa vijiji vya Kesa, Kabaheshi na Mulonzi wanaishi kwa amani bila hofu ya kuvamiwa na majambazi ya mara kwa mara?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA USALAMA WA RAIA alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa niaba ya Mheshimiwa Waziri wa Usalama wa Raia, naomba kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Profesa Feethan Banyikwa, Mbunge wa Ngara, kama ifuatavyo:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, Serikali inatambua matatizo makubwa ya ujambazi katika Wilaya ya Ngara na vijiji mbalimbali vikiwemo vya Kesa, Kabaheshi na Mulonzi katika Tarafa ya Murusagamba na Rulenge. Ili kukabiliana na hali hii Serikali kupitia vyombo vya Ulinzi na Usalama inaendesha operesheni maalum za mara kwa mara kusaka majambazi, wahamiaji haramu na wanaomiliki silaha kinyume cha Sheria. Operesheni hizi zinafanyika nchi nzima hasa mikoa ya mipakani yakiwemo maeneo aliyoyataja Mheshimiwa Mbunge. Pia wananchi wa Tarafa ya Murusagamba na Rulenge na hasa vijiji vya Kesa, Kabaheshi na Mulonzi wameshirikishwa katika masuala ya ulinzi na usalama katika maeneo yao kwa utaratibu wa Polisi Jamii.

Mheshimiwa Spika, utaratibu huu wa kuwashirikisha wananchi na mapambano dhidi ya vitendo vya ujambazi na uhalifu mwingine, yamefanyika kwa mafanikio makubwa ambapo Mkoa wa Kagera peke yake jumla ya silaha haramu 240 zimekamatwa au kusalimishwa pamoja wahalifu mbalimbali kutiwa mbaroni.

Aidha, jitihada hizi zitaendelezwa ili kumaliza uhalifu katika maeneo husika na maeneo mengine nchini kwa nia ya kuwaondolea hofu wananchi wetu ili waweze kuishi kwa amani.

Mheshimiwa Spika, pamoja na juhudi hizo, bado kuna baadhi ya wananchi wachache wanaoshirikiana na wahalifu na kuficha kutoa siri na kuficha kutoa taarifa kwa polisi, naomba kutanabahisha kuwa vita dhidi ya uhalifu vinahitaji ushirikiano wa dhati

baina ya wananchi na Jeshi la Polisi, naomba tushirikiane tukomeshe uhalifu nchini kwani kila Mtanzania ana wajibu wa kuilinda Tanzania. *(Makofi)*

MHE. BALOZI DR. GETRUDE I. MONGELLA: Ahsante sana Mheshimiwa Spika, nimefurahishwa na majibu ya Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri aliyejibu swali kwa ukamilifu na kwa maana hiyo ninaomba niulize swali kwa ukamilifu na kwa maana hiyo ninaomba niulize swali la nyongeza. Je, kwa kazi nzuri hiyo anayoifanya ataahidi ya kwamba kwa sababu wavuvi wa Wilaya ya Ukerewe na Muleba, Sengerema, Mara wanasumbuliwa sana na majambazi na kuibiwa vifaa vyao vya uvuvi atushirikishe sisi Wabunge wa huko ili tuweze kufanya kazi na atuletee hiyo usafishaji maalum ndani ya maji ili wavuvi waendeleo kufanya kazi yao kwa amani? *(Makofi)*

NAIBU WAZIRI WA USALAMA WA RAI: Mheshimiwa Spika, kwanza nakubaliana na Mheshimiwa Balozi Dr. Getrude Mongella, kuwashirikisha Waheshimiwa Wabunge na wananchi wote ili kuhakikisha tunapambana na majambazi katika maeneo ya Ziwa Victoria na kwingine kokote nchini. Kwa sababu kuanzishwa kwa utaratibu wa Polisi Jamii nia kubwa ni kuwashirikisha wananchi wote ili tupambane kuondoa uhalifu huo.

Kwa wakati huu operesheni maalum imeanzishwa chini ya uongozi wa Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu ya kupambana na ujambazi nchini na mafanikio makubwa yamejitokeza.

Na. 35

Umaskini Uliokithiri kwa Wanawake

MHE. MGANA I. MSINDAI (k.n.y. MHE. MARTHA J. UMBULLA) aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa Serikali ya Awamu ya Nne imeahidi kuwawezesha wanawake kiuchumi kwa madhumuni ya kupunguza umaskini nchini chini ya mkakati wa MKUKUTA; na kwa kuwa umaskini uliokithiri unapimwa kwa vigezo mbalimbali:-

(a) Je, Serikali itatumia vigezo gani kupima umaskini uliokithiri na hivyo kuyapa kipaumbele maeneo ya kuanzia?

(b) Je, Serikali inaelewa kuwa Mkoa wa Manyara una makabila yaliyo maskini sana kwa mfano, Hadzabe na hivyo kustahili kuanza na jamii hizo?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA MIPANGO, UCHUMI NA UWEZESHAJI alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, napenda kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Martha Umbulla, Mbunge wa Viti Maalum kutoka Mkoa wa Manyara, lenye sehemu (a) na (b) kama ifuatavyo:-

(a) Serikali inapima umaskini uliokithiri katika ngazi ya kaya kwa kupitia viashiria mbalimbali ikiwa ni pamoja na idadi ya milo kwa siku, aina na ubora wa makazi, madhara ya lishe - utapiamlo, kiwango cha kudumaa na kusinyaa, wastani wa pato la kaya kwa mwaka, kiwango cha elimu cha mkuu wa kaya, upatikanaji wa maji safi na salama, idadi ya wategemezi katika kaya na fursa za utumiaji na umiliki wa rasilimali.

Aidha, vigezo mbalimbali kama vilivyoainishwa hapo juu vinapimwa kupitia tafiti, kama vile tafiti ya hali ya matumizi ya kaya (*Household Budget Survey*), tafiti ya hali ya ajira (*Labour Force Survey*) na Sensa ya Taifa ya Watu na Makazi (*National Poverty and Housing Census*).

(b) Mheshimiwa Spika, ni kweli kwamba Serikali inatambua kuwa Mkoa wa Manyara una makabila yaliyo nyuma kimaendeleo likiwemo kabila la Hadzabe. Serikali ilishafanya tafiti za hali ya umaskini na maendeleo na kubaini kuwa uathirikaji wa umaskini unatofautiana kiwilaya. Wilaya nyingine zimeathirika zaidi katika baadhi ya viashiria ikiwemo Wilaya ya Mbulu na Iramba walipo kabila la Hadzabe. Serikali kwa kupitia programu mbalimbali zikiwemo programu za kuondoa umaskini zinazoendeshwa na Halmashauri, Mkoa, Wilaya, Wizara mbalimbali na *TASAF* pamoja na mpango wa uwezesaji wa wananchi wa zile bilioni moja kwa kila mkoa zote hizi zimelenga katika kuboresha maisha ya Watanzania wote kwa ujumla na hasa katika maeneo ambayo yenye umaskini uliokithiri. (*Makofi*)

Aidha, Serikali itaendelea kushawishi asasi za kijamii na wahisani mbalimbali kuendelea kuunga mkono jitihada za Serikali katika kuongeza nguvu zao katika miradi ya kiuchumi, kijamii katika jamii zilizo nyuma kimaendeleo.

Mheshimiwa Spika, napenda kuchukua nafasi hii kuwapongeza Waheshimiwa Wabunge wafuatao, Mheshimiwa Martha Umbulla, Mbunge wa Viti Maalum, Mheshimiwa Philip Marmo, Mbunge wa Mbulu na Mheshimiwa Mgana Msindai, Mbunge wa Iramba Mashariki, kwa jitihada zao kubwa wanazozifanya za kuhamasisha maendeleo ya Wahadzabe katika maeneo waliyopo ili kuwa na maendeleo endelevu. (*Makofi*)

MHE. MGANA I. MSINDAI: Nashukuru Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa kunipa nafasi niulize swali moja la nyongeza. Vile vile nashukuru kwa majibu mazuri ya Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri. Ila akumbuke kwamba na Meatu Wadzabe wapo sehemu ya Sengu. (*Makofi*)

(a) Kwa kuwa hawa watu wanaishi pamoja na kwa miaka mingi wanashirikiana, wakisaidiwa upande mmoja walioko upande wa pili wanahama kwenda kule kwa wale waliopewa msaada. Serikali haioni kwamba sasa kuna umuhimu wa kuanzisha chombo maalum cha kuwasaidia hawa Wadzabe?

(b) Serikali itawasaidia Wadzabe hasa wa Meatu waendeleo kupata msaada kutoka kwa mwindaji aliyeko pori la Makao atoe msaada kwao?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA MIPANGO, UCHUMI NA UWEZESHAJI:
Mheshimiwa Spika, kwanza suala la chombo maalum kwa ajili ya kusaidia watu wa kabila la Wadzabe nasema tutashirikiana na wenyewe Wabunge wanaotoka katika maeneo haya ili tuone uwezekano wa kuwa na chombo hicho na Serikali iko tayari kusaidiana nao na kuweza kuhakikisha kwamba wanapata maendeleo lakini wanadumisha mila zao.

Pili, kuhusu Serikali kusaidia Wadzabe waliopo katika maeneo ya Meatu ili waweze kufaidika na kampuni inayofanya uwindaji. Ni kweli kabisa makampuni yanayofanya uwindaji kupitia programu ya *Wildlife Management Area* wanakuwa na jukumu la kusaidia kutoa huduma mbalimbali za kijamii lakini vile vile watu wa maeneo hayo wanaweza kupata fursa za utalii wa kitamaduni yaani *Ecol Tourism*. Kwa hiyo, tutashirikiana na Wizara inayohusika, Wizara ya Maliasili na Utalii ili kuona kwamba kampuni hiyo inayofanya shughuli za uwindaji sehemu za Meatu zinasaidia jamii ya Wadzabe walioko katika eneo hilo. Nashukuru sana.

WAZIRI WA NCHI, OFISI YA RAIS, UTAWALA BORA: Ahsante Mheshimiwa Spika, kwanza lazima nikiri maelezo ya Naibu Waziri ya kina na ni mazuri sana. Pamoja na maelezo hayo, Wabunge na wananchi wangependa zaidi rekodi sahihi kuhusu Wadzabe kwamba Wadzabe wanakaa katika vijiji ambavyo vimeandikishwa na vina hatimiliki. Vijiji ambavyo wanyamapori wanahifadhiwa. (*Makofi*)

Kwa bahati mbaya sana wenzetu walioko Dar es Salaam na Arusha hawawafahamu vizuri Wadzabe na maisha yao hata wakati mwingine kama jana juzi na wanaonyesha picha za Wabarabeig badala ya picha za Wadzabe na ni watu wenye heshima kubwa wanaopigania haki za binadamu ambao wanashindwa kutofautisha baina ya wakazi wa Laeda ambapo Wadzabe wanakaa wakiwa ni pamoja na Wabarbaeig.

Mheshimiwa Spika, yanayoandikwa sasa ni mambo yanayosikitisha kwa sababu kuna wafanyabiashara hasa makampuni ya kitalii, wangependa Wadzabe wabaki walivyo ili wapigwe picha wakiwa katika hali duni sana. Tunaomba wenzetu wa mashirika yasiyo ya Kiserikali watuunge mkono tuinue hadhi na maisha ya Wadzabe bila kudhalilisha utu wao. Ahsante Mheshimiwa Spika. (*Makofi*)

Na. 36

Hifadhi ya Pori la Mkomazi

MHE. ANNE K. MALECELA aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa pori la Hifadhi ya Mkomazi ni sehemu ya vivutio vya Halmashauri ya Wilaya ya Same; na kwa kuwa ndani ya pori hilo kuna mzungu aitwaye Tony Fitjohn anayeishi humo kwa muda mrefu sasa:-

(a) Je, Serikali inaweza kutoa picha kamili kwa wananchi wa Tanzania kuhusu huyo mzungu kwamba anaishi ndani ya Hifadhi kama mwekezaji au mmilikishwaji na shughuli zake hasa zimeleaga nini ndani ya pori hilo?

(b) Kama Bwana Tony Fitjohn anaishi kama mwekezaji je, mkataba wake ulianza lini na utakoma lini?

(c) Tangu Bwana Tony Fitjohn aanze kuishi katika Pori la Hifadhi ya Mkomazi, je, Serikali imeingiza mapato kiasi gani mwaka hadi mwaka na Halmashauri ya Wilaya ya Same imefaidika vipi na mapato hayo?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA MALIASILI NA UTALII aliuliza:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Anne Kilango Malecela, Mbunge wa Same Mashariki, lenye sehemu (a), (b) na (c) kwa pamoja kama ifuatavyo:-

Bwana Tony Fitjohn ambaye anaishi ndani ya Pori la Hifadhi ya Mkomazi siyo mwekezaji bali ni mwezesaji katika masuala ya uhifadhi endelevu ambaye ni Mkurugenzi wa Shirika lisilo la Kiserikali liitwalo *Wildlife Preservation Trust Fund (WPTF)* au kwa lugha ya Kiswahili Mfuko wa Udhadini wa Ulinzi wa Wanyamapori. Fedha za kuendesha Shirika hili zinatokana na michango kutoka matawi ya kimataifa ya *George Adamson Wildlife Preservation Trust Fund* yaliyopo nchini Uingereza, Marekani, Uholanzi na Ujerumani.

Mheshimiwa Spika, Mfuko wa Udhadini wa Ulinzi wa Wanyamapori ulikaribishwa na Serikali mwaka 1989 kusaidia kutekeleza malengo yafuatayo kwa pori la Hifadhi ya Mkomazi:-

(i) Kukarabati Pori la Mkomazi kwa kuweka miundombinu.

(ii) Kuendesha programu ya kupandikiza Faru Weusi na Mbwa Mwitu, wanyama ambao wako katika hatari ya kutoweka duniani na ambao walikuwa wametoweka kabisa katika eneo hilo.

(iii) Kuendesha programu za ushirikishwaji jamii katika vijiji vinavyozunguka Pori la Hifadhi ya Mkomazi.

Mheshimiwa Spika, Bwana Tony Fitjohn hajaiingizia Serikali mapato yoyote tangu aanze kuishi ndani ya Pori la Mkomazi. Hata hivyo, amefanya kazi kwa kila lengo lililokusudiwa na Serikali ikiwa ni pamoja na:-

(i) Kukarabati Pori la Mkomazi kwa kuweka miundombinu, kufanya matengenezo na kuweka barabara mpya ndani ya Pori, kusafisha mipaka, kutoa vifaa kwa menejimenti ya Pori.

(ii) Kuendesha programu ya kurudishia faru, wanyama walio katika hatari ya kutoweka duniani. Ujenzi na usimamizi wa eneo la kuhifadhia Faru (*Rhino Sanctuary*) ndani ya Pori la Akiba la Mkomazi lenye ukubwa wa kilometa za mraba 45 na ununuzi wa faru wanne mwaka 1997 na kisha wengine wanne mwaka 2001. Kati ya hao faru, faru wawili wamezaa watoto jike na dume.

(iii) Uzalishaji wa mbwa mwitu na kurudisha wanyama hao; utafiti wa magonjwa na uzalishaji kwa msaada kutoka Vyuo Vikuu vya Utrecht, Groningen na Rotterdam, Uholanzi. Hivi sasa wapo mbwa mwitu sitini kwenye vituo vitano ndani ya pori.

(iv) Kuendesha programu za ushirikishwaji jamii katika vijiji vinavyozunguka Pori la Hifadhi ya Mkomazi.

Napenda kuliarifu Bunge lako Tukufu kuwa Hifadhi ya Pori la Mkomazi lipo katika matayarisho ya kuwa Hifadhi ya Taifa hivi karibuni. Hifadhi hiyo ya Taifa tarajiwa ya Mkomazi inategemewa kuunganisha mapori ya sasa ya Mkomazi Mkoani Kilimanjaro na Umba Mkoani Tanga. Hadi sasa Mkoa wa Kilimanjaro umeshatoa ridhaa ya kupandisha hadhi ya Pori la Mkomazi liwe Hifadhi ya Taifa. Kinachosubiriwa sasa ni ridhaa kama hiyo kutoka Mkoa wa Tanga kwa ajili ya Pori la Umba. Ridhaa hiyo inategemewa kutolewa kupitia kikao cha *RCC*. (*Makofi*)

MHE. ANNE K. MALECELA: Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba kuuliza maswali mawili ya nyongeza, kwa kuwa majibu niliyopewa na Serikali ni majibu anayotoa Bwana Tony Fitjohn yeye mwenyewe kupitia *website* yake ambayo mimi nimeingia na ku-*print* kila kitu. Lakini si kwamba kila atakachosema ndicho anachotenda, naomba kuuliza swali.

Kwa kuwa hifadhi ya mbuga za wanyama Mkomazi inazidi kushuka hadhi; na kwa kuwa wanyama waliokuwepo pale sasa wanasogea na kwenda Mbuga ya jirani ya Savo ambayo ni ya nchi jirani, je, Serikali imefanya utafiti wa kina haswa na kujua kwa nini wanyama wanatoka huku kwetu, wakati Tony anaishi pale ndani na wanahamia mbuga ya jirani ambayo iko nchi ya Kenya?

Mheshimiwa Spika, swali la pili Watanzania tuna tatizo moja la kuamini watu weupe na mara kwa mara tumekuwa tunapata hasara na tunakuwa tumeshachelewa, sasa naomba kuuliza, ndani ya mbuga na ndani pori lile kuna uwanja wa ndege ambao ndege inaingia na kutoka, ndege ya Tony inaingia na kutoka wakati wowote, je, Serikali imeweka udhibiti gani haswa wa kuona ndege ile inapoingia inaondoka na vitu gani kutoka kwenye pori lile kubwa lenye rasilimali nyingi sana? Naomba majibu kutoka Serikalini.

SPIKA: Kabla Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri hajajibu, sijui Mheshimiwa Anna Malecela, wewe ni mweupe au maji ya kunde? (*Kicheko/Makofi*)

NAIBU WAZIRI WA MALIASILI NA UTALII: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa amesema majibu yanatolewa na Serikali ni yale majibu yanapatikana katika *website* ya Ndugu Tony Fitjohn na sisi ndio hayo tunayatoa.

Pamoja na kwamba anatoa majibu yake katika *website*, lakini vile vile Serikali inafuatilia katika pori, meneja wa pori ambaye yuko katika hilo pori, kwa hiyo pia taarifa tunazipata kutoka kwa meneja pori la Mkomazi, na vile vile idara ya wanyamapori pia inafika kwa wanyamapori na kufanya utafiti. Ni kawaida kwamba siku hizi huu utamaduni wa kuwa na *website* zinakuwepo, ili kila anayeshughulika anatoa taarifa yake na kuhusu utafiti kwamba wanyama wamepungua katika pori la Mkomazi, kusema kweli wanyama wameongezeka, kama nilivyosema katika jibu langu la msingi kwamba wanyama faru, walikuwa wametoweka kabisa katika pori la Mkomazi, Mbwa Mwitu, walikuwa wametoweka kabisa katika pori la Mkomazi lakini sasa tunao faru 10 katika pori la Mkomazi na tunao Mbwa Mwitu 60 katika pori la Mkomazi. Hata hivyo ni kweli kwamba baadhi ya wanyama wanatoka pori la Savo kuja pori la Mkomazi na wengine wanatoka pori la Mkomazi kwenda pori la Savo. Wanyama hawajui mipaka ya nchi.

Mheshimiwa Spika, samahani pia kulikuwa kuna swali kwamba katika pori hilo kuna uwanja wa ndege, ni kweli kuna kiwanja cha ndege, katika mapori yetu mengi ya hifadhi kuna viwanja vya ndege kwa ajili matumizi ya usafiri, kwa hivyo, kile kiwanja kwa uhakika kiko pale kwa sababu za msingi za usafiri na si vinginevyo.

MHE. CHACHA Z. WANGWE: Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa kuwa Serikali inaruhusu wazungu kama Tony Fitjohn kuishi na kufanya shughuli zao ndani ya hifadhi na shughuli ambazo haziiingizii Serikali mapato yoyote, ningependa kufahamu ni kwa nini dakika hii tunavyozungumza hapa, ng'ombe wa wananchi wa Tarime 174 na mbuzi 182 na kondoo 74 zinashikiliwa katika.... (*Kicheko*)

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, hapa tunazungumzia wanyamapori, ng'ombe sio wanyamapori. (*Kicheko*)

Na. 37

Kuwasaidia Akinamama Wakulima wa Mwani

MHE. KIUMBWA MAKAME MBARAKA aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa ukulima wa Mwani ni kitega uchumi kwa Taifa letu na asilimia kubwa ya wanaolima zao hilo ni wanawake; na kwa kuwa mradi huo hauna tija yoyote kwa wanawake kwa kuwa bei si nzuri hata kidogo:-

Je, Serikali itawasaidia vipi akinamama hao ili wapate kupunguza ukali wa maisha?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA MALIASILI NA UTALII alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, kabla sijajibu swali la Mheshimiwa Kiumbwa Makame Mbaraka, Mbunge Viti Maalum, napenda kutoa maelezo mafupi kuhusu biashara ya kilimo cha Mwani hapa nchini kama ifuatavyo:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, kilimo cha Mwani kilianza hapa Tanzania miaka ya 1980 kufuatia matokeo ya utafiti wa wanasayansi wa Tanzania wakiongozwa na Profesa Keto Mshigeni wa Chuo Kikuu cha Dar es Salaam, hadi sasa wapo wakulima zaidi ya 3000 Tanzania Bara wengi wao wakiwa ni wanawake.

Mheshimiwa Spika, ukulima wa Mwani umekuwa ukiendelea kukua katika maeneo ya ukanda wa bahari ya Hindi kwenye Mikoa ya Pwani, Tanga, Mtwara na Lindi. Takwimu za mwaka 2004 zinaonyesha kuwa uzalishaji wa Mwani zi zaidi ya tani 1,500 kwa mwaka.

Mheshimiwa Spika, mafunzo yaliyofanywa na Wizara ya Maliasili na Utalii yamebainisha na kutambua kwamba kilimo hicho kina faida kwa wakulima husika hasa baada ya kupata maelezo kutoka kwa wakulima kwamba wengi wao hawakuwa na shughuli yoyote iliyokuwa ikiwapa kipato kabla ya kuanza kilimo cha Mwani. Aidha, wakulima hao waliweza pia kutoa maelezo ya matumizi ya fedha hizo kwa maendeleo ya familia na hata jamii.

Mheshimiwa Spika, baada ya maelezo haya napenda kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Kiumbwa Makame Mbaraka, Mbunge wa Viti Maalum, kama ifuatavyo:-

(a) Jukumu kubwa la Serikali ni kuzidi kueleemisha wakulima husika kulima na kuvuna Mwani mwingi wenye kukidhi ubora. Aidha, Wizara yangu imeweka mikakati ya kuendeleza kilimo cha Mwani ikiwa ni pamoja na kuhakikisha mikataba kati ya wakulima wa Mwani na wanunuzi wa zao hilo inaheshimiwa na pande zote.

(ii) Aidha, Serikali inawahamasisha na kushawishi wakulima wa Mwani kujiunga na vyama vya ushirika wa akiba na mikopo (*SACCOS*) ili wafaidike na mikopo kupitia katika uwezeshaji wa Serikali na watumie mikopo hiyo kujinunulia pembejeo zao badala ya kutegemea mikopo ya pembejeo kutoka kwa wawekezaji. Hii itawapa nguvu wakulima katika kupanga bei badala ya hali ya sasa ya kupangiwa bei na wanunuzi wa zao hilo. Wizara yangu itashirikiana na Halmashauri za Wilaya husika katika kuhimiza uundwaji na uandikishwaji wa vyama hivyo vya wakulima wa mwani.

Mheshimiwa Spika, Wizara yangu inamshukuru Mheshimiwa Mbunge kuliuliza suala hili zuri. Aidha, tunazishauri Halmashauri za Wilaya na Waheshimiwa Wabunge wahimize kilimo bora cha Mwani na kuhakikisha kuwa mikakati ya kuendeleza kilimo hicho ni pamoja na kujiwezesha kupata mikopo ya kununulia pembejeo na kujikwamua kutokana na mikopo ya wanunuzi yenye riba za juu sana. (*Makofi*)

MHE. ABDULKARIM E. H. SHAH: Mheshimiwa Spika, nakushukuru kwa kunipa fursa hii ya kuuliza swali dogo la nyongeza. Kwa kuwa katika moja ya sehemu inayolima Mwani kwa wingi ni Wilaya ya Mafia na bahati nzuri Wizara ya Maliasili ya Utalii mwaka 2003 iliwahi kufanya mkutano wa pamoja wa wadau wa Wilaya zote

zinazolima Mwani Tanzania Bara na Visiwani na mkutano ulifanyika Bwawani, Zanzibar. Mategemeo ya mkutano huo ilikuwa ni kuboresha Mwani kwa kuongeza uzalishaji na kupandisha bei kwa ajili ya zao hilo. Lakini mpaka dakika hii zao la Mwani bei ni shilingi 100 mpaka 220 na kazi yake kubwa.

Sasa nauliza, je, Serikali baada ya kupitia kikao kile, nini madhumuni na mikakati gani zaidi ya kuhakikisha kwamba kutoka tani 1,500 zinazolimwa sasa hivi kutoka mwaka 1980 hadi leo zipo vile vile na wadau wanunuzi wa zao hilo wanasema itakapofika tani 2,500 watakuwa tayari kuanzisha kiwanda kitakachosindika zao hilo hapa hapa na kuongeza bei kwa zao. Je, Serikali ina mpango gani wa kuimarisha zao hilo ili tija iweze kuongezeka kwa wakulima hao?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA MALIASILI NA UTALII: Mheshimiwa Spika, ni kweli Wizara ya Maliasili na Utalii ilifanya mkutano mwaka 2003, ikawashirikisha wakulima wote wa Mwani Tanzania Bara, Zanzibar pamoja na wawekezaji na lengo kwa kweli ilikuwa kuboresha ulimaji wa Mwani, ili mkulima wa Mwani aweze kupata tija katika kilimo cha Mwani, ni muhimu awe na kamba zaidi ya 90 zenye urefu wa zaidi ya mita mia mbili kwa kila kamba, ndipo kwa kweli uzalishaji utakuwa na tija. Mpaka sasa wakulima wetu wengi wanaozalisha Mwani wanatumia kamba chini ya 90 na zenye urefu chini ya mita 20. Kwa hiyo, naomba kwa kupitia Bunge lako Tukufu nitoe wito kwa walimaji wa Mwani kuzingatia kwanza ubora wa Mwani na kuzingatia kiwango cha kuzidisha kamba 90 zenye urefu zaidi ya mita 20 kila Kamba. *(Makofi)*

Kuhusu bei, mpaka sasa wawekezaji hao wao ndio wanatoa bado pembejeo kwa wakulima, nimejibu katika swali la msingi kwamba ni vema wakulima wa Mwani waanzishe vyama vya ushirika vya kuweka na kukopa ili waweze kujinunulia pembejeo zao wenyewe na hata hivyo Serikali bado inaendelea kushughulikia suala la kuongeza bei ya huu Mwani. Wawekezaji wako tayari kuweka viwanda vya kutengeneza mazao kutokana na Mwani, lakini kwa kuwa bado Mwani unaozalishwa ni mchache, ili kiwanda kiweze kujiendesha kibiashara ni muhimu pawe na zaidi ya tani 7,000 kwa mwaka ndipo viwanda hivi vitaweza kuanzishwa. *(Makofi)*

Na. 38

Kiwanja cha Michezo - Moshi Mjini

MHE. PHILEMON NDESAMBURO aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa kiwanja cha michezo Moshi maarufu kwa jina la *Memorial Stadium* kilianza kujengwa kwa zaidi ya miaka 20 iliyopita na wananchi wa mkoa walichangishwa fedha ambazo yamkini zingeweza kujenga kiwanja hicho kufikia kiwango cha kuweza kutumika kwa michezo ya humu humu nchini na kuipatia Serikali mapato; na kwa kuwa katika mchakato wa ujenzi wa kiwanja hicho wananchi walipewa nafasi ya kumiliki vyumba vya biashara katika uwanja huo kwa sharti la kujenga ukuta kwa sehemu kubwa ya ukuta wa uzio wa uwanja huo; na kwa kuwa eneo la uwanja huo ni kubwa kuliko eneo lolote la uwanja wowote ulioko Tanzania na kwamba uwanja huo umesanifiwa kuweza

kutumika kwa michezo mingi na kukamilika kwake kutasaidia sana kuendeleza michezo katika mkoa wa Kilimanjaro na kwa kanda nzima ya Kaskazini ambayo haina uwanja mkubwa wenye hadhi ya Kimataifa:-

(a) Je, Serikali ina mpango gani wa kukiendeleza kiwanja hicho na kukifanya kiwe cha kisasa?

(b) Je, Serikali haioni kuwa kwa kutokijenga na kukifanya kiwanja hicho kitumike inadhoofisha nguvu za wananchi zilizotumika katika ujenzi wa awali?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA HABARI, UTAMADUNI NA MICHEZO (MHE. JOEL N. BENDERA) alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Philemon Ndesamburo, Mbunge wa Moshi Mjini, lenye sehemu (a) na (b) kwa pamoja kama ifuatavyo:-

Kuanzia miaka ya 1970, mikoa kwa kuhamasisha wananchi, imekuwa ikijenga viwanja katika ngazi za Mikoa na Wilaya. Pale wananchi walipohamasishwa vizuri na usimamizi wa rasilimali (fedha na watu) zikatumika vizuri, kumekuwa na matokeo mazuri kwani vipo viwanja vizuri vinavyotumika kwa maendeleo ya Mikoa na Wilaya husika. Viwanja vilivyoko Mikoani na Wilayani, cha Moshi kikiwa kimojawapo, imekamilika katika viwango tofauti kutegemeana na jitihada za mkoa au wilaya husika. Aidha, Mikoa ambayo viwanja vyake havijakamilika inaendelea kukamilisha na mingine inafanya ukarabati ili viwe viwango vya Kitaifa na Kimataifa.

Napenda kusisitiza kuwa viwanja vya mikoa vinajengwa kwa nguvu za mikoa yenyewe na siyo Serikali. Serikali mpaka sasa inajihusisha na ujenzi wa eneo Changamani (*complex ground*) lililoko Dar es Salaam ambapo vinajengwa viwanja vya Taifa na Kimataifa.

Mheshimiwa Spika, ili kuukamilisha uwanja wa Moshi, ninawashauri viongozi wa Mkoa wa Kilimanjaro, akiwemo Mheshimiwa Mbunge wa Moshi Mjini wafanye tathmini ya kilichotokea na wajipange upya, wajenge uwanja wa kumbukumbu ya Mashujaa (*Heroes Memorial Stadium*) kwa faida na maendeleo ya wananchi wa Mkoa wa Kilimanjaro. (*Makofi*)

MHE. SAID AMOUR ARFI: Mheshimiwa Spika, nakushukuru kwa kunipa nafasi ya kuuliza swali la nyongeza. Kwa sababu ya umuhimu wa viwanja hivi ambavyo vimesambaa katika nchi nzima, vingi vikiwa havijakamilika kama hicho cha Moshi, viwanja hivi ni vya wananchi, lakini mmiliki aliyepewa ameshindwa kuviendeleza, Serikali inasema nini kuvikamilisha kiwanja cha Ali Hassan Mwinyi na kiwanja cha *Lake Tanganyika* kule Kigoma?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA HABARI, UTAMADUNI NA MICHEZO (MHE. JOEL N. BENDERA): Mheshimiwa Spika, ni kweli alichosema kwamba viwanja vingi kikiwemo Ali Hassan Mwinyi - Tabora, CCM Kilumba - Mwanza, Kamabarage -

Shinyanga, Jamhuri - Dodoma, *Lake Tanganyika*, Majimaji na viwanja vingine, hivi ni viwanja ambavyo vimejengwa na wananchi wenyewe kwa kuhamasishwa. Ni jukumu la kila Mkoa au kila Wilaya kuendelea kuhamasisha wananchi wake viwanja hivyo wavikamilishe. Sisi kama Serikali katika sera tunao mkakati na tunayo idara maalum ya miundombinu ya viwanja inayosaidia kukarabati viwanja na kiutaalam hasa kuifanya ili viwe na hali nzuri kiutaalam.

Kwa hiyo, ni ombi langu na niiombe mikoa yote ambayo wana viwanja hivi ikiwemo ambavyo amevizungumza Mheshimiwa Mbunge vya *Lake Tanganyika*, wananchi wajipange upya, kuna baraza la *RCC* wakae ili waweze kuweka mkakati kuwa ni *project* mojawapo katika mkoa au wilaya kujenga viwanja. Lakini tukitegemea Serikali ijenge kila kiwanja, kujenga kiwanja ni ghali sana, mfano kiwanja ambacho kinajengwa Dar es Salaam sasa hivi cha Taifa, gharama yake ni bilioni 65 aina ya viwanja vile, kwa hiyo, ni ghali sana kujenga kiwanja, lakini kama Mkoa utajipanga na Wilaya watajipanga, Serikali itaingilia kati kusaidia, ikiwa tayari wao wameshaanza.

MHE. GRACE S. KIWELU: Mheshimiwa Spika, ahsante kwa kunipa nafasi ya kuuliza swali dogo la nyongeza. Katika majibu ya Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri, amejibu kwamba viwanja hivi vilijengwa kwa nguvu ya wananchi, lakini katika Bunge lililopita walisema viwanja vinamilikiwa na Chama cha Mapinduzi, kwa nini viwanja hivi visiwe mali ya wananchi wote wa Tanzania? (*Makofi*)

NAIBU WAZIRI WA HABARI, UTAMADUNI NA MICHEZO (MHE. JOEL N. BENDERA): Mheshimiwa Spika, ni kweli nilizungumza na ukweli ulivyo kwamba viwanja hivi vyote, mwenye hatimiliki ni Chama cha Mapinduzi, lakini matumizi ya viwanja hivi ni vya wananchi wote. (*Makofi*)

Na. 39

Hali ya Utamaduni wa Tanzania

MHE. AME PANDU AME aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa kila nchi duniani ina utamaduni wake; na kwa kuwa utamaduni ni kielelezo cha kila nchi duniani:-

(a) Je, utamaduni wetu wa Tanzania unamomonyoka au unaimarika?

(b) Kama utamaduni wetu unamomonyoka, je, Serikali haioni kuwa ipo haja ya kuuimarisha?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA HABARI, UTAMADUNI NA MICHEZO (MHE. DANIEL N. NSANZUGWANKO) alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa niaba ya Waziri wa Habari, Utamaduni na Michezo, naomba kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Ame Pandu Ame, Mbunge wa Nungwi, lenye sehemu (a) na (b) kama ifuatavyo:-

(a) Nakubaliana na Mheshimiwa Mbunge kwamba kila nchi duniani ina utamaduni wake na kwamba utamaduni ni kielelezo cha kila nchi duniani.

Mheshimiwa Spika, ningependa kumfahamisha Mheshimiwa Mbunge kinachomomonyoka sio utamaduni, bali kwa kiasi fulani ni maadili ambayo ni taratibu zinazokubalika ndani ya jamii kwamba zinafaa kufuatwa.

(b) Mheshimiwa Spika, Serikali kupitia Idara yake Maendeleo ya Utamaduni imejizatiti katika kutoa elimu kuhusu amali mbalimbali za utamaduni wetu na kuhamasisha hasa vijana juu ya maadili mema, utu bora, kujitambua, kujithamini na kuthamini kilicho chao. Aidha, Idara ya Maendeleo ya Utamaduni imekuwa ikihimiza ufundishaji wa masomo ya fani za sanaa, maarifa, uraia na historia ya nchi yetu kuanzia elimu ya msingi hadi vyuoni ili kuwajengea vijana misingi imara ya utamaduni, utaiifa na uzalendo.

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa kumalizia ningependa kutoa wito ufuatao:-

(i) Kwanza kabisa, kwa wazazi na wananchi wote hapa nchini; lazima waone umuhimu wa kutambua kwamba ni jukumu la kila mtu kutoa malezi bora kwa watoto na vijana wetu. Hivyo jukumu la kulinda na kuenzi utamaduni wetu lianzie ngazi ya familia.

(ii) Pili, napenda pia kutoa wito kwa vyombo vya habari vyote hapa nchini, visaidie katika kutoa elimu ya maadili mema kwa jamii yetu.

MHE. YAHYA KASSIM ISSA: Mheshimiwa Spika, nakushukuru sana kwa kunipa nafasi hii kwa kuwa suala la maadili linaanza toka nyumbani ambako mtoto analelewa, lakini hivi sasa kutokana na hali ya mwenendo inafikia hali mtoto yule kufikia hadi kushitaki na mzee kushitakiwa kwamba wakati anamrekebisha mtoto wake, je, hali hii utahisi kwamba kweli watoto wetu wanaweza kupata maadili?

SPIKA: Nilipenda pia nitamke kwamba Mheshimiwa Daniel Nsanzugwank,o ni mpya katika Wizara hiyo. *(Makofi)*

NAIBU WAZIRI WA HABARI, UTAMADUNI NA MICHEZO (MHE. DANIEL N. NSANZUGWANKO): Mheshimiwa Spika, nashukuru, tunapozungumza kwamba maadili kwamba yaanzie kwenye familia ni utamaduni wa kawaida tu kwamba katika jamii za kiafrika, malezi ya mtoto yanaanzia kwenye familia.

Mheshimiwa Spika, sasa hii dhana kwamba mtoto anaweza kumshitaki baba kwa makosa kadha wa kadha, hayo ni maendeleo na hali inatukumbusha kwamba kinababa na akinamama tuna haki, tunahaja kabisa ya kuheshimu haki y a watoto wakiwa katika familia zetu.

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa hiyo nafikiri ni hoja ya msingi tu kwamba familia, baba na mama tuendeleo kuheshimu haki za watoto hawa ambao pamoja na hayo kwamba tumewazaa lakini wana haki zao za msingi ambazo zimetamkwa katika matamko mbalimbali ya Kimataifa.

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa hiyo Mheshimiwa Yahya Kassim Issa, suala la kuheshimu maadili ya watoto ni suala la msingi sana katika familia zetu. (*Makofi*)

Na. 40

Ufufuaji wa Vyama vya Msingi

MHE. ALOYCE B. KIMARO aliuliza:-

Kwa kuwa ushirika ni chombo muhimu cha kupambana na umaskini kwa kuunganisha nguvu za wananchi:-

(a) Je, Serikali inachukua hatua gani za kufufua Vyama vya Misingi katika Jimbo la Vunjo na nchi nzima kwa ujumla ili viendane sawa sawa na uanzishwaji wa *SACCOS*?

(b) Je, *KNCU* inafanya biahsara kwa faida; na kama inapata faida ni kiasi gani na Serikali imechukua hatua gani?

(c) Je, tunavyo vyama vingapi vya mikoa, na je, vinafanya kazi kwa faida, na kama vinapata hasara ni kiasi gani cha hasara hiyo na kama vinapata faida ni kiasi gani cha faida hiyo?

NAIBU WAZIRI WA KILIMO, CHAKULA NA USHIRIKA (MHE. DR. DAVID MATHAYO DAVID) alijibu:-

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa niaba ya Waziri wa Kilimo, Chakula na Ushirika, napenda kujibu swali la Mheshimiwa Aloyce Kimaro, Mbunge wa Vunjo, lenye sehemu (a), (b) na (c) kama ifuatavyo:-

(a) Mheshimiwa Spika, nakubaliana na Mheshimiwa Aloyce Kimaro, kwamba Ushirika ni chombo muhimu katika kuunganisha pamoja nguvu za wananchi kwa lengo la kuondoa umaskini na kuinua hali zao za kiuchumi na kijamii.

Mheshimiwa Spika, baada ya kubaini kuwa Ushirika nchini umezorota na haukidhi mahitaji ya wanachama na wananchi kwa ujumla Serikali katika jitihada zake za kufufua, kuimarisha na kuendeleza Ushirika Serikali imefanya mambo yafuatayo:-

(i) Imeboresha Sera ya Maendeleo ya Ushirika, imeweka Sheria mpya ya Vyama vya Ushirika na Kanuni zake;

(ii) Imerekebisha Sheria ya Shirika la Uchaguzi na Usimamizi wa Vyama vya Ushirika (*COASCO*);

(iii) Imepandisha hadhi ya Chuo cha Ushirika Moshi kuwa Chuo Kikuu cha Ushirika na Stadi za Biashara kwa lengo la kuimarisha usimamizi na elimu katika Vyama vya Ushirika vya aina zote nchini; na

(iv) Serikali kwa kushirikiana na wadau a Ushirika imeanzisha programu kabambe ya mageuzi na modenaizesheni ya Ushirika nchini (*The Cooperative Reform and Modernization Program-CRMP*) ambao ni mpango mkakati wa utekelezaji wa Sera ya Maendeleo ya Ushirika ya mwaka 2002 unalenga katika kuondoa matatizo sugu yanayokwamisha maendeleo ya ushirika nchini na kuwezesha kuwa na mfumo wa ushirika ambao msingi wake ni wanachama katika Vyama vya Ushirika vya Msingi na kuwa na Viongozi wa Ushirika wanaowajibika kwa wanachama na ambao ni wabunifu kibiashara. Pia kwa nia ya uhamasishaji, uanzishaji Vyama vya Ushirika vya Msingi imara na vinavyojibu mahitaji ya kiuchumi ya wananchi wake.

(b) Mheshimiwa Spika, katika kipindi cha miaka mitatu ya 2003 hadi 2005 Hesabu zilizokaguliwa na Chama Kikuu cha Ushirika cha *KNCU* zinaonesha kuwa mwaka 2003 chama kilipata hasara ya shilingi 331,326,620.00, mwaka 2004 kilipata faida ya shilingi 146,880,139.00 na mwaka 2005 kilipata faida ya shilingi 319,495,422.00. Mwelekeo huu unaonyesha kuendelea kuimarisha kwa shughuli za chama kunakotokana na juhudi za serikali za kuimarisha Ushirika nchini.

(c) Mheshimiwa Spika, muundo wa Vyama Vikuu vya Ushirika nchini haulazimishi vyama hivyo kuwa vya Mikoa au Wilaya bali maeneo yake hutegemea aina ya shughuli inayofanyika. Hadi tarehe 30 Juni, 2006, vilikuwepo Vyama Vikuu vya Ushirika 35 ambapo kwa mujibu wa hesabu zilizokaguliwa za mwaka 2004, Vyama Vikuu tisa kati ya hivyo vilipata faida, Vyama hivyo ni *NCU* cha Kagera, *KNCU* cha Kilimanjaro, *WETCU* cha Tabora, *CETCU* cha Singida, *RIVACU* cha Manyara, *ISAYULA* cha Mbeya, *TDCU* cha Tanga, Usambara cha Tanga na *KACU* cha Shinyanga. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa kuwa orodha inayoonyesha kiasi kamili cha faida au hasara kwa vyama vyote ni ndefu, naomba niwasilishe kwa Mheshimiwa Mbunge kwa maandishi. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, kama ilivyoeleza katika kipengele (a) cha jibu langu, Serikail kupitia Wizara yangu itaendelea kusimamia mageuzi ndani ya Ushirika ili kupambana na matatizo sugu yanayokwamisha maendeleo ya ushirika nchini kwa kusimamia Sera ya Ushirika na Sheria ya Vyama vya Ushirika ya mwaka 2003 ambayo inaweza kusisitiza kwenye suala la ukaguzi wa mara kwa mara wa Vyama vya Ushirika pamoja na kuwa na uongozi imara unaowajibika. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, muda wa maswali umekwisha lakini ninayo matangazo yafuatayo: Kwanza ni wageni. Ninafurahi kuwatambulisha wageni wa Mheshimiwa Omar Sheha Mussa, kutoka Zanzibar. Hakuwataja ni wageni wa aina gani kama ni Madiwani lakini basi nawaomba wasimame pale walipo, wala hawapo sasa. (*Makofi/Kicheko*)

Waheshimiwa Wabunge, naomba niwatambulishe kwenu Wanafunzi wa Shule ya Sekondari kutoka Jimbo la Busega ambao ni wageni wa Mheshimiwa Dr. Rapahel Chegeni wanaongozwa na Bwana Msoka na Bwana Ibambasi, ni wanafunzi 26 kutoka Busega na walimu wao wawili na pia wana wataalam wawili kutoka nje wanaitwa Kitt na Ruth naomba wasimame, karibuni sana. *(Makofi)*

Particular thanks to Ruth and Kitt who are doing volunteer work in our country, we are grateful for your work here in Tanzania, please sit down. (Makofi)

Natumaini Mheshimiwa Anne Kilango Malecela, hatasema tena nawathamini watu weupe, nathamini kazi yao kwa sababu si rahisi vijana kama hawa kuja na kuishi katika mazingira yetu wakifanya kazi za kawaida kabisa miongoni mwa Watanzania. *(Makofi)*

Waheshimiwa Wabunge, wapo pia wanafunzi 40 kutoka katika shule ya Mwalimu J. K Nyerere, Dar es Salaam. Loh! hawa wamekuja kutoka mbali kweli kweli, lakini pia wanafunzi hawa wanao walimu wao, naomba wasimame wanafunzi hawa wa Mwalimu J. K Nyerere. Karibuni sana na tunawapongeza walimu kwa kuwaleta vijana kuona jinsi demokrasia ya nchi yetu inavyofanya kazi. Nitamke tu hapa kwamba kabla Naibu Waziri wa Elimu na Mafunzo ya Ufundi Mheshimiwa Mwantumu Mahiza hajaingia katika siasa ndiye aliyekuwa Mkuu wa Shule hiyo ya J.K Nyerere, ketini na ahsante sana. *(Makofi)*

Wapo pia wanachuo wa Chuo cha Ushirika Moshi, Spika na Katibu wa Bunge wa Bunge la Chuo ambao ni wageni wa Mheshimiwa Philemon Ndesamburo. Kwa hiyo, hawa nao wana utaratibu kamili wa kidemokrasia katika Chuo cha Ushirika Moshi, naomba wasimame lakini pia namwomba Spika mwenzangu apunge mkono kwanza ili aonekane na Katibu pia. Hongera sana ninyi mmeanza kufanyia mazoezi mambo haya karibuni miaka ijayo badala ya kukaa kwenye *gallery* mnaweza kuwa na fursa ya kuwa katika ukumbi hapa ndani kama Wabunge. *(Makofi)*

Wapo pia wageni wa Mheshimiwa Bujiku Sakila ambao hakutamka ni wageni wa aina gani lakini naomba wageni wa Mheshimiwa Bujiku Sakila popote walipo wasimame, ahsanteni na karibuni sana. *(Makofi)*

Tangazo lingine ni kwamba Waheshimiwa Wabunge ni kwamba kuna mwenzetu mmoja alikwenda Benki ya Taifa ya Biashara na akasahau nyaraka muhimu huko huko, nyaraka hizo kwa bahati nzuri zimeangukia mikononi mwa Mheshimiwa Manju Salum Omar Msambya, ambaye yupo tayari sasa kumrejeshea yeyote anayehusika. Lakini Mheshimiwa Manju Omar Msambya nadhani zina majina au pengine hazina majini lakini basi yeyote yule aliyepoteza nyaraka hizo anaweza kumwona Mheshimiwa Manju Salum Omar Msambya, kwa wakati muafaka. *(Makofi)*

Waheshimiwa Wabunge, ni vizuri nitamke hapa kwamba miongoni mwetu waliteuliwa Wabunge kuingia katika Kamati kuhusu maoni ya Shirikisho linalotarajiwa la Afrika Mashariki, Wabunge hao ni Mheshimiwa Pindi Hazara Chana, Mbunge wa Viti Maalum, CCM, Mheshimiwa Balozi Hamis Suedi Kagasheki, Mbunge wa Bukoba Mjini, Mheshimiwa Ali Ameir Mohamed, Mheshimiwa Khalifa Suleiman Khalifa, nimemruhusu leo Mheshimiwa Khalifa Suleiman Khalifa avae makobazi kwa sababu

anaumwa kidole. Kwa hiyo, mkimwona hivyo si kwamba anapendelewa, pole sana vinginevyo ungekuwa umevunja kanuni kwani kwa mavazi hayo ukivaa makobazi ungekuwa umevunja Kanuni, lakini nimekuruhusu na Mheshimiwa Kabwe Zuberi Zitto. Niliona ni vema niweke kwenye *record* kwa sababu wenzetu wanatuwakilisha katika zoezi maalum hili liliagizwa na Serikali. (*Makofi*)

Katibu, tuendeleo na hatua inayofuata.

UCHAGUZI WA WABUNGE WA BUNGE LA AFRIKA MASHARIKI

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA - KATIBU WA BUNGE: Uchaguzi wa Wabunge wa Bunge la Afrika Mashariki.

WAZIRI WA NCHI, OFISI YA WAZIRI MKUU (MHE. JUMA J. AKUKWETI): Muongozo wa Spika

SPIKA: Katibu hata mimi sikukusikia

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA - KATIBU WA BUNGE: Uchaguzi wa Wabunge wa Bunge la Afrika la Mashariki.

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, kwa kuwa zoezi hili litahusu watu wasio Wabunge waingie humu ndani lakini kwa mujibu wa Kanuni haiwezekani tukafanya hivyo bila kutengua Kanuni ili wageni waingie ndani ya Bunge kwa sababu watakapokuwa wanajitambulisha tayari watakuwa mbele yetu hapa kwenye Bunge. Sasa kwa mujibu wa Kanuni zetu lazima tutengue Kanuni ili hilo zoezi liweze kufanyika kwa ufanisi.

Pili, nitangaze kwamba pamoja na hayo kabla ya kupiga kura tutazingatia akidi kwa hiyo, itabidi tuhesabiwe, ningepomba sana utulivu Waheshimiwa Wabunge kwa sababu ikiwa akidi yetu kwa mujibu wa Katiba Ibara ya 94 kifungu kidogo cha kwanza ni nusu ya Wabunge. Kwa hiyo, kwa taratibu zetu zile za kwenda kunywa chai na kadhalika tusije tukashuka chini ya akidi ambayo ni nusu ya Waheshimiwa Wabunge, itakuwa zoezi zima haliwezi kuendelea kwa sababu hili ni zoezi la kupiga kura na kura zetu kwa ujumla wake zitakuwa zinafahamika na zitakuwa kwenye *record*, kwa hiyo zikiwa chini ya nusu hatutaweza kuendelea. Kwa hiyo, sasa namwomba Mheshimiwa Waziri wa Nchi, Ofisi ya Waziri Mkuu, aweze kutoa hoja ili tuweze kutengua Kanuni inayohusika kwa mujibu wa Kanuni ya 124.

HOJA YA KUTENGUA KANUNI YA KUWARUHUSU WAGOMBEA UBUNGE WA AFRIKA MASHARIKI KUIINGIA BUNGENI

WAZIRI WA NCHI, OFISI YA WAZIRI MKUU (MHE. JUMA J. AKUKWETI): Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa idhini yako naomba kutoa hoja kwamba Bunge hili liweze kuwaruhusu wagombea wa Ubunge wa Bunge la Afrika Mashariki waingie

katika Ukumbi huu wa Bunge maana wanaweza kuruhusiwa kukaa kwenye *gallery* lakini kuingia humu ndani ya Bunge ni lazima waombewe kibali maalum na kwamba zile Kanuni zinazozuia watu wa nje zitenguliwe. Kwa idhini yako naomba kutoa hoja kwamba watu hawa wa nje waweze kuruhusiwa kuingia humu ndani ya Bunge.

Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba kutoa hoja.

SPIKA: Kwa mujibu wa Kanuni ya 124, Bunge linaombwa sasa liweze kuwaruhusu wageni ambao wana shughuli maalumu kwa sababu hawa ni wagombea wetu tutakaowachagua kwenda kwenye Bunge la Afrika Mashariki na utaratibu unaruhusu tuwasikilize kwa hiyo, tuweze kuwaruhusu kuingia humu ndani. Kwa hiyo, hoja iliyo mbele yetu ambayo naomba muamue ni kwamba tutengue Kanuni kuruhusu wageni hao wainge ndani ya Bunge.

WAZIRI WA FEDHA: Mheshimiwa Spika, naafiki.

(Hoja ilitolewa iamuliwe)
(Hoja iliamuliwa na Kuafikiwa)

*(Kanuni ya kuruhusu wageni kuingia ukumbini
ilitenguliwa na Bunge)*

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA - KATIBU WA BUNGE: Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba nichukue nafasi hii kutoa taarifa kama msimamizi wa uchaguzi huu. Nafasi zinazogombewa na vyama ...

SPIKA: Katibu naomba utumie ile *mic* nyingine.

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA - KATIBU WA BUNGE: Kufuatia matakwa ya Kanuni ya 9(a) ya Kanuni ya Bunge ya mwaka 2004 ambazo ndizo zinazotumika kwa hivi sasa utaratibu umewekwa na Bunge hili Tukufu juu ya namna ya kuwapata Wabunge tisa wa Bunge la Jumuiya ya Afrika Mashariki kutoka Tanzania kwa mgawanyo ufuatao:-

Kundi A, wanawake wanaohitajika ni watatu, mmoja atoke Zanzibar, Kundi B, Tanzania Zanzibar wajumbe wanaotoka huko ni wawili, Kundi C, hili linagombewa na Upinzani nafasi ni moja, Kundi D, Tanzania Bara nafasi ni tatu. Kama inavyofafanuliwa katika aya ya 11(3) ya Jedwali la tatu la Kanuni za Bunge.

Namba B kwa sasa mchanganuo wa idadi ya Wabunge wa Bunge letu ni asilimia stahili ya viti kulingana na viti tisa vinavyohitajika ni kama ifuatavyo:-

Wabunge wa Upinzani waliopo humu ndani ni 45 ambayo ni sawa na 14.12% ya Wabunge wote, hawa wanastahili viti au kiti 1.2 kwa viti katika Jumuiya ya Afrika Mashariki.

Wabunge wanawake jumla yao ni 97 ambao ni sawa na 30% ya Wabunge wote hawa wanastahili viti 2.7, sasa hawa wametengewa viti vitatu.

Wabunge wa Zanzibar jumla yao ni 65 ambao ni sawa na 20.38% ya Wabunge wote na wanastahili viti au kiti kimoja 1.83% ambayo ni sawa sawa na viti viwili na Wabunge wa Tanzania Bara jumla yao ni 255 ambao ni sawa na 79.94% ya wabunge wote, hawa wangestahili viti 7 lakini wametengewa viti vitatu.

Mheshimiwa Spika, hadi kufikia saa 10 jioni tarehe 31 Oktoba 2006 ambayo ndiyo ilikuwa siku ya mwisho ya uteuzi nilikuwa nimepokea majina 30 ya wagombea kutoka Vyama vya CCM, CUF, CHADEMA, TLP na UDP. (*Makofi*)

Majina ya wagombea na makundi yao ni kama ifuatavyo, Kundi A ni hawa wafuatao, Maufudha Ali Hamid , Septuu Mohamed Nassor, Janeth Deo Mmari, Janeth Zebedayo Mbeni, Hulda Stanley Kibacha, Dr. Thereza Luoga Havisa, Slyvia Kate Kamba, Dr. Rose Lylian Maeda wote ni kundi A la Wanawake kutoka CCM.

Kundi la Tanzania Zanzibar yaani Kundi B ni hawa wafuatao, Remidius Kisassi, Dr. Said Gharib Billal, Isaac Abraham Sepetu, Abdallah Ali Hassan Mwinyi, Dr. Makame Ali Ussi na Nassoro Juma, wote kutoka CCM.

Kundi la Vyama vya Upinzani yaani Kundi C ni hawa wafuatao, Victoria Sarah Mwanjisi, TLP, Meja Jesse Jeremiah Makundi, TLP, Dr. Mutamwega B. Mugaiwa, TLP, Dr. Fortunatus Lyamtika Masha, UDP, Profesa Mwesiga Laurent Baregu, CHADEMA, Profesa Abdallah Jumbe Safari, CUF na Mohamed Abdallah Rahman Dedes, CUF.

Kundi D ni kundi la Tanzania Bara ni hawa wafuatao, Godlucky Joseph Ole Madee, Dr. Didas John Massaburi, Evod Mmanda Herman, Dr. George Francis Nangale, Profesa Samuel Mwita Wangwe, Dr. Norman Adamson Sigalla, Dr. Richard Simon Kasungu, Dr. Aman Walid Kaborou na Dr. Hadly Mpoki Mafenga kutoka CCM.

Mheshimiwa Spika, upigaji wa kura, kutakuwa na karatasi moja ya kura kwa kila kundi, karatasi hizo ambazo chini yake kuna maelezo ya idadi ya kura zinazotakiwa kupigwa kwa kuweka alama ya vema pembeni ya jina ambalo ndilo chaguo la mpigakura.

Wagombea watakuja mmoja mmoja kwa kufuata *alphabet* ili kujitambulisha, kujieleza na kuomba kura mbele ya Bunge kwa muda usiozidi dakika tano kama itakavyoelekezwa na Mheshimiwa Spika.

Mheshimiwa Spika, lugha itakayotumika ni ile ile itakayotumika katika Bunge la Jumuiya ya Afrika Mashariki yaani kiingereza. (*Makofi*)

Kundi moja likimaliza kujieleza kura zitapigwa na wagombea wa kundi linalofuata wataanza kujieleza.

Zoezi la kuhesabu kura litashuhudiwa na mawakala kwa aina na idadi itakayoainishwa na Mheshimiwa Spika.

Baada ya zoezi la kura kumalizika Bunge litasitishwa kwa muda utakaoamuliwa na Mheshimiwa Spika, labda kwa taarifa zaidi ni kwamba Waheshimiwa Wagombea tumewawekea chumba ambapo watakaa na huko watakuwa wanaitwa mmoja mmoja kama nilivyoeleza kuja kujieleza mbele yenu.

Hapa ni mwisho wa taarifa yangu kama msimamizi wa uchaguzi huu. *(Makofi)*

MHE. HAMAD RASHID MOHAMMED: Mwongozo wa Spika.

SPIKA: Subiri, tutakwenda taratibu nawahakikishieni uchaguzi utakuwa mzuri kwa hiyo wote tutulie. Ninayo ya kusema yafuatayo, kwanza, uchaguzi huu unaendeshwa kwa mujibu wa Kanuni ndogo tulizozitunga humu Bungeni kushughulikia uchaguzi wa Bunge la Afrika Mashariki na chini ya Kanuni ndogo hizo msimamizi mkuu wa zoezi zima la kupiga kura ni Spika chini ya kifungu kile cha 11(1)(1) *The Voting shall be conducted under the General Supervision of the Speaker.*

Lakini la msingi zaidi ni kwamba uchaguzi huu unaendeshwa Bungeni kwa ujumla utaendeshwa na Kanuni za Bunge kwa maana hiyo kadri tunavyokwenda maamuzi ya Spika yanalifunga Bunge, anayekuwa na tatizo afuate taratibu ni dhahiri kwamba watu wengine watataka kupata mwongozo wa Spika nami nitautoa kwa wakati muafaka lakini baada ya hapo nikishautoa mwongozo ndiyo tutaendelea.

Sasa anayeona haridhiki itabidi afuate Kanuni na kukata rufaa kwa Kamati ya Kanuni kama zinavyosema Kanuni zetu, sasa Kamati ya Kanuni chini ya Mheshimiwa Naibu Spika wakikaa pamoja ndiyo wanaweza kuamua kama mwongozo wa Spika ulikuwa sahihi au lah! Nitahadharishe tu kwamba katika hatua hiyo nadhani kura tutakuwa tumekwisha piga, kwa hiyo labda itasaidia kwa *record* baadaye. *(Makofi)*

La pili ninalotaka kusema ni kwamba hapa leo tunapiga kura kuwapata Wabunge tisa kutoka Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania watakao liwakilisha Bunge hili au nchi yetu katika Bunge la Afrika Mashariki kama alivyosema Katibu wa Bunge, uwiano wa kuwapata hao tisa umeelekezwa kutokana na ushindi wa kura kwa Wabunge ndani ya Bunge hili kwa mujibu wa Uchaguzi Mkuu wa mwaka 2005 na uwiano amekwisha utaja. *(Makofi)*

Kutokana na uwiano huo kundi la Upinzani linapeleka Mbunge mmoja na Chama cha Mapinduzi kinapeleka Wabunge nane, hakuna tafsiri yoyote nyingine ambayo itatulazimisha tuingie katika kubadili hilo, ni nje kabisa ya uwezo wa Bunge kwa sababu huo ndiyo uamuzi wa wananchi.

Kwa hiyo hakutakuwa na tafsiri ya makundi tofauti na hiyo kwa sababu dawa iko kwa wananchi na hapa ndivyo tulivyo basi uwiano uko hivyo hivyo kwa hiyo, ile tisa tunaigawa kwa mujibu wa jinsi wananchi walivyopiga kura. *(Makofi)*

Baada ya hayo niliona Mheshimiwa Hamad Rashid Mohamed ana hoja, kwa hiyo sasa namruhusu.

MHE. HAMAD RASHID MOHAMMED: Mheshimiwa Spika, nakushukuru sana. Kifungu cha 55(3) Mwongozo wa Spika.

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa mujibu wa tangazo alilotoa Katibu ambaye ndiye msimamizi wa uchaguzi huu na ndiye *Returning Officer*, chama changu kiliwasilisha majina matatu kugombea nafasi katika makundi mbalimbali kama ifuatavyo, jina la kwanza lilikuwa ni la Mheshimiwa Profesa Safari kwenye kundi la *Opposition*, pili ni Mheshimiwa Dedes katika kundi la Zanzibar na tatu ni Mheshimiwa Rekesh katika kundi la Bara ambaye hatimaye kabla ya wakati wa kurudisha fomu yeye alilotoa jina lake na hivyo kubaki wagombea wawili.

Mheshimiwa Spika, Chama cha Wananchi (*CUF*) kilifanya hivyo kutokana na mwongozo ufuatao ambao ulitolewa katika uchaguzi uliopita wa mwaka 2001 kama ifuatavyo, Ibara ya 11 (3) kulikuwa na malalamiko ya Mgombea wa *TLP* ambaye aliomba nafasi ya wanawake katika kundi la wanawake kwa hiyo *Returning Officer* wakati huo ambaye sasa ni Jaji wa Mahakama Kuu alitoa maamuzi yafuatayo, kwamba Ibara ya 11(3) imeonyesha makundi ya wagombea lakini ukiacha Kundi C ambalo limeelekezwa kugombea vyama vya upinzani Kanuni hazijaelekeza endapo nafasi katika kundi A, B na D zingetengewa wagombea wa Chama Tawala tu au vyama vyote. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, hivyo basi, kwa vile Ibara ya 13(3) haijawafunga wagombea wa vyama vingine katika makundi A, B na D na kwa kutumia ruhusa ya jumla iliyopo ya Ibara ya 5(3) nimetafsiri makundi haya kuruhusu wagombea wengine zaidi ya Chama Tawala na nimezingatia tafsiri hii hususan wa kutafakari *form* ya uteuzi ya mgombea wa *TLP* aliyeomba kugombea katika kundi la wanawake Bara. Mwisho wa kunukuu.

Mheshimiwa Spika, nimesikia maelekezo yako lakini kwa sababu *Returning Officer* baada ya kupelekewa maombi yetu ya Chama hakuweza kuwasiliana na wagombea wala na chama na akabadilisha maamuzi ya mgombea kinyume cha *Article 17* ya *Second Community* sisi tunahisi uchaguzi huu si halali.

Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba mwongozo wako.

SPIKA: Kwanza uchaguzi hatujaufanya, kwa hiyo hatuwezi kuwa na kitu halali au haramu kabla hakijatendeka, ila mwongozo tu ni kwamba ningepomba Waheshimiwa Wabunge mtazame Kanuni ya 9 yote aliyoyasoma Mheshimiwa Hamad Rashid Mohammed ni Kanuni ndogo zilizoundwa chini ya Kanuni, kuna tofauti kubwa kabisa, kinachotawala ni Kanuni na siyo Kanuni ndogo. (*Makofi*)

Katika *Legal Construction* yaani unaposoma Sheria unatakiwa kwanza uangalie Sheria mama ndiyo maana tunaanza Katiba, Sheria, Kanuni na Kanuni Ndogo mpangilio ni huo.

Waheshimiwa Wabunge sasa Kanuni ya 9(a) ambayo ndiyo inapanga mambo yote ndiyo inatuelekeza kwamba na nitaisoma: “Uchaguzi wa Wabunge wanaokwenda katika vyombo vingine...” yaani kama huu “...ambavyo kwa mujibu wa Sheria zilizounda vyombo hivyo vinatakiwa viwe na wawakilishi Wabunge na uchaguzi unaofanywa na Bunge wa kuwachagua Wabunge wa Bunge la Afrika umetajwa kabisa kwa kuzingatia kwa kadri iwezekanavyo uwiano wa idadi ya Wabunge wa vyama mbalimbali vya siasa vinavyowakilishwa Bungeni.” (*Makofi*)

Kwa hiyo, kitu cha kwanza ni kuupata uwiano kwanza na ukishaupata uwiano umekwishapata jibu. Kwa uwiano uliopo kama alivyosema *Returning Officer* hivi punde, uwiano uliopo kundi la Upinzani lina kiti kimoja tu kutokana na uamuzi wa wananchi kwenye uchaguzi wa mwaka jana na wala si zamani ni uchaguzi wa mwaka jana tu. Sasa tafsiri yoyote ambayo inapenyeza dhana hii ya msingi ikiukwe ni tafsiri potofu kwa sababu ukisema kundi la upinzani liwepo katika kundi una maana ya kusema kwamba sasa kama uchaguzi ukitokea wakipatikana hata Kambi ya Upinzani watatu hiyo bado ni sahihi ili kupunguza wale walioshinda kwenye uchaguzi, tafsiri ya namna hiyo haiwezekani kabisa na haikubaliki kabisa kwa sababu ni kwenda kinyume cha matakwa ya wananchi, demokrasi ni matakwa ya wananchi.

Nifafanue hapa Kanuni ndogo ziliwekwa katika mfumo ili inapotokea katika chaguzi, nitoe mfano tu ingewezekana kwamba uwiano ukawa tano kwa nne, wapinzani nne na chama tawala watano hapo *formula* ya makundi sasa ingeleta maana. (*Makofi*)

Lakini ukienda tena, sisi Wanasheria tunasema *reducing the argument to absurdity*. Kama chama kimoja chochote kingeshinda asilimia mia moja kwenye uchaguzi wa mwaka jana maana yake makundi yote yangukuwa ni Wabunge wa chama hicho tu. Mnanifuata mpaka hapo? Yaani ikiwa ni asilimia mia moja basi kila kundi iwe ni wanawake, Zanzibar kwa asilimia mia moja maana yake Wabunge wote ambao wangechaguliwa kwenda Bunge la Afrika Mashariki wangukuwa wa chama hicho kimoja. (*Makofi*)

Sasa kilichotokea mwaka jana, kambi nzima ya upinzani imeleta Wabunge ambao wanafikia asilimia 14. Jamani asilimia ingekuwa angalau 20 katika mia, ndio inafikia wawili, 14 haifiki popote. Kwa hiyo, mimi sina njia ila kusema kwamba mwongozo wangu ni kwamba taarifa aliyoisoma Katibu ndio sahihi. (*Makofi*)

Kimahesabu asilimia 14 ya Wabunge tisa tunaotaka kuchagua ni Mbunge 1.2. Wote tumefunzwa toka shule ya msingi kwamba inapokuwa 1.2 haiwezi kupandishwa ikawa mbili. Unapozungumzia binadamu, binadamu 1.2 haiwi. (*Makofi*)

Nimeelezwa hapa kabla mfano wa Uganda ambao Kambi ya Upinzani imetoa wawili. Uwiano kule ni tofauti wao sio 1.2 wamefika 1.57. Ndio Uganda sasa wakasema

basi tuwe na wapinzani wawili. Kwa hiyo, kwa hali hiyo, haiwezekani nikazipinda kanuni au nikapinda hata Katiba ili kuweza kuleta jambo ambalo sio sahihi. *(Makofi)*

Tunaendelea Waheshimiwa Wabunge.

MHE. HAMAD RASHID MOHAMED: Mheshimiwa Spika, taarifa.

SPIKA: Hakuna taarifa. *(Kicheko/Makofi)*

Tunaendelea, nimeshatoa mwongozo, unaupinga kwa mujibu wa Kanuni Mheshimiwa, hakuna taarifa hapa, Katibu!

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA - KATIBU WA BUNGE: Kwa ruhusa yako Mheshimiwa Spika... *(Makofi)*

(Hapa baadhi ya Wabunge wa Kambi ya Upinzani walitoka Ndani ya Ukumbi wa Bunge)

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, kwa mujibu wa Kanuni zetu, hata hawa waliotoka, hakuna athari yoyote kwa sababu akidi bado tunayo na akidi ndani ya Bunge haitegemei uwakilishi wa vyama. Kwa hiyo, sisi tunaendelea na zoezi hili. Naomba sasa Katibu atangaze hatua zinazofuata. *(Makofi)*

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA - KATIBU WA BUNGE: Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa sababu tayari idhini imeshatolewa, naomba sasa wagombea wote waje katika ukumbi huu ili maelezo yaweze kutolewa na baadaye waende katika chumba maalum.

SPIKA: Katibu, nimeona tumepata nafasi ya viti wazi hapa mkono wangu wa kushoto, ili tuutumie ukumbi kwa ufanisi, naomba wale wagombea wakae hapa. *(Makofi)*

(Hapa Wagombea wa Bunge la Afrika Mashariki waliingia ndani ya Ukumbi wa Bunge na kukaa sehemu waliyopangiwa)

SPIKA: Karibu sana Waheshimiwa Wagombea, kuna nafasi bado kwenye viti. *(Makofi)*

Waheshimiwa Wagombea, naomba mjaze viti hivi hapa, mkichanganyika na Waheshimiwa Wabunge huko mtanipa taabu, mstari wa mwisho ni huu hapa, bado viti tele mpaka nyuma pale. Waheshimiwa wetu wagombea wa viti vya Bunge la Afrika Mashariki, kwa niaba ya Bunge napenda kuwakaribisheni sana ndani ya ukumbi huu. Sasa hivi, bahati njema wakati Katibu anasoma Kanuni zinazotawala uchaguzi mlisikia mkiwa pale kwenye *gallery*. Wajibu wangu sasa ni kuwaeleza kwa undani utaratibu wa kuanzia hapa sasa. Nimeamua kwamba kila mgombea ataingia hapa kwa mujibu wa *alphabet* kulingana na kundi, tuna makundi manne. Yale makundi yetu manne, Kundi A la wanawake, kundi B la Tanzania Zanzibar, Kundi C Vyama vya Upinzani na Kundi DTanzania Bara. Kwa hiyo, kila kundi kwa *alphabet* kwa mtiririko huo huo niliokwishausoma.

Mgombea akishaingia hapa ndani kwa hatua ya kujieleza, anapewa dakika tano au muda usiozidi dakika tano, sio lazima uzitumie zote. Ukiona umeeleza kwa kifupi imetosha na nitahadharishe tu, Waheshimiwa Wabunge ninavyofahamu, wanapenda anayejieleza kwa kifupi. Ukishajieleza, kuna fursa ya Waheshimiwa Wabunge kuuliza maswali yasiyozidi matatu, wanaweza wasiulize kabisa, wanaweza wakauliza moja lakini hayazidi matatu kwa ruksa ya Mwenyekiti.

Sasa kanuni za uchaguzi huu zinanipa mamlaka ya kuteua mawakala wangu wa chumba cha kuhesabu kura na nimeona ni vizuri niteue kutoka miongoni mwa watumishi wa Ofisi ya Bunge. Kanuni hazikuzuia Waheshimiwa Wabunge lakini kwa kutenda haki kwa sababu takribani kila Mbunge ukiacha Spika, kila Mbunge ana mtu wake hapa. *(Kicheko)*

Kwa hiyo, nimeona wakala wangu wa kuhesabu kura wawe ni watumishi wa Bunge ambao ni waandamizi. Nao ni Mama Kitolina Kippa, mama Kippa yuko wapi? Ndugu Eliakim Mrema, anyooshe mkono pale alipo, njoo wakuone hapa kwa sababu wana haki ya kukukataa, mama Kippa, sokea wakuone.

(Hapa Ndugu Eliakim Mrema na Ndugu Kitolina Kipa walisogea katikati ya Ukumbi wa Bunge)

SPIKA: Wote hawa ni Maafisa Waandamizi wa Ofisi ya Bunge, wana uzoefu mkubwa sana wa kusimamia mambo haya. Wengine ni Ndugu Oscar Mtenda na Ndugu John Joel.

Hawa ndio Maafisa ambao ni mawakala wa Spika kwa makundi yafuatayo, Mama Kitolina Kippa atasimamia kundi A wanawake, ndugu Eliakim Mrema atasimamia kundi B Tanzania Zanzibar, Ndugu Oscar Mtenda atasimamia kundi C na huyu ni Mwanasheria Mwandamizi ni vizuri aende huko huko kusimamia vyama vya upinzani, Ndugu John Joel atasimamia kundi D, Tanzania Bara. Pamoja na hao, ninao wawili ambao watahusika na kuwasimamia vijana wa kuhesabu kura chini ya usimamizi Ndugu Phoebe Mmbaga, huyu ndiye kiongozi kwa maana ya kuhesabu kura wale ni mawakala wa Spika kuangalia mambo yanakwenda sawa sawa. Ndugu Mmbaga ni mzoefu sana, amekaa zaidi ya miaka 20 katika Bunge hili na Ndugu Kileo Nyambele atasaidiana naye tafadhali kwenye kuhesabu kura. Pamoja na hao kutakuwa na vijana wetu kumi na tano ambao sina haja ya kupoteza muda wa Bunge kuwataja kwa sababu wao ni kama mashine za kuhesabu. Wanisamehe wanavyosikia hivyo hii ni lugha ya kitaalamu tu sio mashine, kwa leo ni mashine ya kuhesabu lakini tunajua ni binadamu na ni watu wazuri tu. *(Makofi)*

Nimalizie lingine, kila mgombea anaruhusiwa katika kipindi cha kundi lake kuteua kwa maana hii sasa mwakilishi nje ya hao, hawa ni wa Spika sasa ambaye anaweza kushuhudia kura zake. Kwa hali ya kawaida, hili litatupa taabu sana kwa sababu Wabunge ningependa wabaki humu waendeleo kupiga kura kwa kila kundi. Sasa mkiwachukua wengine waende huko ndani, itatupa taabu.

Naambiwa nyakati zilizopita wengi waliamini tu kwamba zoezi hili linaendeshwa kwa haki lakini yule anayeona kuna wasiwasi kuhusu zoezi zima, nitamruhusu lakini nitasita sana kumruhusu amchukue Mbunge kwenda huko. Kwa sababu kwa idadi yenu, ina maana tutapunguza Wabunge zaidi ya 30 ili waende kushuhudia au waende wenyewe nadhani.

Zoezi hili linafanywa kwa uwazi kabisa. Kwa hiyo, wagombea mnaweza kupita pale kwa zamu kulingana na kundi lako ndio maana itakuwa wachache wachache ili kuangalia kinachoendelea. *(Makofi)*

Kwa sasa nitawauliza tu kati ya hawa wanaotoka Ofisi ya Spika, kuna mgombea yeyote ana kipingamizi? Mwenye kipingamizi basi asimame hapo alipo nitamruhusu aseme. Naona hamna. Kwa hiyo, nawaruhusu watumishi muweze kurudi, ndugu Kileo Nyambele rudini sasa kwenye sehemu zenu.

(Hapa watumishi wa Bunge ambao ni mawakala wa Spika walirudi kwenye sehemu zao walizopangiwa)

SPIKA: Kabla hatujaendelea na zoezi la kuwaita kujieleza, nataka kutoa fursa kwa mgombea yeyote ambaye ana swali, anataka ufafanuzi, basi nitoe nafasi hiyo ili tutakapoanza twende moja kwa moja. Kuna mgombea yeyote anahitaji ufafanuzi kwa haya tuliyoayasema na aliyoyasema Msimamizi wa Uchaguzi? Naona hakuna. Sasa Katibu waelekeze katika ukumbi ili tuanze ile kazi kwa kuanzia na kundi A ambalo ni kundi la wanawake. Kwa maana hiyo, wafuatao, nadhani Katibu wewe uwasome, sio kazi yangu mimi.

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA - KATIBU WA BUNGE: Mheshimiwa Spika, tutaanza na Kundi A na kama nilivyokuwa nimesema mwanzo, orodha yao ni kama ifuatavyo: Kwanza atakuwa Hamid Mahfoudha Alley, atafuatiwa na Dr. Huvisa, Tereza Luoga. Katika karatasi ambayo tumeitengeneza ya kupigia kura tumeweka kwa pamoja na chini tumesema hivi, piga kura tatu tu kwa kundi hili lakini moja mpigie mgombea kutoka Zanzibar. Sasa hawa tumewapanga ifuatavyo, kama nilivyosema wa kwanza ni Ndugu Hamid, Mahfoudha Alley. Kwa sababu tunawapigia kura kwa pamoja, karatasi ni moja, ningependa waje wote wajielezee baadaye mtaamua lakini masharti au maelekezo tuliyoyatoa ni kama niliyoyasema hapo. Halafu atafuatiwa na Dr. Huvisa, Tereza Luoga, baadaye atakuja Kamba, Silvia Kate, baadaye atakuja Kibacha, Hulda Stanley, atafuatiwa na Dr. Maeda, Rose Lilian, atafuatiwa na Mbene, Janet Zebedayo, halafu atafuata Ndugu Mmari, Janet Deo halafu tunamalizia na Ndugu Nassor, Sebtuu Mohamed kutoka Zanzibar. Vile vile tumetoa maelezo ambayo yatakuongoza katika kupiga kura na vile vile haya nitayarudia mtakapopiga kura. Mimi nitawaongoza kwenda huko ila naomba abaki sasa yule wa kwanza ambaye ni Ndugu Hamid, Mahfoudha Alley.

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wagombea, basi mtaelekezwa kwenye chumba, abaki, aah, subirini kuna swali, Waziri wa Nchi, Ofisi ya Waziri Mkuu, Masuala ya Bunge.

WAZIRI WA NCHI, OFISI YA WAZIRI MKUU (MHE. JUMA J. AKUKWETI): Mheshimiwa Spika, kwanza nichukue nafasi hii kukupongeza sana kwa ujasiri na umakini uliotumia leo. Leo umekuwa makini kama ulivyo siku zote na kwa kweli maelezo yako tumetosheka sana. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, wazo langu lilikuwa hapa mwishoni katika utaratibu wa kujieleza. Nilikuwa napendekeza kwamba ni kweli karatasi itakuwa moja ya wanawake lakini ndani ya karatasi ile kutakuwa na Zanzibar na Bara. Lakini nilikuwa naomba sana ingetumika hiyo hiyo karatasi awe nayo pale halafu katika kujieleza uchukue moja, mbili, tatu katika kundi la Zanzibar halafu wafuatie wengine wajieleze. Hii itatusaidia sisi kuweka kumbukumbu kwamba huyu alijieleza kundi la Zanzibar. Kuwachanganya itatuletea tatizo, naomba kutoa wazo hilo.

SPIKA: Hoja hiyo inakubalika. Nadhani ni vizuri iwe hivyo kwa sababu hata Katibu kwenye *ballot* wa kwanza na wa pili ndio Zanzibar kwa wanawake.

WABUNGE FULANI: Aah, aah!

SPIKA: Siyo, ooh, doh! Waheshimiwa Wabunge, naukubali ushauri wa Mheshimiwa Waziri wa Nchi, lakini kwa kuwa *ballot papers* tayari zimechapishwa basi tuwasikilize kwanza wale wawili wa Zanzibar, wako wawili tu, tukishawasikiliza hao, tuendeleo kuwasikiliza wengine, sasa wakati wa kupiga kura mnakuwa tu makini kwamba Zanzibar ni wa kwanza na wa nane yaani wa kwanza na wa mwisho yaani lazima uchague mmoja kati ya namba moja na namba nane ama sivyo kura yako imeharibika.

MBUNGE FULANI: Aah!

SPIKA: Ndiyo! Kwa hatua hii hatuwezi kufanya lingine tutachelewesha sana uchaguzi bure. Wa kwanza na wa nane halafu ndio unachagua wawili kati ya namba mbili na namba saba ili kupata watatu. Nadhani hilo linaeleweka. Haya wagombea sasa tunawaomba mtoke abaki Mheshimiwa Mahfoudha Alley Hamid.

(Hapa Wagombea Ubunge wa Afrika Mashariki walitoka ndani ya Ukumbi wa Bunge kuelekea chumba walichoandaliwa)

SPIKA: Wakati Waheshimiwa Wagombea wetu wanatoka, napenda kwa kuzingatia tu *democracy* na *Hansard* kueleza kwamba wapo Wabunge wa Vyama vya Upinzani ambao wameridhika na wamo humu ndani. Kwa sababu upinzani sio kupinga hata kilicho dhahiri kabisa unapinga tu basi uonekane umepiga. Kwa hiyo, napenda kuwashukuru Mheshimiwa Dr. Wilbrod Slaa (CHADEMA); Mheshimiwa Grace Kiwelu (CHADEMA); Mheshimiwa Susan Lyimo (CHADEMA); Mheshimiwa John Cheyo (UDP); Mheshimiwa Philemon Ndesamburo (CHADEMA); Mheshimiwa Mhonga Said Ruhwanya (CHADEMA); Mheshimiwa Lucy Owenya (CHADEMA) na Mheshimiwa Said Arfi (CHADEMA), hawa nane tunaendelea na zoezi hili. Nawakushukuru sana kwa kuonyesha moyo huo, ahsante sana. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa mgombea wa kwanza Mahfoudha unaweza kuja kwenye *mic* hapa sasa, hebu washeni ile *mic*. Kwa kuokoa muda, sitakuwa narudia maelezo kwa kila mgombea upya tena, una dakika tano na maswali yasiyozidi matatu.

ND. MAHFOUDHA ALLEY HAMID: *Thank you very much Honourable Speaker. My name is Mahfoudha Alley Hamid. I am the current member of East African Legislative Assembly from Zanzibar women seat. Details briefly are entirely in this list of candidates except for a slight correction, they are all right. Currently I am incumbent member of the East African Legislative Assembly which has not been included here.*

Five years ago, I requested this House to give me consent to go to the Assembly to represent my country Tanzania. I am very very much thankful that five years from then you have encoded me another chance to beg you, to request you, to send me to the East African Legislative Assembly to represent you once more. During the five years that I have been in the Assembly, I was very very vocal, I was sometimes aggressive although not abusive when it come to the interest of representing my country Tanzania. I debated most of the motions and I also chaired the General Purposes Committee which among its many duties was the going through of the budget that is proposals so that it can be either corrected or something can be deducted from it in order to be tabled before the Assembly. Another task that I had while I was in the Assembly was to seat in the Legally Committee where I was also a Sub-Chairperson of taking views from stakeholders, academicians including our own Attorney General as to how we are going to review the treaty of the establishment of East African Committee, a task which has already be finished, the report has been tabled, debated and assented.

Honourable Mr. Speaker Sir, in the Assembly, I have represented the House on various national, regionally and international seminars and sometimes I represented the Speaker and presented papers which were debated and of which I had to defend. I honestly and kindly beg you to send you me once again to the Assembly so that I can carry on from where I have left.

Honourable Mr Speaker, honourable member from the ruling part, honourable member from the opposition, one and all, I kindly request you, beg you to vote for me, Mahfoudha Alley Hamid for Zanzibar seat women in the East African Legislative Assembly. Thank you very much. (Applause)

SPIKA: *Thank you. Maswali yanaweza kuwa kwa lugha yoyote.*

WABUNGE FULANI: *Aaah.*

SPIKA: *Ndio wanaojibu ni candidates kwa hiyo mtu anaweza kuuliza Kiingereza au Kiswahili, siwafungi Waheshimiwa Wabunge mtaulizaje lakini anayejibu lazima ajibu kwa Kiingereza. Hii ni kutoa fursa kuna baadhi ya Waheshimiwa Wabunge hawajui Kiingereza vizuri, kwa nini wao tuwanyime? Hii sio East African Legislative Assembly hili ni Bunge la Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania. Kwa hiyo, maswali? (Kicheko/Makofi)*

WABUNGE FULANI: Hamna.

SPIKA: Maswali?

WABUNGE FULANI: Hamna.

SPIKA: *Thank you very much Mahfoudha.*

ND. MAHFOUDHA ALLEY HAMID: *Thank you, your honour. (Applause)*

SPIKA: Aitwe sasa Mheshimiwa Sebtuu Mohamed Nassor. Waheshimiwa Wabunge, tunajaribu kwa haraka sana ili *ballot papers* sasa zichapishwe kwa mtiririko huu. Nadhani ndani ya ofisi yetu tuna uwezo wa kufanya hivyo. *(Makofi)*

(Hapa Nd. Sebtuu Mohammed Nassor Aliingia Ukumbini)

SPIKA: *Welcome to the House, Honourable Sebtuu Nassor. You may use this microphone or the other one. You can continue now.*

ND. SEBTUU MOHAMMED NASSOR: *Honourable Speaker, honourable Members of Parliament. My name is Sebtuu Mohammed Nassor. My highest qualification is Master Degree in Education from Massey University in New Zealand. I also have a Bachelor Degree in Education from Brock University, Canada. I am also holding a Postgraduate Certificate in Human Resource Management from Pennsylvania State University (USA).*

My working experience covers both Tanzania Mainland and Zanzibar. In Tanzania Mainland I work as a tutor at Dar es Salaam Teachers College and also at the Ministry of Education and Culture Headquarters in Dar es Salaam for the total period of nine years. In Zanzibar I have held various positions and posts.

I was Director of Planning and Administration, Ministry of Education for ten years. I have also been Director of Adult Education for two years and Commissioner of Education for seven years. And present I am the Chairperson of Zanzibar Aids Commission for the past four years. For details you can find from page three to five.

Honourable Speaker and Honourable Members of Parliament in 2001, I presented myself to your auspicious house as a candidate for the East African Legislative Assembly but unfortunately I lost by one vote. Therefore, Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members of Parliament I am requesting you to give me enough votes this time. So, that I can make my contribution in the East African Legislative Assembly and in turn to the East African Community.

Honourable Speaker Sir, I humbly request for your vote. Honourable Members of Parliament I humbly request you for your vote. Thank you Sir, thank you all.

SPEAKER: *Any question Honourable Members?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *No.*

SPEAKER: *No, okay. Honourable Nassor you are free to go back to your place.*

Sasa jamani hebu tukubaliane. Mimi naona makofi yanaweza kutuletea matatizo, kabisa kwa sababu wengine watajisikia wanyonge bure na itaonekana kama vile kuna kampeni ya kumpitisha mtu fulani. Kwa hiyo, nadhani nipate ridhaa yenu tusipige makofi sisi tuwasikilize, ni *substance* ndiyo *ina-matter*. Kwa hiyo, tuwasikilize naona kama hakuna. Kuna yeyote anaona hili ni tatizo?

WAJUMBE FULANI: Hapana.

SPIKA: Hapana. Basi tusipige makofi. Kwa hiyo aitwe sasa Janet Mmari. Sasa tunaanza wale wa Bara, wawili wa Zanzibar tumemaliza. Tunatakiwa kuchagua mmoja kati ya hao wawili na tunajitahidi *ballot paper* iende kwa mtiririko huo huo wa jinsi wanavyokuja kujieleza.

Welcome to the House Mama Janeth Mmari. Mrs. Mmari, you have five minutes to address us and thereafter there are might be questions not exceeding three. Proceed.

MRS. JANETH MMARI: *Honourable Members of this August Board, I am Janeth Mmari. I am coming to this August Board for the third time asking for your vote. So, that you can elect me to represent you at the East African Legislative Assembly.*

Honourable Speaker, I do not have to go through my CV which has been very well summarized on page 5 and 6 of this booklet which may be on your desk.

Honourable Speaker, it suffice though to say that, I am a Chartered Accountant and have a number of experience for the East Africa Community and I have also served as a consultant for the East African Community particularly restructuring the current community.

Honourable Speaker, I don't think it is important to say what have done before but what is important is really what I want to do for the next five years. Honourable Speaker and the Members of this Assembly, the East African Community has a lot of challenges in the next five years. It is there for my intention to ensure that if you vote for me and along the other members that we are going to vote today we are going to ensure that the interest of this country are fairly and well represented.

Honourable Speaker, it is with a lot of humility that I am asking you at this pointing time to really consider me, so that I do not have to come to the forth time. I can assure you I can represent you in both the local and international arena. Thank you, your honour, I am requesting your vote both individually and collectively.

Thank you, your honour.

SPEAKER: *Thank you very much. Any questions members?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Okay, Mrs. Mmari, thank you very much.*

Nilikuwa nataka nikwambie tu siyo vibaya kurudi mara ya nne kwa sababu uchaguzi ni kila miaka mitano. Unaweza kurudi baada ya miaka minne ili kuomba tena kwa sababu tayari ulikwishapita, sasa hiyo ni kitu tofauti kabisa. Endelea *this is just a, you should not comment on that please.*

Mwite sasa Mheshimiwa Janeth Mbene. *Welcome to the House Mama Janeth Mbene. Mama Mbene you have maximum five minutes and Members may choose to ask you questions not exceeding three. You can proceed now.*

MRS. JANETH Z. MBENE: *Honourable Speaker, thank you very much. Honourable Prime Minister, Honourable Members of Parliament, my particulars can be found on page seven in the reference provided to you. My name is Janeth Zebedayo Mbene and I heir from Ileje District in Mbeya Region. Most of the information about me is already known because this is the first time that I am appearing before you Honourable Members of Parliament and therefore I want to do well to much on my qualifications per se.*

I would just like to articulate on what I feel I can offer in the East African Legislative Assembly. I come with a lot of competence based on my educational qualifications as well as exposure in experience that I have gone through working in different organizations both nationally and internationally to forge issues that are relevant and likely related to international integration and particularly East African Region Integration. I would like to point at this junction that given this competences and my experiences I would hope to be able to contribute directly to the policy analysis in the various protocol in the region integration in East Africa.

Honourable Speaker, I would also be in a position to take part and contribute to the harmonization of various policies, implement them and also monitor the performance. I would also like to indicate that I would be in a position to forge the East African region position versus the rest the world because I have already been involved in such activities both nationally, regionally as well as globally. So, with this I feel that I am competent enough to go in there and start working directly without having to waste time trying to understand the issues of the East African Region Integration (group region)

I would like to ask you Honourable Speaker with your permission, Honourable Prime Minister, Honorauble Members of Parliament to please vote for me, so that, you will enable me to work for you and for my country. Thank you very much.

SPEAKER: *Any question Honourable Members?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Okay, Mama Mbene thank you very much.*

MRS. JANETH Z. MBENE: *Thank you very much.*

SPEAKER: *Naomba Waheshimiwa mliokwishajieleza msikae kwenye gallery. Mama Mmari, all of you please all candidates in the gallery go back to your assigned room. Aitwe Mama Hulda Kibacha. Welcome to the House Mama Hulda Kibacha. May proceed, not more than five minutes and possible three questions after that.*

MS HULDA KIBACHA: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Prime Minister, Honourable Members of Parliament, my name is Hulda Stanley Kibacha. My Curriculum Vitae is adequately summarized on page 8, I am the first candidate.*

Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members, you elected me in January this year to become a Member of that Parliament. Is exactly seven month ago and I use that time to learn very fast and made a profound contribution in that House. In the course of my service in that Assembly I was able to participate in debates particularly with regards VAC bugdet and accounts, bills which are tabled in the House in particular the East Africa Custom Union Competition Bills. Also on reports from the different Committees in the House.

Honourable Speaker I was able during this very short term to make sure that the authorities, the Council and other organs do take up important or necessary mechanisms to ensure that there is enabling environment for a smooth and trans into integration. Also my major concern in that assembly was making sure that, the stockholders of the Community are sensitized and the information which they need in order to take active part in the integration process is delivered to them because at the moment the East African Community is not visible enough.

Finally Honourable Speaker and Honourable Members the Treaty of the Assembly provides for the empowerment of the women Article 121 and 122. I am an Advocate for women development and women empowerment.

So, I did all that was in my capability to ensure that measures are taken to empower women in all aspect and that women will be given opportunity to integrate as well as to a lead and administrate within the East African Community Organs.

Honourable Members lastly, I believe that the confidence will be stored on me in March is still there. I therefore, request you to vote for me and allow me to continue with this good work which have initiated.

Honourable Members I thank you in advance and thank you for your attention.

SPEAKER: *Questions Members?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Questions?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Thanks Mama Kibacha. Sasa aitwe Dr. Thereza Luoga Huvisa. Welcome to the House Dr. Huvisa. Dr. Huvisa you have up to five minutes to explain yourself to the House and might be up to three questions. Please proceed.*

DR. THEREZA L. HUvisa: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Prime Minister, Honourable Ministers and Honourable Members of the Parliament. First of all, I would like to thank all of you for the votes you gave me which enabled me to reach this day as last day for elections. Thank you very much.*

My name is Dr. Thereza Luoga Huvisa, contesting for the East African Legislative Assembly. I am working with the University of Dar es Salaam as the Deputy Director of Student Services in the College of Engineering and Technology.

A more details can be found in this book distributed to you at page eight item number six. With regard to international experience I have conducted research and workshops sponsored by the Inter University Council of East Africa and therefore I believe I am a strong person to represent Tanzanian interest in the Community.

Honourable Speaker, in February I contested for the seat but the votes were not enough so please assist me with enough vote this time. Please vote for me. Thanks.

SPEAKER: *Questions Members?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Maswali?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *Hakuna.*

SPEAKER: *Hakuna. Thanks very much Dr. Huvisa.*

We should now call Sylvia Kate Kamba. Welcome to the House Mama Sylvia Kate Kamba. Candidate Mama Kamba you have up to five minutes to explain yourself to the Members here and there deliberately if they so wish to ask you up to three questions. You can proceed now.

MS. SYLVIA KATE KAMBA: *Honourable Speaker Sir, the Honourable Prime Minister, Member of the Assembly, my name is Kate Kamba as it has been pronounced very carefully by the Speaker. My personal details are found on page 9 of this brochure, I testify that what is contained in the summary is very correct.*

Honourable Speaker Sir, five years ago, I stood in front of this Assembly and you gave me the mandate to represent this country and this Assembly in particular to the East African Legislative Assembly. I am very grateful for that honour you gave me and let me assure you that I performed to the best of my ability in serving this country. After being elected to that Parliament my colleagues elected me to chair one of the Committees, Committee on Regional Affairs and Conflict Resolution and also I had the opportunity of being one of those in the House Business Committee.

Honourable Speaker Sir, I ably did my job in the conflict area within the region. We looked into conflict issues patterning to cattle wrestling in the Northern part of Kenya and Uganda, fish disputes along Lake Victoria and disputes on pasture along the boarder of Tanzania and Kenya.

Honourable Speaker, as I said earlier as a Parliamentarian we had to legislate a lot of laws, we initiate the lot of laws to enable that new Parliament to perform its work. We have already done outreach programs through out region. With this experience which have gathered within this short period.

Honourable Speaker, I will beg you. I will beg Honourable Prime Minister, Members of Assembly to kindly give me your vote so that I can proceed with work which have already started for the good and betterment of East Africa and Tanzania in particular. Thank you very for your attention.

SPEAKER: *Question Members?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Maswali? Swali moja Mheshimiwa Kaboyonga.*

HON. SIRAJU J. KABOYONGA: *Honourable Kate Kamba have already been a Member of East African Legislative Assembly past five years. Under the Treaty, the East African Treaty which emphasis on the creation of Customs Union, Common Market, Common Currency and finally Political Figuration. Lets take the Common Market aspect, in your own views and from your experience, what do you think should Tanzania do and when we send you there, in case we send you there what do you think you should do so that we take full benefit of the Common Market?*

SPEAKER: *Well, good question.*

MS. SYLVIA KATE KAMBA: *Honourable Speaker, thank you very much and Honourable Member of Parliament who have asked me on what Tanzania would benefit when we legislate on the common market. Indeed, we have come together the East African for the purpose a bigger market.*

Under bigger market intails that we in Tanzania should increase our productivity in matters of agriculture. We should improve the livestock so that we can export our animals because integration is nothing but benefit to all of us we have to do trade among

ninety million inhabitants of East Africa. And for that matter I would argue all Members of Parliament to take stock on what we can benefit from each Constituency in terms of trade.

We have to enhance trade so that at the end of the day our people's lives will be improved through trade and other social benefit which accrue from trade. You know you have a lot of multiplier effect, if you trade then you can improve your road, processing industries and so forth. So, we should really argue our people to be participants but not on lookers.

Honourable Speaker, thank you. (Applause)

SPEAKER: *Ahaa, jamani tumekubaliana hakuna makofi. Any other questions?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Ahsante sana. Thank you very much Kate Kamba.*

MS. SYLVIA KATE KAMBA: *Honourable Speaker and Honourable Members, thank you very much and I beg you for your vote. Thank you very much.*

SPEAKER: *Now call candidate number eight, Dr. Rose Lilian Maeda. Welcome to the House Dr. Rose Lilian Maeda. Dr. Maeda you have up to five minutes to explain yourself to the House and thereafter Members may choose to ask you question not exceeding three. You may proceed.*

DR. ROSE LILIAN MAEDA: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Prime Minister, Honourable Members of Parliament, my name is Dr. Rose Lilian Maeda. I am a Medical Dr. by profession with intensive training on social economical issues and cross cutting issues. East Africa Community in this contemporary world is not a choice but unnecessary strategy for rapid and sustainable development. If I am elected as a Member of Parliament in the East Africa Legislative Council I have two obligations:-*

One and the first one is for my country. I have to make sure that all the Tanzanians at all level understand what is the East Africa Community is all about, all the advantages, opportunities. So, that they could take equal and active part in the development of the East Africa Community.

The second obligation for my country, I have to defend my country's interests in the East African Community. As an East African that my third obligation, I have to act as an East African together with all those elected Members of Parliament I will make sure that East Africa Community becomes powerful, economical and trading block. So that, he could gain interest in the Foreign Direct Investment (FDI).

Lastly, and not least I will make sure that I use my advocacy skills to fight for cross cutting issues namely:- Gender, human rights and poverty eradication not forgotten HIV and AIDS. To make sure that the us sufficiently main streamed in all the

programs of the East Africa Community, so that I will fulfil the global millennium development goals and make poverty a history. I will emphasise on huddles to be part of all this programs. Indeed East Africa Community is a big challenge but is a window of hope. I am ready to take up the challenge to make a difference.

I request for your vote, I request for your vote, I request for your. Thank you.

SPEAKER: *Thank you madam. Members any questions,*

HON. MEMBERS: *No.*

SPEAKER: *No questions. Okay. Thank you very much Dr. Maeda. You may leave now. Thank you.*

DR. ROSE LILIAN MAEDA: *Thank you.*

SPIKA: Nadhani ni sahihi kusema kwamba *candidates* sasa mmekwisha kuwasikia wote kwa kundi A na bahati njema *ballot paper* ziko tayari kwa mpangilio ule ambao wamejieleza. Wagombea Zanzibar ni namba moja na namba mbili. Waliobaki wagombea tatu hadi nane ni wagombea kutoka Tanzania Bara.

Kama alivyoshauri Waziri wa Nchi, Ofisi ya Waziri Mkuu, tunamshukuru sana. Sasa kwenye hatua hii naomba tutulie ili tuweze kupata hesabu yetu tuko wangapi humu ndani. Zoezi lolote la kupiga kura haliwezi kuendelea bila kuelewa kwenye kila hatua tuko wangapi. Nitawachosha itabidi tuhesabu kwa kila kundi kwa sababu Waheshimiwa Wabunge wanatokatoka. Japhet Sagasii hesabu haraka haraka.

ND. JAPHET SAGASII: Nikapige kengele.

SPIKA: Kapige kengele kweli.

Kwa hiyo, wakati tunahesabiwa nitangaze tu kuna Mheshimiwa Mbunge mmoja ametoa ushauri kwamba tupige kura kwa *electronically*, yaani zionekane hapo. Lakini kwanza, kura ni za siri. Pili, hadi sasa programu iliyopo hapa inaturuhusu kupiga kura ya ndiyo, hapana ama sina upande wowote ambayo haifai kabisa kwa wagombea. Naona ameingia Mheshimiwa Prof. Jumanne Maghembe, Waziri wa Maliasili na Utalii, Mheshimiwa Christopher Chiza, Naibu Waziri wa Kilimo, Chakula na Ushirika. Kasi ya mabadiliko katika uteuzi nayo inatisha jamani. (*Kicheko*)

Tayari Japhet Sagasii, nipe jumla. Kuna swali ndiyo Mheshimiwa William Ngeleja.

MHE. WILLIAM M. NGELEJA: Mheshimiwa Spika, sijahesabiwa.

SPIKA: Hajahesabiwa Mheshimiwa Ngeleja. Umehesabiwa tayari. Ingekuwa ni sisi tuliosoma miaka ya 50 na 60 saa hizi hesabu tayari, lakini wanatafuta *computer* sasa. (*Kicheko*)

Waheshimiwa Wabunge, idadi ya wajumbe wote wa kupiga kura ni 282. Kwa hiyo, sasa Katibu gawa karatasi za kupigia kura za Kundi A. Idadi ya wajumbe ni 282. Mgawane haraka mzigawe. Kila mtu achukue *section* yake halafu mzigawe kwa haraka.

(Hapa Karatasi za kura kwa kundi A ziligawiwa Wabunge)

Narudia tena alama za vema kwenye karatasi hiyo zinatarajiwa kuwa ni tatu. Moja, lazima iwe ni kuwapigia kura kati ya mgombea namba moja na namba mbili tu. Usipigie kura tatu kwa ujumla. Moja, ni kwa namba moja na namba mbili. Halafu vema mbili kwa kuanzia namba tatu hadi nane. Jamani tumeelewana hapo.

WAHESHIMIWA WABUNGE: Ndiyo.

SPIKA: Sekretarieti wakati tunajiandaa kukamilisha kupiga kura. Wagombea kundi B waandaliwe kundi la Tanzania Zanzibar. Onyesheni masanduku kwa Waheshimiwa Wabunge. Mnayaona *transparent* kabisa. Hamjapata karatasi.

(Hapa masanduku ya kura yalionyeshwa kwa Wabunge yakiwa matupu)

WABUNGE FULANI: Ndiyo.

SPIKA: Wagawieni jamani hizo karatasi za kupiga kura. Basi mnaweza kuanza kukusanya zile ambazo ziko tayari hapa na pale. Pale kwa Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu. Waheshimiwa Wabunge, kura zote zimekusanywa. Naona kura zote zimekusanywa sasa. Kuna kura mbili pale.

(Hapa kura zilikusanywa)

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, kwa kuwa itakuwa vyema tuendelee na zoezi la kupiga kura ili tulimalize na kuna uwezekano mkubwa shughuli hii isiweze kukamilika hapo saa 7.00.

Nataka nimwombe sasa Mheshimiwa Waziri wa Nchi, Ofisi ya Waziri, atoe hoja ya kutengua Kanuni husika ili tuendelea kupiga kura hadi mwisho, na nitakapositisha shughuli za Bunge basi tupokee tu matokeo saa 11.00 jioni. Mheshimiwa Waziri wa Nchi, Ofisi ya Waziri Mkuu.

HOJA YA KUTENGUA KANUNI NA. 21 (3)

WAZIRI WA NCHI, OFISI YA WAZIRI MKUU (MHE. JUMA J. AKUKWETI): Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa niaba ya Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu, naomba kutoa kutoa hoja kwamba kanuni ya 21(3) ambacho kinasema Bunge litaendelea kukutana mpaka ifikapo saa 7.00 mchana kitenguliwe ili tuendelea kukutana mpaka hapo tutakapomaliza kupiga kura na tukimaliza Bunge lifungwe mpaka saa ambayo tutaona inafaa.

Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba kutoa hoja.

WAZIRI WA MALIASILI NA UTALII: Mheshimiwa Spika, naafiki.

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, hoja iko mbele yetu na imeungwa mkono, nayo ni ya kutengua kanuni inayotulazimisha kusitisha shughuli za Bunge hapo saa 7.00 kwa kikao cha asubuhi.

Kwa hiyo, sasa nitawahoji, wanaoafiki kwamba tutengue hiyo Kanuni Namba 21 (3).

*(Hoja ilitolewa iamuliwe)
(Hoja iliamuliwa na Kuafikiwa)*

KUNDI LA TANZANIA ZANZIBAR

SPIKA: Sasa kundi la B Tanzania Zanzibar kwa mpangilio ule ule uliomo katika kitabu chetu. Naomba sasa aitwe Mheshimiwa Remidius Edington Kissassi. *Welcome into the House Mr. Remidius Kissassi. You have not more than five minutes to express yourself before the Members and may it be ask you questions up to three in number. Please proceed.*

MR. REMIDIUS E. KISSASSI: *Thank you honourable Speaker, Honourable Prime Minister, Honourable Members of the Parliament, Ladies and Gentlemen, good morning.*

This is indeed and owner privilege to me to stand before this August Assembly to request for your votes which will enable me to join East African Legislature. I am Remidius Edington Kissassi born in Zanzibar, educated in Zanzibar, Tanzania Mainland and abroad. I am Civil Engineer by professional and I have got the Master in Business Administration. I worked for Zanzibar Revolution Government for by twenty years in difference capacities as Chief Engineer, Director, Deputy Principal Secretary and Principal Secretary.

Honourable Speaker, in the year 2000 the people of Dimani elected me to become their Members of Parliament, a duty which I perform humbly and with success.

Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members of Parliament please allow me to use this last knowledge and experience to share it with people of Tanzania, East Africa and Africa in General.

Honourable Speaker, Honourable Prime Minister, please allow me to count on a very special votes. Honourable Members of Parliament your votes are very valuable important and crucial. I am request for only one vote from each and everyone of few. Please vote for me, please give me all your votes.

Thank you very much.

SPEAKER: *Members, any questions.*

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Okay. Thank you very much Engineer Remidius Kissassi.*

Katibu badala ya kuwatoa chumbani nadhani yule anayefuata kwa sababu tunafuata orodha awe hapo karibu kwenye kiti au kwenye lounge pale. Anayefuata ni Dr. Said Bilal. Welcome into the House Dr. Said Bilal. You have up to five minutes to explain yourself to the Members and they have at liberty to ask you up to three questions. Please, proceed.

DR. SAID GHARIB BILAL: *Thank you. Honourable Speaker of the House of Parliament of the United Republic of Tanzania. Honourable Members of Parliament. My name is Said Gharib Bilal. At this point I hesitate to refer you to the brochures because I know that you have been flooded with information in those brochures since you arrived here.*

And therefore, I want to make two promises. That one, will long give you any brochures and I am taking liberty to speaker of behalf other but there no long give any brochures from today onwards. (Laughing)

Secondly, I will very brief. And I will begin with my education. Among my highest education qualifications is a BSc Degree in Physics and Maths from the University of Dar es Salaam. A Master of Education Degree from the Colombia University New York United State and A Doctor of Education Degree from the Colombia University New York United State. Among the positions I have held in the Government is Principal of Lumumba High School in Zanzibar, Chief Curriculum Developer in the Minister of Education in Zanzibar and Deputy Principal Secretary in the Minister Education in Zanzibar. I think those are the most information which is most relevant to the issue at hand here.

And therefore, I wish to say most respectfully to ask you to beg my candidates and give me all your votes.

Thank you and God bless you.

SPEAKER: *Members any questions.*

HONOURABLE MEMBERS: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Thanks Dr. Bilal. Aitwe Balozi Isaac Sepetu*

Welcome into the House Balozi Sepetu, Ambassador Sepetu you have up to five minutes to explain yourself to the Members. And they are liberty to ask you up to three questions. Now you may proceed.

BALOZI ISAAC ABRAHAM SEPETU: *Honourable Speaker, honourable Members, my name is Ambassador Isaac Abraham Sepetu, my details are contain in brochure in page 13 number 3.*

I would like first to thank this August Assembly Parliament for having delegating me the last East African Legislative Assembly. I must that in the Assembly we worked very hard and under difficult conditions, but we manage to establish a firm functioning Assembly and we are very grateful we had our free speaker who is dynamic and very wise has lead us and we manage to register grate success.

My own contribution in this Assembly has many and many wise, I what actively in the Committees and also poise the number of question to the Ministers. I was one of the first selected Committees of the Assembly which was charge with responsibility of looking to the circumstance which lead to the hard time resignation of our first Clerk. And we produced report which was anonymously adopted by the Assembly.

But recently I also was one of the three Members of the Assembly who ventured to file the first case ever in the East Africa Court of Justice. And were not in agreement with way sectarian committee with drawn some of the bills in the House. So we sort clarification and guidance from the Court. I am glad to report that the Court had many judgement in favour of the assembly and this is my contribution.

The East Africa Community is entering to a new phase crucial one. And is first with many challenges. Among these challenges is the expected expansion of the Community by the two Members Rwanda and Burundi. But also the Fast Tracking of the Community itself of the East African Federation this by itself has got challenges because the treaty speaks about the four stages which have to be followed. That is the Customs Union as entry point but followed by Common Market and also subsequently the monitory union and ultimately the political federation. This is the challenges. I am happy that our three countries has embarked on seeking the public opinion as how to go about it, but the challenge is involved.

With my past and current experiences I am ready and set to work in fine solution some of the challenges facing our Community. So in that respect and as the saying goals “mpe Mnyamwezi mzigo mzito abebe.” I am ready to carry that burden and

I ask for your support so that I can deliver in the next assembly. Thank you very much. (Laughing)

SPEAKER: *Any questions.*

HON. MEMBERS: *No.*

SPEAKER: *No questions. Thanks Ambassador Sepetu.*

BALOZI ISAAC ABRAHAM SEPETU: *Thank you very much Honourable Speaker.*

SPEAKER: *Next is a Abdullah Mwinyi. Welcome into the House Mr. Mwinyi. Mr. Abdullah Mwinyi you have up to five minutes to explain yourself to the House. And after that the Members of the House have the liberty to ask you up to three questions. You may now proceed please.*

MR. ABDULLAH ALI HASSAN MWINYI: *Thank you. Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members of Parliament. My name is Abdullah Mwinyi. The details of my racism on page 14 and I don't need to further clarify on my qualifications and professional background.*

However, I have a ten years experience in a Senior Management position in various multi-national companies as well as a solid experience in the practice of law. My current job has a corporate lawyer entails and solving business problems in the areas of investment, immigration, employment and labour as well as land issues.

Honourable Members of Parliament. The next major challenge in the East African Community is to consolidate the customs union and to ensure that momentum is carried through to the establishment of the common market. The fundamental issues the need to be dealt with in the common market between the partner states happen also to be the areas of my specialities such as investment, immigration, labour and employment as well as land issues. Therefore, I am favourably placed to confidently represent the United Republic of Tanzania and defend our interests.

Honourable Members of Parliament, they will appear before you numerous candidates who have the request qualifications but what you need to pay special attention to is not just mere qualifications but relevant qualifications that would give the United Republic of Tanzania a competitive advantage in the next phases of integrations. (Applause)

SPEAKER: *Order, order, order please hapana makofi jamani.*

MR. ABDULLAH A. MWINYI: *Therefore, I urge you Honourable Members of Parliament to make the right decision and achiest me Abdullah Mwinyi to represent*

you as a Member of the East African Legislative Assembly. Thank you very much for your attention.

SPEAKER: *Maswali? Questions?*

ANY MEMBER: *No questions.*

SPEAKER: *Thanks very much Mr. Mwinyi, you have some ruhusa to go back to your..... (Kicheko)*

Sasa aje Dr. Makame Ali Ussi. Welcome Dr. Ussi. Dr. Ussi you have up to five minutes to explain yourself to the Members. And they have the privilege of asking you after you have finished up to three questions. So you may proceed now.

DR. MAKAME ALI USSI: *Ok, thank you Sir. Honourable Chairman, Honourable Members of Parliament, Ladies and Gentlemen.*

As you can see from the brochure on page 14 article 5. My name is Dr. Makame A. Ussi. I have got a PHD in Economics, I have got Master of Science Degree in Agronomy Management Option, and I have got other various qualifications I mean academic qualifications. Currently I am working with the Ministry of Agriculture. I have held various senior posts in this Ministry. I have been parado Regional Agricultural Officer, I have been held of Agriculture Department, Crop Production Section. I have been Assistant Executive Secretary of the Commission for Cash Crops and Fruit Development. I have headed a number of projects also including FAO Fertilizer Programme Project. The USAID Maize Project and so on and so forth. Honourable Ladies and Gentlemen, the economy of our countries the East African Countries depends almost entirely on agriculture. I have got the knowledge of the economy, I have got the knowledge of agriculture and also I have got the knowledge of social and political aspects I can say. I also know administration, organization and management and so on and so forth.

Honourable Gentlemen, sorry Ladies and Gentlemen. If you select me to join this EALA, I am going to use the knowledge I have and the technology available in this world to make sound economic improvement for the benefit of our people. By that, I mean, I will contribute significantly on strengthening the economic of our countries and social services in order to raise the living standards of our people and enhanced the GDP and its equitably distribution among people. Also I will represent my country in every endeavour politically and socially and I will take an active part in strengthening and sustaining the development of unity, solidarity, friendship, cooperation, brotherhood and good neighbourhood.

Honourable Ladies and Gentlemen, I stand here now before you, humbly and respectively of course to ask for your kind nomination so that I can be one of the Members of the EALA and work with my fellow colleagues effectively and efficiently.

Honourable Ladies and Gentlemen, I assure you my highest cooperation with everyone of you. After that I say please, please vote for me and you will see the results. Thank you and thank you again.

SPEAKER: *Members, questions.*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *Yes.*

SPEAKER: *Yes, there is a question.*

HON. SIRAJU J. KABOYONGA: *Dr. Ussi, can you briefly explain to us what does a custom union entails and what you would do in your capacity as a Tanzanian Member of the EALA to ensure that Tanzania benefits from a customs union.*

DR. MAKAME A. USSI: *Thank you Honourable Gentlemen. A Custom union is very important in the development of our economy. We will make sure that the customs are improved in our countries so that they will create employment for the people, they will be ease deliveries of goods and services to our people and so many other things that will be suitable for the EALA.*

SPEAKER: *I am sorry apologies, I thought you have finished.*

DR. MAKAME A. USSI: *I think I have finished, because, I have to talk a lot of time*

SPEAKER: *Any questions?*

Thank you very much Dr. Ussi.

DR. MAKAME A. USSI: *Thank you.*

SPEAKER: *We now call the last candidate of this group Nassor Juma Mugheiry. Welcome into the House Mr. Mugheiry.*

Okay Mr. Mugheiry you have not more than 5 minutes to explain yourself to the House and Members are at liberty to ask you not more than 3 questions. You may now proceed.

MR. NASSOR JUMA MUGHEIRY: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members of the Tanzania Parliament, my name is Nassor Juma Mugheir, I am listed on page 16 the last one but not the least from Zanzibar.*

My highest academic achievement is that of Master of Science Business Administration specializing in Strategic Studies. My professional experience I am the Air Tanzanian Manager in Zanzibar. I was also the locally consultant for DGILO of UK on the Zanzibar World Zone Projects. I was also the locally consultants for SUN International of UK/SA for two of their hotels project of Zanzibar. I was also the locally consultant for Barruchi International for UK and Cleber Weiber of South Africa for the

Zanzibar Waterfront Concept, I was employed by East African Posts and Telecommunication in 1974 to 1976 when I join the East African Airways.

My professional services, I am the Chairman of Boards of Trustees of Cancer Information Diagnostics Advisory Centre, I am also a Member of Board of Trustees of ZAFA plus people living with HIV AIDS in Zanzibar. I am also a Member of Board of Trustees of SAFI, I am also a Board Director of Zanzibar Tourist Corporation, I am both the Secretary to the Executive Forum and Technical Committee of a Tripartite Forum of Tourism which incorporates Tanzania Tourist Corporation Zanzibar Commission for Tourism and Air Tanzania and I am the author of the Tanzania Tourism Action Plan.

My main intention to join the EALA is based on one main factor. A significant portion of Legislative administrative and taxing powers will be transfer to it. As such there is high expectation of gains on prosperity and stability. My being inside I will be a bridge to see that those games are also enjoy by people from Zanzibar and Tanzania in general.

Honourable Speaker, I do stand here in front of you requesting your votes and all other Members of Parliament by choosing me you will choosing someone with so much expose to international experience.

I thank you very much.

SPEAKER: *Questions Members.*

MEMBER OF PARLIAMENTS: *No question.*

SPEAKER: *Thank you. Mr. Mugheiry*

*(Hapa karatasi za kupigia kura kwa kundi B ziligawiwa
Waheshimiwa Wabunge)*

SPEAKER: Waheshimiwa Wabunge nimetumia mamlaka yangu tusihesabu kila wakati tunapomaliza kundi moja. Kwa sababu naona kuna nidhamu ya kuketi humu humu. Kwa hiyo, sidhani kama tutakuwa tumepungua. Nikiangalia kwa macho mambo yanaharibika tukipungua tuwe chini ya nusu. Lakini hadi sasa naona kwamba tunakwenda vizuri kwa hiyo sasa tutagawa karatasi za kupigia kura. Hili ni kundi la B Zanzibar lina wagombea 6 na kati ya wagombea 6 unawapigia wawili. Kwa hiyo, vema ni 2 tu zikiwa tatu au zaidi basi hiyo imeharibika. Masanduku yaonyeshwe. Ahaa!!!! Bado wanagawa.Nani hajapata karatasi ya kupigia kura? Loo pale mbona aah zinagawiwa sasa na pale kwa Mheshimiwa Masoud kuna tatizo pale. Fanya haraka haraka tu. Sasa wengine onyesheni masanduku ili tuanze kukusanya. Bado pale Naibu Waziri Maliasili, Naibu Waziri Chibulunje, Naibu Waziri Ardhi looh !!! Tayari Waheshimiwa eeh?

WAHESHIMIWA WABUNGE: Bado.

SPEAKER: Waheshimiwa Wabunge mnaona haya ndiyo masanduku yetu matatu. Anza kukusanya. Anza pale kwa Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu na wengine.

(Hapa masanduku ya kura yalionyeshwa kwa Wabunge na kura kuanza kukusanywa baada ya kura kupigwa na Waheshimiwa Wabunge)

SPEAKER: Hapa kati kati Waziri wa Ofisi ya Rais Utumishi, Waziri wa Maji, Maliasili, Afya, Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri Miundombinu, Mahanga pale tena ana kura tatu sijui. Hapana amekusanya za wenzie ni mtu mwaminifu tu. Kwa Mheshimiwa Hafidh Ali pale. Hapana, aah tayari. Waheshimiwa Wabunge tunaendelea. Sasa ni kundi C.

Mheshimiwa Waziri wa Ulinzi bado hujapiga kura? Hujapewa hata karatasi ebu wahini basi. Labda ulikuwa unakwenda kukagua anga zetu kama ni salama. Kwa hiyo, basi tumekusanya. Tayari ahsante sana. Sasa kundi la Kambi ya Upinzani wanakuja mbele yetu wapo wagombea wanaweza wakawa saba au sita kutegemea na hali halisi itakavyojitokeza. Tunamwita sasa Mheshimiwa Mgombea Victoria Sarah Mwanjisi. *You are welcome Mama Victoria Mwanjisi to the House.*

You have up to 5 minutes to explain yourself to the House and thereafter Members may have the liberty to ask you up to 3 questions. You may now proceed.

MS. VICTORIA SARAH MWANJISI: *Thank you. I greet you with all the hands of joy, that for the first time I am with you. And I am glad that you have been able to allow this peace of honour to share what I have to share.*

Your Excellency Mr. Prime Minister, I acknowledge My Presidents, Mr. Speaker and everybody. My name is Victoria Mwanjisi, I come from Rungwe. But I thanked god I grew up round about here just a few kilometres from where I stand and that is Alliance Secondary School. My father was a teacher and I am glad to say that Honourable John Malecela is a product of my father. And, when I look at the faces I feel happy because I have products here and this gives me courage to come over here and ask for your votes to vote for me, because I think I have a soft sport for impossible situations. Our example number one is my Margareth here Sitta, she is my students I taught her in Teacher's College and Honourable Muhaji gave me little Zabein when she was the baby and I was the first African Headmistress to convince the women of Tanzania that we can do something and I am very happy that I have Ministers here and thanks Mr. Prime Minister for giving me the owner of choosing some of the great ladies to be among your ministers and I have my son in law here the Speaker.

Now, all I am doing really is I know we have reached an impossible situation. I am sorry that I did not have time really to show this, but you see I lived in Uganda and the mountains of the moon are within me and during those hard times everybody knows about them Kenya was a really game to we Tanzanian's at the same time as the Tanzanian I am firmly planted where I stand. So, I came here I am the only women from

the opposition party to come and join the Chama cha Mapinduzi to cement the development of our people. Will you give me your votes Ladies and Gentlemen please and to cement it further I heard the other day our Honourable Prime Minister saying that they will come a time when our youth will have to compete for all the jobs in East Africa I feel as a teacher trainer as you would see me on page 17 that I have taught and instituted a lot of teacher training colleges and worked up to the University level. We want right now to start grappling with the basics of our youth and posterity that is why I would come to ask for your vote at this time. And thanks for listening I have my Honourable Member here who greeted me warmly with worked very closed together and I remember Honourable Meghji when I was dealing with what was Mental Retardation.

SPEAKER: *Order please, order please. No clapping please.*

MS. VICTORIA SARAH MWANJISI: *Excuse me I am really happy to be among you I really know that I am required to be the missing rank so that during these times when everything seems fragmented we old ones should be able together all everything that has been fragmented education, communication and food and has I say this I know Honourable Mongella is looking at me because I was on the same table when we are dealing with the Mental Retardation. May I be stop please but I am happy that the ladies may I have your votes please because I have to go and prepare really sensible grounds for you within the East African Community and Mr. Speaker, Honourable Members and all gentlemen I have come here to ask for your votes because I know I can do it, I have the stamina, I have the time and I have also the intelligence. Thank you. (Applause)*

SPEAKER: *Order please. Huyu ni mgombea kutoka Chama cha TLP. Any questions?*

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Thanks very much Madam Mwanjisi.*

M/s. VICTORIA SARAH MWANJISI: *Thank you for listening to me. Thank you.*

SPEAKER: *No !! No !! don't talk to the voters please.*

Mwiteni sasa Mheshimiwa Major Jesse J. Makundi.

Welcome into the House Major Makundi. Major Makundi you have up to five minutes to explain yourself before the Members of the House. And thereafter they may choose to ask up to three questions. You may now proceed to explain yourself. Please.

MR. MAJOR JESSE J. MAKUNDI: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Deputy Speaker, I highly recognise your presence Honourable Prime Minister, Honourable*

Junior Ministers and also I will never forget the Ambassadors Getrude Mongella, The Presided of the African Parliament.

Honourable Speaker, first and far most, I have to congratulate you all for been Members of Parliament for winning the elections and be members of Parliament to this house, congratulations.

Honourable Speaker, and off course you are also going to convey my best regards to my President who has been award a Ph.D. Degree in Washington now he is Dr. Jakaya Mrisho Kikwete, The President of United Republic of Tanzania. (Applause)

Honourable Speaker, on page 18 all my Curriculum Vitae is well tabulated. But also there is something hidden in me a talent which if at all your excellence would allow me to lead possibly will highlight exactly what type of man is going to escort or to accompany the eight intellectuals of Tanzania to the East African Parliament, would you allow me?

SPEAKER: *You have only just three minutes left so it's your choice.*

MR. MAJOR JESSE J. MAKUNDI: *Honourable Speaker is quite enough to me. In all over the time when I was schooling in The United State of America I had a lot of talent which were hidden and that is what come from on page which said that, Major Makundi completed the Infantry Officers Advanced Course in excellent manner meeting and exceed all equivalent critical skills. Major Makundi was a professional and experience Officer who contributed immeasurably to the successes on the seminar.*

He was an excellent speaker consistently made significant contribution to his staff group always willing to participate in class discussion also in the East African Legislative Assembly I will be there performing exactly what I am supposed to perform. In last sentence says that he country was thorough and professionally presented. As class leader of all International Officers Major Makundi performed exceptionally representing fellow officers with dignity and honour. At all public meeting where he spoke he was compassionate, sincere, poise and confident. In most diplomatic manner he forwarded ideas of peace through understanding. He has unlimited potential, definitely selected Major Makundi for farther attendance at U. S. service.

This is in line with 27 years working in the Army retired with rank of Major, 24 years TPDF Infantry Course Commander periodically, 5 years as Member of Parliament, 5 years in the International Court of Tribunal for Rwanda (ICTR), 5 years as Shadow Minister for Defence and National Service. Further more there is something which is hidden to me that I bare or else a three war medals, here there. (Applause)

Honourable Speaker, finally what I'm going to do over there the major duties which are out of form is widening and develops cooperation in political, economic and social activities.

SPEAKER: *Major Makundi you have run out of time. Questions?*

OTHER MEMBERS: *No.*

SPEAKER: *Even from Honourable Kimaro.*

HON ALYCE KIMARO: *No question Sir (Applause)*

SPEAKER: *Thanks very much Major Makundi.*

MR. MAJOR JESSE J. MAKUNDI: *Thank you very much.*

SPIKA: *Aitwe sasa Dr. Muttamwega Mgaywa.*

SPEAKER: *Welcome to the house Dr. Mgaywa, you are given up to five minutes to explain yourself and the Members are liberty to ask you up to three questions. Could you please proceed!*

DR. MUTTAMWEGA MGAYWA: *Honourable Speaker, thank you I am Muttamwega Mgaywa, I think most of you, remember I was here for ten years as Member of Parliament being a friend of you doing together. Honourable Members of Parliament one of the treaties which we have made here it was East African Community. Why I am saying this? I want to show you that I know what I'm going to do in East African Community because I was one of Members of Parliament who participate in fully for this treatment.*

Honourable Members of Parliament I have a Degree, Ph.D. in International Business, so I hope what we are going to do in East Africa is business. We mean money for our people. I have already practised for this, I have been make the research in Kenya, I have been there 12 terms, I have been in Uganda six terms for research. I had made and conducted about four researches; one of them is East African opportunity in business.

Honourable Members you are going to vote me in order to present the people of Tanzania. In the community I will never say I'm TLP, I will say I'm a Tanzanian that what we need.

Honourable Members of Parliament I would like to thank you very much and God will help you to choose the right one. Honourable Speaker, thank you.

SPEAKER: *Any question? Honourable Kaboyonga*

HON. SIRAJI JUMA KABOYONGA: *Dr. Mgaywa I would like you to briefly explain to this house, what do you know or what does custom union in tails and you as likely Member of East African Legislative Assembly, what will you do in the that Assembly to insure that interest of Tanzania are safe guarded within the Custom Union?*

DR. MUTTAMWEGA MGAYWA: *Honourable Speaker thank you for Customs there is a treaty about Customs the treaty is about the tax and now Tanzania is not paying tax for some items. (Applause)*

SPEAKER: *Order please.*

DR. MUTTAMWEGA MGAYWA: *Tanzania is not paying tax for some items and this treaty is for five years in customs. Uganda they paying about ten percent, Kenya they are paying 25 percent to export to some countries including Tanzania and Uganda. So what I'm going to do. I'm going to help my people in Tanzania, firstly to export in Kenya and Uganda and then we can enjoy the Custom Union fever. Thank you honourable.*

SPEAKER: *Thank you Mr. Mgaywa. Aitwe sasa Dr. Fortunatus Lwanyantika Masha. Dr. Masha, you are welcome to the house. You have up to five minutes to explain yourself to the Members of this House and thereafter they may choose to ask anything up to three questions may you proceed now please.*

DR. FORTUNATUS L. MASHA: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Ministers, Honourable Members of Parliament it is with great humility that I come before you to ask for your vote to become a Member of East African Legislative Assembly. But allow me first to pay tribute to you personally and Members of the House for the wonderful job this house is doing at has restored honour and respect to Parliamentarian among Tanzanians. (Applause)*

SPEAKER: *Order please.*

DR. FORTUNATUS L. MASHA: *Mr. Speaker I also wish to pay tribute to his Excellence The President Kikwete and his cabinet for the wonderful job they have done in the last year. We have a very popular President through his vigour and commitment he has restored in my judgement respect to public service and I wish them well.*

Mr. Speaker, I'm coming to asking for your votes so that I may contribute to the realization of that honourable goal that most of our African leaders the goal which enshrines the ideas of Pan-Africanism Ideas which even our let President Nyerere did so much to realize. I'm asking for your votes so that I may be the part of that as I believe that the East African Community and eventually as we go into the federation is just a step to realization of the United Africa.

Mr. Speaker, I have lived to see the previous community, I have lived to see when we had a monitory union in East Africa when we used the East African Shilling, I have lived to see when we had common services where the movement of labour for the Railways, Harbours, Airway and so forth where all open to all East Africans and indeed If I'm dear little person I worked for the East African Airways in Nairobi and feel very great full. It that kind of dream that perhaps existed then that we might to get the revival and the return to a period when East Africa becomes one again, people can move freely

work freely wherever they are, go to university wherever they are; I know that many of you might I have gone to the University of East Africa. This kind of things that will give honour and greatness to our entire continent.

I have worked to the United Nations for more than 20 years, learnt a lot during those years. Working to the peoples from different cultures and backgrounds very successful. I promise you to bring to the East African Legislative Assembly whatever the skills I acquired in diplomacy and negotiation to ensure that we create a great East Africa and in the process the great Tanzania. I prayed to God to that this generation will live up to the challenge which will follow us and will be able to do great things in East Africa thank very much Mr. Speaker I ask for your vote Members of Parliament, thank you.

SPEAKER. *Any, question? Mheshimiwa Lotto. The members are permitted to ask you a question in Swahili but the answer has to be in English.*

MHE. SAMEER I. LOTTO: *Kwa kuwa Mgombea amemsifu sana Rais wetu na amesifu Wabunge na Bunge kwa ujumla lakini Bunge hili na Rais pamoja wengi wetu tumetoka kwenye Chama cha Mapinduzi. Je, anazungumziaji Chama cha Mapinduzi kama Mgombea kutoka chama kingine.*

SPEAKER: *No I rule that out of order because there is no need for an opinion on CCM, any other question? Thank you Dr. Masha. Mgombea anayefuata Profesa Mwesiga Laurent Baregu. Welcome to the house Prof. Baregu. Prof. Baregu you have up to five minutes to explain yourself to the house your CV Activities after that the members are at liberty to ask you up to three questions which all has to be in English.*

MR. PROF. MWESIGA L. BAREGU: *Honourable Speaker and Honourable Members of this August House thanks you very much. My name is Mwesiga Baregu I trust you already have my CV and other details. I can not trust however that necessarily no why I'm here. I'm here basically to ask you to kindly offer me an opportunity to serve this country. Not that I have not had opportunity, I had the opportunity before but I would like to serve this country in the capacity that will take advantage of experience and knowledge that I have been working with of the last few years.*

Mr. Speaker, it is honour and great privilege to stand here and address this house. Let me say in opening my remarks that those know me know that throughout my life history I have been a Pan-Africanist, because you have read my writings different kinds of writings we are test to that. I 'm be kind Pan-Africanist that basically is a Student of Kwame Nkrumah, Julias Nyerere, Karume and non other than Kingunge Ngombale Mwiru.

These are the great men are many others that have inspired my intellectual role in this area. I'm completely committed Mr. Speaker to the idea of Pan-Africanism particularly at this point in time and this point in our history. Globalization and it has

been described in different terms particularly in Swahili the late Prof. Chachage my colleague who had said Utandawazi.

Let me say that, in very objective terms globalization requires that Africa gets its act together. I do believe myself very firmly that the future generation of Africa can only survive if African countries together organised the economists together and organised the political authority as a unity.

Clearly this process will not be as fast wherever will it be at the beginning for the last 60 years we have been trying to get closer. You remember the Abuja plan, you remember the Lagos plan of action, you remember the Africa Economic Unity and finally now we have The African Union. In all these endeavours we have not really been able to achieve what was intended and there for my major contribution if I'm elected by you August Members and send to East African Legislative Assembly would be to try modestly probably but to try and make a difference.

Let me then by the way of elaborating on the point I have made I will just very quickly and very briefly speak about four things. The first thing is defending the national interest in the East African Community. The second thing which I will talk about is repositioning Tanzania in East African Community. The third point will be the importance of time work and finally I will conclude on drawing distinction between party politics and national politics on the national interest.

Mr. Speaker, there is a reason I'm saying that we need to organise the source if I go to the Assembly one of the challenges I face is to be able to balance between the interest of Tanzania as country and the interest of collectivity of East Africans and therefore what we will need to do and what I will try to accomplish is to make sure that Tanzania interest.

SPEAKER: *You run out of time.*

PROF. MWESIGA L. BAREGU: *I'm sorry may be this because being a Professor, but I would like you to please give me your vote and I know you know that I can deliver. Thank you a lot.*

SPEAKER: *Question? Eng. Manyanya.*

HON. ENG. STELLA MANYANYA: *Honourable Speaker thank you I have only one question. I believe that women play great role in economic development and in opposition you have only one seat, and also in SADC countries we request to attain at least 50 percent of women representation what is going to be your opinion if we are advice you to leave this chance for a women?*

SPEAKER: *I Ruled question out of order, we cant seek your opinions. Ahsante sana Profesa.*

PROF. MWESIGA L. BAREGU: Mheshimiwa Spika, ahsante sana.

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge kwa masikitiko makubwa nataka kusema kwamba nimepokea taarifa kwamba wagombea wote wawili wa *CUF* wameondoka bila taarifa. Naihesabu hii kuwa ni dharau kubwa sana kwa Bunge kwa sababu hata kama wanapinga yaliyotokea hapa uungwana ungehitaji waandike barua kwa Spika anayesimamia uchaguzi kusema wanaondoka katika ule ukumbi walimowekwa.

Badala yake hawakufanya hivyo, hawakumwarifu Afisa yoyote wameondoka tu na kwenda zao. Kwa hiyo, mimi sidhani kwa tabia hizi wanakisaidia sana chama hicho na pengine ndiyo tunaanza kupata sura ya baadhi ya vyama hivi. (*Makofi*)

Kwa sababu hili ni Bunge haliwezi kufanyiwa dharau za namna hii nitatafuta ushauri wa Kamati husika kujua tufanye nini kwa kitendo hicho peke yake kwa sababu si kitendo cha uungwana hata kidogo. (*Makofi*)

Kwa hiyo, baada ya kusema hivyo naomba sasa karatasi zigawanywe. Majina mawili ya mwisho msiyafikirie tupige kura kwa hawa watano tu.

MHE. ANNA M. ABDALLAH: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mwongozo wa Spika, mimi nashauri nakuomba hivi ingewezekana waitwe ili wasifike kuliko kwamba umepata taarifa. Mimi nakuomba waite majina humu ndani tukae kidogo wasifike, tuthibitisha kwamba hawakuja. Vinginevyo wanaweza wakasema kwamba walikuwepo ni hilo tu. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Nashukuru sana ushauri wa Mheshimiwa Anna Abdallah, nadhani ni sahihi kabisa ingwa tumetuma Maafisa wetu wa Bunge wamewatafuta sehemu zote tusije tukaamua tu hivi pengine kweli wanaudhuru. Kwa hiyo, sasa namwita Mheshimiwa Profesa Abdallah Jumbe Safari.

Tutasubiri kwa dakika chache kwa sababu anasikia kama yupo hapa karibu.

(Hapa Bunge lilimsubiri Profesa Abdallah Jumbe Safari aingie ukumbini)

SPIKA: Sasa nimepata taarifa rasmi Profesa Safari alikwishaondoka. Kwa hiyo, tunauhakika. Namwita sasa Ndugu Abdul-Rahaman Muhammed Dedes.

(Hapa Bunge lilimsubiri Ndugu Abdul-Rahaman Muhammed Dedes aingie ukumbini bila kutokea)

SPIKA: Huyu naye Mgombea Muhammad Abdul-Rahman Dedes, hayupo. Karatasi mnagawiwa hivi sasa za kupigia kura. Sasa hao nadhani mnajua la kufanya. Kwenye kundi hili ni kura moja tu. Unapiga vema moja na kama umekosea, basi unyoshe mkono, maanake hatukutamka. Karatasi pale, kila mara pale kwa Mheshimiwa Lekule O. Laizer, Mheshimiwa Wilson M. Masilingi, mnachelewa kuzifikisha pale. Kura moja tu Waheshimiwa.

Upande huu wa kulia, yeyote ambaye hajapata karatasi ya kupigia kura! Naona wote tayari. Masanduku hayo! Haya kusanyeni kura sasa! Karatasi bado wapi? Oh, Mheshimiwa Jenista J. Mhagama, Mheshimiwa Job Y. Ndugai pale. Karatasi zote zimekusanywa? Aah, bado hapa upande wa kulia hapa kwa Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri Mheshimiwa Lawrence K. Masha, Mheshimiwa Job Y. Ndugai. Wewe kijana karibu ya Mheshimiwa James Musalika, rudi huku, hazijakusanywa hizi hapa kwa Mheshimiwa Jesnista J. Mhagama hadi kwa Mheshimiwa Naibu Waziri, Mheshimiwa Gaudentia M. Kabaka, Naibu Waziri wa Maji, hapa kwa Mheshimiwa Philip S. Marmo. Tayari eeh!

(Hapa Karatasi za kupigia kura ziligawiwa kwa Wabunge)

Ambaye hajatumbukiza kura yake, anyooshe mkono. Tayari zote. Sasa, tunaingia kundi la mwisho, kundi la Tanzania Bara. Aitwe Mgombea Goodluck Joseph Ole-Medeye.

Welcome to the House, Mr Goodluck Ole-Medeye! Mr. Ole-Medeye, you have five minutes to explain yourself before Members of the House. They might ask you up to three questions. Please, proceed!

MR. GOODLUCK J. OLE-MEDEYE: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Prime Minister, Honourable Ministers, Honourable Deputy Ministers, Honourable Members of Parliament, Your Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen; Standing before you is Goodluck Joseph Ole Medeye, aspirant for the position of the Member of the East African Legislative Assembly.*

Honourable Speaker, I wish due respect to confirm that the information that's my personal particulars as presented on page 27, are correct, say that I need to add a minor point in order to give you the basis to make well informed decision about me.

Honourable Speaker, in addition to the information presented, I'm also trained as an ICT Regulator and I'm the Founder of SADC Network for Capacity Building and Knowledge Exchange in ICT's Policy and Regulations.

Honourable Speaker, the motive behind my desire to be part of the East African Legislative Assembly is to apply the accumulated knowledge and experience in various fields in Public Sector to contribute towards enhancement of the current arrangement cooperation between our partner states as well as promote and protect the interest of our Nation through the East African Legislative Assembly.

Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members of Parliament, I now have the honour to kindly seek your mandate through your votes to let me be part of the Tanzanian Team that will represent our Nation at The East African Legislative Assembly.

Honourable Speaker, thank you and may God bless you!

SPEAKER: *Thank you! Members. Any questions?*

MPs: *No questions!*

SPEAKER: *No questions. Okay Mr. Ole-Medeye, the best of luck!*

Aitwe sasa Dr. Didas John Massaburi. *Welcome to the House Dr. Didas John Massaburi. You have up to five minutes to explain yourself before Members of the House and there after they are at liberty to ask you up to three questions. You may now proceed, please!*

DR. DIDAS J. MASSABURI: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Pime Minister, Honourable Ministers, Honourable MPs. My name is Didas John Massaburi. My Bio-data are on page 27 of this booklet.*

I'm standing in front of you here to request you to vote for me so that I can represent our country in the East African Legislative Assembly. My background, I'm very rich in Contracts and Projects Management. I'm also an International Consultant in Procurement who is listed in the World Bank Consultants Data Base.

Honourable Speaker, I'm also an experienced Politician who shall be potential to the forthcoming federation.

Honourable Speaker, if the MPs shall vote for me, I shall use this background to ensure that the Tanzania's interests are safe guarded in the Community. Given that I'm a Politician, I shall participate very actively in the federation. With these few remarks, I beg for your votes so that I can represent Tanzania in the East African Legislative Assembly. Thank you!

SPEAKER: *Order, order please! No clapping please! Any questions!*

MPs: *No Questions!*

SPEAKER: *Questions?*

MPs: *No!*

SPEAKER: *Okay, Dr. Massaburi!*

DR. DIDAS J. MASSABURI: *Please, vote for Dr. Massaburi!*

SPIKA: *Mwiteni sasa Evod Mmanda Herman!*

Welcome into the House Mr. Evod Mmanda. Mr. Mmanda, you have five minutes to explain yourself and thereafter the Members are at liberty to ask you anything up to three questions. You may now proceed to address!

Honourable Speaker, Honourable Leader of Government Business in the House, Honourable Members of Cabinet, Honourable Members of Parliament. My Name is Evod Mmanda Herman. My Profile appears on page 28 and 29 of the booklet that you have. I am a Lawyer by Profession currently doing my practice in Dar es salaam. I have extensive experience in Legal work and other related issues. I have worked with a number of Organisations. I have travelled extensively and attended several courses that have exposed me to a number of skills and I strongly feel that I have the requisite qualities to represent our country in this Assembly.

Honourable Speaker, East African Legislative Assembly is a Law Making Institution and the Laws that are made in this Institution, demand a democratic process of negotiating and involving people so that interest of the country can not be left out. In order to ensure that our interest and agenda are taken on board, an input of competent professional skilled Lawyer is needed. In view of that, Honourable Members I humbly request you to vote for me so that I can give a quality representation of our country in this Assembly. I promise that I won't let you down, I won't let my country down. I humbly submit.

SPEAKER: *Questions, Members!*

MPs: *No Questions!*

SPEAKER: *No questions. Thank you very much Mr. Evod Mmanda Herman. Aje sasa Dr. George Francis Nangale!*

Welcome into the House Dr. Nangale! You have five minutes to explain about yourself and thereafter Members are at liberty to ask you up to three questions. You may now proceed to address us, please!

DR. GEORGE F. NANGALE: *Honourable Speaker, thank you!*

Honourable Speaker, Honourable Prime Minister, Honourable Members, My Name is George Francis Nangale, an incumbent member of the East African Legislative Assembly.

Honourable Speaker, five years ago, I was honoured and elected by this August House to represent Tanzania in the East African Legislative Assembly.

I want to assure you that during the entire period, I represented the country with 100% commitment and if I could...

(Here Clapping was heard from the Members)

SPEAKER: *Order please! Order! No clapping please!*

DR. GEORGE F. NANGALE: *Honourable Speaker, If I could borrow your words - "with speed and standards" (Applause)*

SPEAKER: *Order please!*

DR. GEORGE F. NANGALE: *Honourable Speaker, despite doing the Legislative duties, I also served as a Chairperson of the Committee on Communication, Trade and Investment which is the focal point in Customs Union, I also played a leading role in sensitising the people of East Africa on various issues related to the Community. I did produce two documentary films on East African Community, I wrote two books on East African Community as well. (Applause)*

Honourable Speaker, the importance of a continuity and Institutional memory, can not be over emphasized, is very important to our country. And having got the experience for the past five years, I am in position to continue working and serving my country for the second term and the last term. I am saying the last term because the Treaty for the Establishment of The East African Community, limit members to serve for not more than two terms.

Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members, I now humbly request you to vote for George Nangale, to vote for continuity! Thank you very much! (Applause)

SPEAKER: *Order, Order please! Aah! Hawa jamaa hawa! (Kicheko/Makofi)*

Any questions?!

MPs: *No!*

SPIKA: *Aha ah! Kuna swali pale. Mheshimiwa Peter Serukamba! Hapana, oh! Mheshimiwa Malima! Samahani siku... Mheshimiwa Adam K. Malima!*

HON. ADAM K. MALIMA: *Honourable Dr. Nangale, during your representation in the past five years as you mentioned, you are the Chairman, Co-Chair for the Communication, Trade and Investment Committee of the East African Legislative Assembly.*

Now that being one of the most important parts of the Assembly and as you were there for the past five years, why do you feel you want to go there again for the next five years and what is it that you are going to specifically represent in favour of Tanzania for the next five years in this specific areas? Honourable Speaker, Thank you!

DR. GEORGE F. NANGALE: *Honourable Speaker, thank you! To answer the question of the Honourable Member; East African Community at the moment is at the crucial stage. Negotiation on Common Market has just started and we all know that the process towards our federation is on way, Citizens of East Africa are being asked to provide their views on the integration process in particular on the federation issue. I think going back to the Assembly at this particular moment with my experience and knowledge will help to enhance Tanzania's position in the negotiation. East African Community is about negotiation. Thank you very much! (Applause)*

SPEAKER: *Questions? Ahsante sana Dr. Nangale.*

DR. GEORGE F. NANGALE: *Thank you! Naomba kura zetu zote!*

SPIKA: *Aitwe sasa Prof. Samwel Mwita Wangwe! Welcome into the House Prof. Samwel Wangwe! You have up to five minutes to explain yourself before the House and the Members of the House are at liberty after your presentation to ask you not more than three questions. You may now proceed to address us!*

PROF. SAMWEL M. WANGWE: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members of Parliament, thank you very much! My Name is Samwel Wangwe of CCM. It's not my first time to be here, last time I was here was in February 11th this year when you had just come through the heat of elections. At that time I didn't know that I would come back on a different mission this time to ask for your mandate for me to be one of the representatives of the Tanzanians in the East African Legislative Assembly.*

Honourable Speaker, I am here to witness a situation where I am asking for the mandate to fulfil an agenda. At the end of the day, you will have elected nine Tanzanians to go and represent Tanzania in the EALA. My wish is to see, if I am among them, to see the nine Tanzanians playing as a team and perform as a team. I know the Kenyans and Ugandans have already selected their first eleven. And I am certain that this Honourable House is not going to select second eleven. It will also select first eleven in order to be at par with the Kenyans. (Applause)

Now, what do I have to offer in that team? I have inside information of where the Community has come from, where the Community is and where it is going after having been associated with it for the last nine years since its establishment. And my last association with it was just last month when I handed a report of a team I was leading in which we articulated the five year development strategy.

And I can assure you fellow Tanzanians, we are going to a very very challenging phase in which you have to negotiate the consolidation of the Customs Union, we have to negotiate the Common Market Protocol, we have to make Preparations for the Monetary Union, and these require very advanced analysis indeed and I thought having prepared that plan, I should be able to ask for the opportunity to supervise the implementation of that plan. (Applause)

SPEAKER: *Order, order please!*

PROF. SAMWEL M. WANGWE: *Lastly, I would like to see myself fulfil the agenda of representing views of Tanzanians in the Assembly. And recently, I had an opportunity to be appointed as Chairman of the Committee to collect views on the federation in which I have the opportunity to go round the whole country, all 26 regions we shall make sure we visit them, collect views of Tanzanians and we shall make sure we collect views from the Members of the Assembly so that when I go there, I can go full equipped with views of Tanzanians to be able to represent Tanzania there.*

Lastly, my interactions with various Members, top expert from Kenya, from Uganda and having led their teams, I know how they argue, I know how they negotiate, I have inside information about their capabilities. I am sure in collaboration with the team which we shall be elected today, we shall be able to be at par and be able to represent Tanzania effectively in that team.

Honourable Speaker, with that, I would like to submit and ask for votes from all of you. Thank you very much!

SPEAKER: *Any questions, Members? Oh! I wish Honourable Kaboyonga would...any way, okay!*

HON. SIRAJU J. KABOYONGA: *Honourable Speaker, thank you for giving me this opportunity to ask my Professor some clarification especially because I know he is one of those good materials for the position we are trying to get...*

SPEAKER: *Ask the question please! (Laughter)*

HON. SIRAJU J. KABOYONGA: *Honourable Speaker, my question is, under the East African Treaty, there at least four steps:- Custom Union, Common Market, Common Currency and Political federation. My interest is on the Common Currency. Professor, what will it take for the three Countries to have a Common Currency under the current situation where the three countries are at different levels of economic development and more so with Currencies of different strength in relation to foreign currencies?*

PROF. SAMWEL M. WANGWE: *Honourable Speaker, thank you! It's a pleasure for me to receive a question from my student. (Laughter)*

Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members, the key issue before one gets into Monetary Union - Common Currency, is to ensure one consolidate a single market and that's consolidation of the Customs Union, and to ensure that one commonises macro economic policies and other policies so that the whole region has very similar kinds of policies. Levels of development are not a key issue there. However, concerning the position of Tanzania, we have lessons to learn and being a disadvantaged economy, that does not necessarily mean that you will be disadvantaged.

In the European Union, Ireland which was one of the poorest countries in the union, has been the fastest growing economy in the Union because of the way it is organized. And my task will be to push for a situation where we organize in such a way that the disadvantaged partners do not lose out in the Cooperation. (Applause)

SPEAKER: *Order, order please! I think I must permit Professor Wangwe to leave because there are so much clapping. Thank you very much!*

PROF. SAMWEL M. WANGWE: *Thank you very much!*

SPIKA: Mwiteni sasa Dr. Norman Adamson Sigalla! *Welcome into the house Dr. Sigalla! Dr. Sigalla, you have up to five minutes to explain yourself before Members of the House and the Members have the privilege to ask you up to three questions after your presentation. Please address the Members!*

DR. NORMAN A. SIGALLA: *Honourable Speaker, thank you very much!*

Honourable Speaker, Honourable Members of this Assembly, my name is Dr. Norman Adamson Sigalla.

Honourable Speaker, first of all I would like to appreciate by thanking you very much for the confidence you rendered to me some seven months ago when you voted me to the East African Legislative Assembly. Thank you very much!

Mr. Speaker Sir, it was because of that confidence your respected Assembly rendered to me I was able to participate fully into two Committees that is Legal Committee of East African Legislative Assembly and the Water Natural Resources and Environment Committees.

Mr. Speaker Sir, it was because of the same confidence you rendered to me I was able to chair the International Conference on Residing Water Levels which was conducted in Kisumu Kenya and due participants from the three Assemblies that is from Tanzania, Kenya and Uganda. At what I want do to, is due to participant scientific personnels of water management from seven countries.

Mr. Speaker Sir, it was because of the same confidence to me the Speaker of East African Legislative Assembly recognized the potentials in me and for so he appointed me in some occasions to represent him in International Forum including the Commonwealth Parliamentary Session which was conducted in Accra Ghana.

Honorable Speaker, this is just an experience of seven months. What if you give me five years?

SPEAKER: *Order please. No clapping.*

MR. NORMAN SIGALLA: *I therefore Mr. Speaker Sir, humbly ask before you, ask you Members of this Assembly to vote for me that I may serve the nation for the entire five years. Thank you so much.*

SPEAKER: *Members questions. One question from Honorable Malima. This new hair style unajua ahaa jamani, nyie Wabunge vijana sasa mnanyoa vipara tunashindwa, napata sura kwamba ni mzee kumbe ni kijana. (Kicheko)*

HON. ADAM K. A. MALIMA: *Dr. Sigalla in the seven months that you have been in the East African Legislative Assembly you have represented Tanzania in the*

Legal, Water Natural Resources and the Committee to evaluate the weaknesses of the East African Treaty.

What is it do you feel that you are going to do for Tanzania in this specific areas in the next five years if this a esteemed House give you its consent? Thank you.

MR. NORMAN SIGALLA: *Thank you very much. Mr. Speaker Sir, in the next five years I should may be cement on what I have experienced on the seven months. Mr. Speaker Sir, I will cooperate with my colleagues whom you will today of course elect to the East African Legislative Assembly to ensure that we deal with anything that is of profit to Tanzania and the East African Assembly. And therefore realizing the weaknesses that I found in the treaty as far as the experience I have had in the seven months. I will ensure that we cooperate while communicating with the Members who have elected us to see what are the priorities of the country before we move forward. Thank you.*

SPEAKER: *Questions, no more. Thanks very much Dr. Sigalla. Ahaa jamani, order please!*

Sasa aitwe Mgombea Dr. Richard Simon Kasungu. Welcome into the House Dr. Kasungu. Dr. Kasungu you will have the opportunity for not more than five minutes to address us and there after Members have the opportunity also to ask you not more than three questions. Could you please go ahead!

MR. DR. RICHARD SIMON KASUNGU: *Honorable Speaker, Honorable Prime Minister, Honorable Members of Parliament Ladies and Gentlemen Asalaam Alekum. Praise the Lord.*

The information that you have been given concerning my experience and knowledge is correct. We have decided to establish the East African Community, starting with the customers union, a common market, a monetary union and lastly a political federation. Establishing a viable economic community is a challenging task which will require the partner states to adhere to committed protocols, and they have to adhere to their obligations to finance the activities of the communities. I working very close with you, will advice our government so that we meet these challenges.

When capital and labor will start moving freely among the partner states will have challenges of employment and land ownership among our people. Employment problems will arise because regional integrations open up opportunities for people to have employment. And therefore it will bring up our youth and women specifically to compete with their colleagues in Kenya and Uganda for these opportunities.

As far as land, problems were rise, they were rise because we have abundant land compare to Kenya and Uganda. So, when we open up our borders our partners will be temperate to come to Tanzania to share these resources with us. It will be up to me working very closely with you to advice our Government so that we come with policy

options that will protect our national interest without jeopardizing the interest of the East African Community.

Ladies and Gentlemen, I ask for your votes so that we can work together to form a formidable East African Community, leaders, Speaker Samuel John Sitta, Prime Minister Edward Ngoyai Lowassa I ask for your votes so that you can give me a chance to use my knowledge to build a formidable East African Community. Thank you very much I submit.

Waheshimiwa, Ladies and Gentlemen, I ask for your votes, leaders, Speaker Sitta and Prime Minister Edward Lowassa, I ask for your votes so that we can work together to form a formidable East African Community. Thank you very much.

SPEAKER: *Questions Members. No questions Dr. Kasungu thanks very much.*

MR. DR. KASUNGU: *Thank you very much.*

SPIKA: *Sasa aitwe Dr. Amani Walid Kabourou. Naona sisi ambao hatuna Ph.D kwa mambo haya nadhani hatuwezi kugombea kabisa. Kila mtu Doctor tu. (Kicheko)*

Welcome into the House Dr. Kabourou. Order please! Dr. Kabourou you have up to five minutes to explain yourself before the House and the Members may ask you up to three questions. Please proceed.

DR. AMANI WALID KABOUROU: *Thank you Honorable Speaker, thank you Honorable Members of Parliament for allowing me these few minutes to ask you for your votes so that I can be a Member of the East African Legislative Assembly. But before I continue really I would like to thank my party for giving me this opportunity to contest. (Applause)*

SPEAKER: *Order, order please.*

DR. AMANI WALID KABOUROU: *Honorable Speaker my name is Dr. Amani Walid Kabourou. I have been a Member of Parliament for ten years and is through this Parliament that I get the opportunity to represent Tanzania in the Pan African Parliament. And when I entered the Pan African Parliament I decided to join the trade customers and immigration committee knowing very well that the trend in these days is to make sure that we have trading blocks we have bigger markets in Africa so that we can attract more investments and in that way create opportunities for our people to get jobs.*

And I would like to say Honorable Speaker that, I am sure I gained some variable experience in this areas of international relations in this area of African Solidarity and I would like Honorable Speaker to ask this August House, to give me an opportunity to use that political experience that I gained as a results of your magnanimity that I should have an opportunity to work for Tanzania in the East African legislative Assembly and make sure that we protect our interest because we are at the very beginning of this process.

And I wouldn't want to let this opportunity sleep by, I would like to be voted in the East African Legislative Assembly so that I can be part and parcel of ensuring they continues the self sustenance of Tanzania within the East African Community.

Honorable Speaker, I therefore would like to humbly ask this House to vote me into the East African Legislative Assembly and help me work for my Nation. Thank you very much. (Applause)

SPEAKER: *Order, order please. Questions? No questions. Honorable Kabourou thank you very much.*

DR. AMANI WARIDI KABOUROU: *Thank you Sir.*

SPIKA: *Sasa Daktari wetu wa mwisho ni Dr. H. Mpoki Mafwenga. Welcome into the House Dr. Mafwenga. Dr. Mafwenga you have up to five minutes to address us and thereafter Members are free to ask you up to three questions. Please proceed to address us.*

HANDLEY MPOKI MAFWENGA: *Thank you Honorable Speaker, Honorable Members of Parliament, Ladies and Gentlemen. I am Dr. H. Mpoki Mafwenga from the Ministry of Finance. I am the Principal Finance Management Officer dealing with physical policy issues. I have been dealing with regional revenue policy issue as well. By virtual of article of 49 of the EAC treaty which stipulate the functions of the legislative assembly, I will be able to preserve room for the efficient and effective fast deliver of the programs of the EAC so as to make good that I do protect the interest of the future generation. On top of that taking into account that I have a comprehensive academic back ground in taxation and finance because I have Advance Diploma in Tax Management, a Post Graduate Diploma in Tax Management, and Masters of Science in Finance and Ph.D in Finance.*

I am sure for sure I will couple 100% because all functions that deals with the community does cover about 90% of the qualification which I do have. May I kindly request you Honorable Members of the Parliament to vote for Dr. H. Mpoki Mafwenga. Thank you. (Applause)

SPEAKER: *Questions.*

MHE. HAROUB S. MASOUD: *Mheshimiwa Spika, nina swali moja ambalo naomba kumwuliza Dr. Mpoki.*

SPEAKER: *He is permitted to ask question in Swahili. We want to know about the candidates.*

MHE. HAROUB S. MASOUD: *Katika Wagombea wote wewe ni mgombea pekee ambaye umeonyesha kwamba ni mwana sports, tena mwana sports mwenyewe inaonyesha ni mwanachama wa Simba. Sasa; je, ukichaguliwa utakuzaje michezo nchini kwetu Tanzania na Afrika Mashariki kwa ujumla?*

SPEAKER: *He rule it out of order because it is of no benefit to our negotiation in the Community. Questions? Thank you very much Dr. Mafwenga.*

DR. HANDLEY. MPOKI MAFWENGA: *I respect all your votes' thank you.*

SPIKA: Gawa karatasi. Hapa Waheshimiwa Wabunge, mnachagua majina matatu, kwa hiyo, vema ni tatu. Waheshimiwa Wabunge gani, hawajapata karatasi za kura? Leo mmeruka hapa sasa. Waheshimiwa Mawaziri hapa na kule Mheshimiwa Elisa Mollel bado? Ambao hawana karatasi wanyooshe mikono tafadhali.

Kwa Mheshimiwa Dr. Mwakyembe pale Mbunge wa Kyela na hapa kwa Waheshimiwa Naibu Waziri. Bado mstari ule. Kila mmoja wetu sasa amepata karatasi ya kupigia kura? Sote tumepata haya majina matatu, vema tatu zikizidi kura imeharibika. Onyesha masanduku, anza kukusanya kura.

Kuna karatasi ya kura haijakusanywa alaa! Hapa tena. Kwa Mheshimiwa Mwenegoha kule. Sote tayari zimekusanywa sasa? Tayari.

Waheshimiwa Wabunge, napenda kuwashukuru sana kwa uvumilivu wenu. Alaa! Bado? Naibu Waziri Mahiza pale. Mheshimiwa Arfi wala hajapiga. Alitoka. Mpeni karatasi. Naona Mheshimiwa Arfi anaelekezwa na Mheshimiwa Laizer haitakiwi hivyo. Msitumie vibaya ujirani hapo. Kura ni siri. Tayari.

Waheshimiwa Wabunge, narejea tena kuwashukuru kwa uvumilivu wenu hapa ndiyo tumefikia nisiseme tamati, kwa maana tu ya kupiga kura tumefikia mwisho nadhani ni vizuri tu niwafahamishe kwamba makundi matatu tayari tumepata matokeo na hakuna waliofungana kwa hiyo, tutayatangaza saa 11.00 kundi hili kidogo gumu kwa maana ni watatu katika tisa katika kuhesabu. Kwa hiyo, naona haitawezekana tukasubiri zaidi nadhani ni vizuri tuwape nafasi twende tukapate chakula cha mchana turejee saa 11.00 matokeo yote kwa pamoja. Ahsante sana.

Naomba tu kutangaza kwamba wale Wajumbe wa *Amani Forum* wanaombwa na Mheshimiwa William Ngeleja kukutana katika Ukumbi wa Pius Msekwa, mara baada ya uchaguzi kukamilika. Sasa maana yake hii nadhani jioni. Mheshimiwa Ngeleja ebu fafana.

MHE. WILLIAM M. NGELEJA: Mheshimiwa Spika, nilikuwa namaanisha baada ya kukamilika uchaguzi kwa maana ya matokeo kwa hiyo, itakuwa jioni.

SPIKA: Basi ni baada ya saa 11. 00 hatutakaa sana nadhani saa 11.30 tutakuwa tumemaliza. Kwa hiyo, ni baada ya saa 11.00.

Naomba niwasomee nadhani hawa wenzetu walikuwa wanasikiliza tunavyoendelea na shughuli wameandika sasa barua, Profesa Abdallah Safari na Mohamed Dedes inasomeka kwa Katibu wa Bunge, kuacha kuendelea kugombea baada ya pingamizi yetu kujibiwa nje ya wakati na wapiga kura wetu kutoka nje ya ukumbi.

Tunaomba kukuarifu kuwa mara baada ya Kiongozi wa Upinzani, kuomba ufafanuzi kutoka kwa Spika na hatimaye kutoka nje ukumbi ilibidi tuongozane na Wabunge hao ili kupata ufafanuzi na maamuzi ya Chama chetu. Kwa kuzingatia mazingira hayo sisi tumejitoa katika kinyang'anyiro hicho.

Tunakushukuru kwa ushirikiano wako imewekwa sahihi Profesa Abdallah Safari na Bwana Mohamed Dedes wagombea wa *CUF*. Baada ya tangazo hilo sasa nasitisha shughuli za Bunge hadi hapo saa 11.00. (*Makofi*)

(*Saa 8.27 Mchana Bunge lilifungwa Mpaka Saa 11.00 jioni*)
(*Saa 11.00 jioni Bunge lilirudia*)

SPIKA: Katibu kwa shughuli inayofuata.

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA – KATIBU WA BUNGE: Shughuli za uchaguzi wa Wabunge wa Bunge la Afrika Mashariki zinaendelea.

SPIKA: Hiyo *microphone* ni mbovu au namna gani!

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA – KATIBU WA BUNGE: Uchaguzi wa Wabunge wa Bunge la Afrika Mashariki shughuli inaendelea.

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, nimeona kwa kuwa kwa utaratibu pengine wahusika wanaweza kupenda kusema neno ama kukosoa kilichotokea, wanapewa fursa hiyo na kwa kuzingatia kwamba tuna nafasi ya kutosha kutokana na wenzetu walioamua kususia ningeomba Katibu kwamba wagombea wote waliopo waje tena humu ndani. Kwa sababu Kanuni bado inaruhusu. Karibuni Waheshimiwa, nani anayewaongoza sasa? Ningeshuri tuwapigie makofi. (*Makofi*)

Waheshimiwa ni mahali pale pale mlipokuwa. Sasa namwita *Returning Officer* wetu Katibu wa Bunge, aweze kutangaza matokeo.

ND. DAMIAN S. L. FOKA – KATIBU WA BUNGE: Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba kutoa taarifa kwa mujibu wa utaratibu namba 13(a) na (b) ambao umewekwa na Bunge hili. Naanza na kundi la wanawake. Idadi ya kura zilizopigwa ni 244. Idadi ya kura zilizoharibika ni nne.

Matokeo ni kama ifuatavyo:- Dr. Rose Lilian Maeda kura 39, Ndugu Hulda Stanly Kibacha kura 57, Dr. Tereza Luoga Huvisa kura 59, Ndugu Janeth Zebedayo Mbene kura 80, Ndugu Mahfoudha Alley Hamid kura 105, Ndugu Sylvia Kate Kamba kura 117, Ndugu Janeth Deo Mmari kura 126, Ndugu Sebtuu Mohamed Nassor kura 135. (*Makofi*)

Kwa utaratibu huu wa wingi wa kura waliochaguliwa ni wafuatao:- Ni Ndugu Septuu Mohamed Nassor, Ndugu Janeth Deo Mmari na Ndugu Sylvia Kate Kamba. Hili ni kundi la wanawake. (*Makofi*)

Naingia kundi la Tanzania Zanzibar. Idadi ya kura zilizopigwa ni 244. Hakuna kura iliyoharibika. Matokeo ni kama ifuatavyo:- Dr. Makame Ali Ussi kura 25, Balozi Isaac Abraham Sepetu kura 36, Ndugu Nassoro Juma Mugwel kura 60, Ndugu Remidius Edington Kissassi kura 75, Dr. Said Gharib Bilal kura 126, Ndugu Abdallah Ali Hassan Mwinyi kura 166. Waliochaguliwa ni Abdallah Ali Hassan Mwinyi na Dr. Said Gharib Bilal. Hili ni kwa kundi la wanaume Zanzibar. (*Makofi*)

Kundi (c) kundi la vyama vya upinzani. Kura zilizopigwa ni 244. Idadi ya kura zilizoharibika ni moja. Utakumbuka kwamba wagombea wawili katika kundi hili walijitoa. Nao ni Mohamed Abdul Rahman Dedis na Profesa Safari Abdallah Jumbe. Kwa wale walioshiriki matokeo ni kama ifuatavyo:-

Major Jessey Jeremiah Makundi, hakuna kura. Ndugu Dr. Muttamwega Bhatt Mgaywa, kapata kura 5, Ndugu Victoria Sara Mwanjisi kura 13, Profesa Mwesiga Laurent Baregu kapata kura 30 na Dr. Fortnatus Lwanyantika Masha kura 202. Aliyechaguliwa ni Dr. Fortnatus Lwanyantika Masha. (*Makofi*)

Kundi (d) kundi la Tanzania Bara wanaume. Idadi ya kura zilizopigwa ni 244. Idadi ya kura zilizoharibika ni moja. Matokeo ni kama ifuatavyo:-

Ndugu Ebot Manda Heryman kura 9, Dr. Richard Simon Kasungu kura 21, Dr. Hadley Mpoki Mwafyenga kura 27, Ndugu Goodluck Joseph Olmedee kura 51, Profesa Samwel Onesmo Wangwe kura 113, Dr. Norman Adamson Sigalla kura 124, Dr. Aman Walid Kabourou kura 130, Dr. George Francis Nangale kura 132 na Dr. Didas John Massaburi kura 157. Waliochaguliwa ni wafuatao: Dr. Didas John Massaburi, Dr. George Francis Nangale na Dr. Aman Walid Kabourou. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, hiyo ndiyo taarifa ya matokeo ya uchaguzi wa Wabunge la Bunge la Afrika Mashariki.

SPIKA: Ahsante sana Ndugu Katibu wa Bunge ambaye pia ni *Returning Officer, order please*. Hayo ndiyo matokeo na kabla sijawaita wagombea walioshinda ambao waliochaguliwa kwa ajili ya shukrani. Ningeomba wagombea hii ni fursa yenu kama kuna yeyote ana neno lolote kuhusu mwenendo wa uchaguzi, hii ndiyo nafasi yake ya kuweza kusema. Kwa hiyo, utasimama hapo ulipo Spika atakuona na nitakuruhusu uweze kusema unalotaka kusema.

PROF. SAMWEL M. WANGWE: Mheshimiwa Spika.

SPIKA: Aah! Chombo, toa kadi halafu *reinsert and then*, sawa sawa.

PROF. SAMWEL M. WANGWE: Najifunza hivyo. Mheshimiwa Spika, nilikuwa naomba hata wale ambao hawakufanikiwa kama unaweza kuwapa nafasi ya kushukuru kama inawezekana.

SPIKA: Ni wazo zuri. Basi nadhani kwa hiyo ili kuzuia uwezekano wa shamra shamra hapa mwanzo zikachukua nafasi kubwa mno ningeomba kwenye kundi la wanawake ukiacha Waheshimiwa Septuu, Mheshimiwa Janeth Mmari na Mheshimiwa Kate Kamba wale wengine kama wana neno la kusema. Tunaanza na kundi (a). Utaratibu ni ule ule, chomoa kadi irejeshe, bonyeza useme.

ND. ALLEY H. MAHFOUDHA: *Thank you Honourable Speaker.*

SPIKA: Kwa hatua hii mnaweza kuongea hata Kiswahili.

ND. ALLEY H. MAHFOUDHA: *It doesn't matter, I feel comfortable in English if you don't mind. I would like to take this opportunity to thank all the Members of Parliament who voted for me and those who did not vote for me. I feel that democracy has taken its course. And I wish my successor every success in her new job and I wish her good health and opportunities. Thank you very much. I thank you. (Applause)*

SPIKA: Yeyote mwingine anayetaka kuongea. Mheshimiwa Janeth Mbene.

ND. JANETH Z. MBENE: *Thank you very much Mr. Speaker and Honourable Members of Parliament. I would also wish to take advantage of this opportunity to thank all of you for your support, I would like to express that I have received a lot of support from many of you by the way of advice counseling and guidance. And I feel that, trimulate my colleague here, that democracy has taken place here and I really appreciate the whole process the way it went.*

I would like to accept the results and edge all those that has been selected to continue doing the good work that the other have done. I, as an expert in economic integretion and international trade, I am available for any kind of support, be consultancy and I would like to say again thank you very much and good luck and best wishes. (Applause)

SPIKA: *Well said, thank you very much. Kuna neno lolote? Msaidie Mheshimiwa Kibacha pale. Wewe kijana! Page Boy, msaidie, hakuna kadi. Mheshimiwa ameondoka na kadi naona.*

ND. HULDA S. KIBACHA: Mheshimiwa Spika, nami naomba nichukue nafasi hii awali ya yote kabisa kushukuru Waheshimiwa Wabunge kwa ushirikiano mkubwa ambao nimeuona wakati wa kampeni. Kwa kweli mimi nimetiwa moyo sana kwa sababu kila nilipoomba hakuna hata nikiangalia usoni sikuona mtu ambaye amefikiri kana kwamba alikuwa hanipi kura. Lakini haya ndiyo matokeo ya uchaguzi. Niwashukuru kwa kunipatia miezi saba, sasa mmeamua nipumzike.

Kwa hiyo, nawashukuru kwa kila jambo na wale ambao wamechaguliwa pia nawatakia kila la kheri, wale walio wanya, wale walio wa zamani, wanaendeleza yale ambayo yamekuwepo. Pale ambapo itahitajika uzoefu, kwa sababu mimi mzoefu, basi tunaweza tukashirikiana. Nashukuru sana. *(Makofi)*

SPIKA: Ahsante sana. Anayefuata Dr. Huvisa. Chomoa irejeshe humo humo halafu bonyesha cha kuzungumzia.

DR. HUVISA T. LUOGA: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu, Mawaziri na *Members of Parliament*. Mimi nasema ahsante sana. Shukrani zangu za dhati kwa Mwenyezi Mungu aliyetujalia uzima na kuwawezesha Waheshimiwa wote kuingia kwenye ukumbi huu na kuonyesha moyo wa upendo. Nasema ahsante kwa ushirikiano.

Lakini mimi binafsi naona nimebahatika kwa sababu unaona hata kutumia hiki kifaa nimejifunza leo. Kwa hiyo, hata kuingia tu ndani ya Ukumbi wa Waheshimiwa ni tuzo. Kwa hiyo, nasema ahsante sana na nitakuwa tayari kabisa kushirikiana na wale wenzetu ambao wamechaguliwa kwenda kutoa mchango wetu *East Africa* nawakaribisha Chuo Kikuu, kwa sababu Chuo Kikuu sisi tunatakiwa kutoa *challenges* za kila siku kama mnavyoona kuna Maprofesa walikuja ambao ni walimu wangu. Kwa hiyo, karibuni sana wakati wowote mnapohitaji msaada sisi tuko tayari ahsanteni. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Nadhani sasa tumemaliza kundi (a) ukiacha wale waliochaguliwa. Kwa hiyo, sasa nakwenda kundi (b) tuwasikie wale wengine ukiacha Mheshimiwa Mwinyi na Mheshimiwa Dr. Bilal. Balozi Sepetu.

BALOZI ISAAC A. SEPETU: Ahsante sana Mheshimiwa Spika. Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu na Waheshimiwa Wabunge wote, mimi nimesimama hapa kwanza kutoa shukrani. Shukrani kwa sababu mwaka 2001 ni Bunge hili hili liliniteua kunipeleka katika Bunge la Afrika Mashariki na safari hii Bunge hili hili limeamua kunipumzisha. Mimi nashukuru hiyo lakini pia nashukuru ushirikiano wote nilioupata wakati wa kampeni na moyo niliopewa katika kuangaika katika kampeni. Mimi nayakubali haya matokeo ni sahihi na hii ndiyo *democracy*. Hivyo kwa moyo mkunjufu kabisa na moyo wa shukurani nakwenda kweli kupumzika kwa sababu pia umri unahitaji hivyo. Ahsante sana. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Ahsante sana, mwingine.

ND. NASSOR J. MUGHEIRY: Mheshimiwa Spika, ningeomba kutoa shukrani nyingi kwako wewe na kwa Wabunge wote na vile vile kwa chama changu cha Mapinduzi, bila Chama Cha Mapinduzi nisingefika hapa. (*Makofi*)

Vile vile, natoa shukrani kwa wenzangu wote waliofanikiwa na hapa hapajakuwa na mshindi. Sote tumekuja hapa kutaka kutumikia nchi. Kwa hiyo, ni tegemeo langu wataitumikia nchi ipasavyo. Ahsante sana. (*Makofi*)

ND. REMIDIUS E. KISSASSI: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu, Waheshimiwa Wabunge wote, naomba kuchukua nafasi hii kukushukuruni kwa dhati kwa sababu demokrasia imefanya kazi pamoja na kwamba demokrasia ya nchi yetu bado ni changa. Lakini lazima tuanzie mahala na hapa imeonyesha upevu.

Mheshimiwa Spika, mimi naomba kukushukuru sana wewe na Waheshimiwa Wabunge wote kwa msaada na ushauri na mawazo ambayo yamenisaidia kunifikisha hapa nilipofika. Nina hakika basi leo sikushinda siku nyingine nitashinda. Hawa walioshinda nawatakia kazi njema na sisi tuko tayari kushirikiana pamoja ili kuendeleza nchi yetu. Ahsante sana. *(Makofi)*

DR. MAKAME ALI USSI: Mheshimiwa Spika, Waheshimiwa Wabunge wote, mabibi na mabwana. Kwanza kabisa ninapenda kushukuru utaratibu nzima uliopita wa kufanyiwa kura wagombea wote wa Afrika Mashariki na ninapenda kusema kwamba utaratibu nzima ulikwenda vizuri na umekwenda kidemokrasia na waliostahiki wamepita, ambao hawakustahiki siyo kwamba hawafai isipokuwa tu nafasi ni chache, kwa hiyo walitakiwa wachache. *(Makofi)*

Kwa hiyo, nashukuru sana kwa mashirikiano ya wenzetu hawa ambao wamepita wakati ule tulipokuwa tunapiga kampeni tulikuwa tunashirikiana kwamba tulikuwa hatujui nani atapita. Kila mahali tulikuwa tunapita wote. Kwa hiyo, pia nawashukuru Wabunge wote mikono ilikuwa mingi wakati mwingine wanachoka kupokea mikono lakini walitustahimilia na wakaweza kutupokea hivyo hivyo na kutuomba dua tuweze kufanikiwa. Nawashukuru wote kwa kura zote za mara mbili, mara ya kwanza wamenipa kura nzuri kabisa na mara hii wamenipa kura nzuri kabisa. Nawashukuru wote ahsanteni. *(Makofi)*

SPIKA: Tumemaliza kundi (b) ukiacha wale washindi ambao watakuwa na utaratibu tofauti. Sasa kundi (c) kundi la vyama vya upinzani. Kuna *Major* Makundi.

MAJOR JESSE J. MAKUNDI: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu, Mheshimiwa Balozi Getrude Mongella, Balozi wetu katika Bunge la Afrika. Mimi nimevutiwa sana na hali ulivyofanyika uchaguzi huu. Nakupongeza sana kwa kusimamia vizuri uchaguzi huu. Nawashukuru sana Wabunge waliopiga kura. Kura nilizopata siyo haba. *(Kicheko)*

Ni namba nzuri ya kuanzia. Nimekuja kujifunza, siku zote majeshi yanakwenda doria kwanza halafu kuja kufanya kazi vizuri baadaye. Kipindi hiki nawatakia kila la kheri wale waliochaguliwa waende kutuwakilisha vizuri kabisa katika Bunge la Afrika Mashariki. Wafanye yale ambayo yanahusu uzalendo kwanza kuliko ubinafsi. Ndiyo hicho kilichonipelekea mimi kujitosa kuja hapa kutafuta huu uzalendo kwanza angalau basi niwe katika hao aliochaguliwa, kuna mtu mmoja anaitwa *Political Militant Major* Makundi hapa, basi niliona labda hapo ndiyo mahali pake pa kwenda na hii timu kamili ya mashujaa wa nane waliotoka kwenye Chama Tawala, Chama Cha CCM.

Hivyo, mwisho tunasema bila kuwachosheni, nawatakieni kazi njema Waheshimiwa Wabunge kila la kheri katika Bunge letu la Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania, mtekeleze wajibu wenu vizuri hatimaye tutapata mafanikio na maendeleo katika Taifa letu.

Mheshimiwa Spika, nakushukuru sana. *(Makofi)*

SPIKA: Ahsante sana *Major* kwa matokeo haya hata Spika hawezi kukudanganya kwamba alikupigia kwamba alikupiga kura. (*Kicheko*)

Tunaendelea. Wakati wa kushukuru Dr. Rose Maeda alikuwa bado hajaingia humu ndani. Ameniletea karatasi kwamba angependa kushukuru. Nampa nafasi Dr. Rose Maeda.

DR. ROSE LILIAN MAEDA: Mheshimiwa Spika, Waheshimiwa Wabunge. Kwanza napenda kumshukuru Mungu kwa kuniwezesha kufikia hatua hii. Hii ni *attempt* yangu ya kwanza ya kisiasa na ninaahidi sitaishia hapo. (*Makofi*)

Nashukuru sana kwa kura zote, nashukuru kwa ushirikiano mzuri nilioupata kati ya Wabunge wote. Nawataki kazi njema, muendeleo kwenda mbele kutetea nchi yetu kwa sababu tunahitaji kutetewa. Mungu awabariki wote, ahsanteni. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Ahsante sana Dr. Tunaendelea kwenye kundi hilo la vyama vya upinzani kama kuna yeyote mwingine ambaye kundi (c) anapenda kusema neno! Naona Mheshimiwa Mwanjisi hayupo, Mheshimiwa Profesa Baregu hayupo, Mheshimiwa Mgaywa pia hayupo na wale waliojitoa. Kwa hiyo, kwa kundi hili tumemaliza. Sasa nakuja kundi la mwisho kundi (d) kundi la Tanzania Bara kama kawaida tukiacha wale ambao wamekwishachaguliwa kama kuna yeyote Waheshimiwa wagombea ambaye anataka kusema ama kushukuru natoa nafasi.

DR. HANDLEY M. MAFWENGA: Ahsante Mheshimiwa Spika, Waheshimiwa Wabunge wa Bunge la Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania, mimi binafsi najisikia furaha sana kwa sababu nilivyokuwa katika Chama changu cha Mapinduzi nilishika namba 9. Lakini Bunge la Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania limenipa namba 7. (*Makofi/Kicheko*)

Mimi hii naichukulia kwamba ni *challenge* labda pengine nizungumze tu kwamba nachukulia kwamba hii *it is more than politics* tunapozungumzia hii *Legislative Assembly* ya *East Africa*. *It is more than politics*.

Kwa hiyo, nawashukuru sana kwamba mmelijua hilo kwa kuchagua madaktari wenzangu wazuri Mheshimiwa Kabourou, Nangale na Massaburi ambao naamini watakapokuwa wakichapa kazi hawatanisahau kwa sababu kwa muda mfupi huu ambao tumekaa tumeshaafahamiana. (*Makofi*)

Kwa hiyo, napenda tena niwashukuru wote viongozi wangu, sitosita kuzungumza, Prof. wangu Mwakyusa ambaye ndiyo Mbunge wa Jimbo langu kwa kweli amenisaidia, Prof. Mwandosya amenisaidia sana, lakini ni lazima nizungumze niseme ukweli sio kwa maana ya kuwa na *interest* hapana, kuni-*encourage* kwamba *in the politics* kwa kweli kuna hili nenda, nenda. Lakini shukrani za pekee niseme tu mama kwa kweli nimejitahidi, sikukuangusha kuwa namba saba, nakushukuru sana, narudi Hazina kwenda kuchapa kazi na kuzitekeleza sera hizi hizi za *East Africa*. Kwa hiyo, nina imani

nitazitekeleza hizi sera *at the technicality level* ambapo Wabunge wataweza kwa njia moja au nyingi ku-*share ideas* na mimi.

Mheshimiwa Spika, nashukuru ahsanteni sana.

ND. OLE MEDEYE: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu, Waheshimiwa Mawaziri na Waheshimiwa Wabunge, naomba nitumie fursa hii kwanza kuwashukuruni nyote, tulikuwa hapa kuanzia Jumamosi iliyopita, tukipita kuomba *support* ya Waheshimiwa Wabunge na napenda kukiri kwamba walituunga mkono kwa kiasi kikubwa sana.

Kupata kura ni jambo moja, kupata yule wa kukufariji na kukutia moyo ni jambo kubwa sana ambalo kila binadamu anahitaji. Hasa wakati ule kwamba unafadhaika ukitafta kufikia lengo ulilonalo.

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa hiyo, naomba kwa ruhusa yako niwashukuruni nyote Waheshimiwa Wabunge kwa kuniunga mkono katika hatua hii. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, la pili naomba niwapongeze wenzangu wale ambao wameteuliwa na Bunge hili kutuwakilisha, nilipokuwa nikijieleza niliomba, naomba mnifanye sehemu ya timu itayokwenda ikiwa mtaona inafaa. Sasa naamini kabisa kwamba hao waliochaguliwa ni timu ya Tanzania na tunaamini watacheza ipasavyo ili kuhakikisha kwamba maslahi ya Taifa letu yanalindwa na sisi ambao tunapata fursa ya kushiriki kwenye mikutano ya Maafisa Waandamizi wa Afrika Mashariki, tutajitahidi sana kuwasaidia kadri inavyowezekana kwa kuzingatia taaluma zetu na maeneo tunayofanyia kazi. Nazidi kuwashukuruni na nasema kuvunjika kwa koleo sio mwisho wa uhunzi. Tutaendelea katika mchakato huu, ahsanteni sana.

MHE. PROF. SAMWEL M. WANGWE: Mheshimiwa Spika na Waheshimiwa Wabunge, nawashukuru sana, mmenipa kura nyingi kweli kweli ingawaje hazikutosha na hazikutosha kwa sababu mlikuwa na timu kali kabisa, uchaguzi najua mlipata kazi ngumu sana kuchagua kati ya watu wakali hawa wote ni *first eleven*, lakini ilibidi, *round* ya kwanza ya kucheza iwepo na wengine tutakuwa ma-*reserve*, tunaamini kwamba katika kipindi chote hiki hakuna atakayeumia.

Kwa hiyo, ma-*reserve* tuvumilie tu, mpaka *round* nyingine ambayo tutakuja tena. Tunawahakikishia kwamba hii sio mara ya mwisho, kuna mtaalamu mmoja alikuwa ananishauri kuwa unajua kwenye siasa ukishaonja hivi, kurudi nyuma ni vigumu sana, utarudi tu! Nikambishia, lakini naamini kwamba tutaonana *in other capacities* na kwa wale wenzangu ambao Bunge la Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania limechagua kuwapeleka kule, mkumbuke kwamba kule mtakuta mpango wa miaka mitano ambayo mimi na timu yangu tulitayarisha. Kwa hiyo, mkikwama popote pale mimi niko *available* kuweza kutoa ushauri. (*Makofi*)

Natoa usia kwamba, sasa tunaingia kwenye *phase* ya mambo mazito kweli kweli na sasa *EAR* inaongezewa nguvu kufuatana na *experience* ya miaka mitano tuliyoiona. Kwa hiyo, tunaamini kwamba mtakuwa ni Maaskari ambao mtakuwa na Kasi na Nguvu

Mpya, na Ari Mpya. Kwa hiyo, mimi napenda kushukuru sana wale wote ambao wameni- *support* ni wote, hakuna mtu hata mmoja aliyesema hanipi kura, wote tumekuwa *busy* hapa hata hawa wenzangu ambao tumechuana hapa kwenye chumba cha kungojea pale tulikuwa ni furaha tupu na naamini ile furaha itaendelea maana tumefahamiana kwa namna ambayo hapo kabla tulikuwa hatufahamiani na wengine. Kwa hiyo, tunawatakiya kila heri na mimi nasema nawashukuru sana kwa kura ambazo mmenipa ambazo ni nyingi, pamoja na kwamba kwa mchuano ambao ulikuwepo hazikutosha kufuatana na nafasi zilizokuwepo, lakini nawashukuru sana, ahsante sana. (Makofi)

DR. NORMAN A. SIGALLA: Mheshimiwa Spika, awali ya yote niseme ninashukuru sana, tena sana kwa uchaguzi huu, jambo kuwa nimeweka rekodi nafikiri kuwa Mbunge kijana ambaye pia nimetumikia kwa muda mfupi labda kuliko Mbunge mwingine yoyote katika historia ya Tanzania ukiachia kufa na mambo mengine, kwa maana ile ya kuondolewa kwa kura halali.

Mheshimiwa Spika, nimesema ninashukuru sana kwa kura nilizopata, lakini na ninasema tena ya kwamba pamoja na ujana wangu, nadhani nimeweka historia kwa sababu ni Mbunge kijana niliyekaa muda mfupi zaidi nadhani kuliko Mbunge yoyote, toka tupate uhuru, kwa maana ya kuondolewa madarakani kwa kura, miezi saba iliyopita umewekwa kwa kura na Wabunge hao hao miezi saba baadaye wanasema hapana, nadhani ni historia. (Makofi)

Mheshimiwa Spika, baada ya kusema hayo, ninakubali kabisa kwamba sayansi ya Siasa haina kanuni, huwezi kusema moja jumlisha moja ni mbili. Jana wakati naongea na kaka yangu Prof. Wangwe nilimtania kidogo, akaniambia nadhani mambo yanaweza yakabaki vilevile, nikasema Mheshimiwa Profesa, *you may prove to be wrong* kwa sababu hawa wapiga kura wanabadilika kila dakika. Nadhani nilichokuwa nasema jana kimethibitishwa leo.

Mheshimiwa Spika, ninaipenda Serikali yangu ni Serikali ya Chama cha Mapinduzi iliyoniivisha na kuwa na sifa hizo ambazo ninazo, ninakipenda Chama cha Mapinduzi, ni Serikali ya Chama cha Mapinduzi iliyoniwezesha mimi kuiva hivi nilivyoiva kwa sababu hiyo ninaamini kabisa utumishi wa Dr. Norman Adamson Sigalla hauko kwenye Ubunge tu, maadam Serikali ndio hii hii ninafahamu kwamba Dr. Sigalla yupo bila shaka atakuwa na mahali pa kutumika. (Makofi)

Mheshimiwa Spika, baada ya kusema hivyo niwashukuru ninyi nyote Wabunge wa kike kwa wakiume kwa kunitia moyo katika kipindi changu chote nilichokuwa Afrika Mashariki, nishukuru sana wenzangu ambao wako Afrika Mashariki sasa na hasa Mheshimiwa Abrahaman Kinana, kwa juhudi zote alizokuwa akizifanya kututia moyo na hata kujenga jina kwenye medani ya kimataifa hasa ukichukulia Afrika Mashariki. Tunazochangamoto chache, ni vizuri niziseme maadamu ni mahali sahihi pa kusemea, tunayo changamoto kubwa kwenye kupungua kwa maji kwa ziwa Victoria. Ninaombeni sana hao wanaochukua nafasi zetu wakumbuke wazi kabisa kwamba changamoto iliyonayo Tanzania ni kwamba sehemu kubwa ya maji yanayopungua ni kutokana na

chanzo kingine kilichojengwa Uganda kinachozalisha umeme. Kwa hiyo, huko kuna dana dana nyingi zinapigwa lakini ndiyo hali halisi. Lakini *damages* hathali tunazozipata ni Tanzania zaidi kwa sababu asilimia 49 ya ziwa lile liko upande wetu, baada ya kusema hayo nirudi tena kuwashukuru sana kwa upendo mlionipa katika kipindi chote ahsanteni sana. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Ahsante, Dr. Sigalla endelea kujiimarisha, ni kijana safi, na hakika siku za usoni utafika mbali. Sasa kwa kundi hili naona pia tumemaliza kwa sababu simwoni Dr. Kasungu, labda sijui Mr. Mmanda, ahsante sana karibu.

ND. EVOD M. HERMAN: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu, Waheshimiwa Mawaziri na Waheshimiwa Wabunge, nianze kwa kumshukuru Mwenyezi Mungu kwa kuweza kutufikisha siku ya leo, tulikutoka ni mbali.

Pili, napenda nikishukuru Chama changu Chama cha Mapinduzi, nasema hivyo sio kama *fashion*, bali kwa kuweza kuniamini mpaka leo hii nimesimama hapa, ni hatua kubwa sana katika maisha yangu. Tulipokuja hapa ninaamini hatukuja kushindana, tulichujwa vizuri sana hasa tuliotoka Chama cha Mapinduzi, tulikuja kujipanga na katika kujipanga wamepatikana watakaotuwakilisha. Rai yangu ni kwamba, tuwaunge mkono kwa hali na mali kwa sababu kupunjika kwa Tanzania katika Jumuiya ya Afrika Mashariki ni hasara yetu sisi sote, sio hasara ya watu tisa.

Mheshimiwa Spika, naomba nikushukuru wewe binafsi na Bunge lako kwa kutupa heshima ya kuingia ndani ya Bunge, hata kusimama kwenye mimbari za Mawaziri, kulihutubia Bunge kuomba kura na Waheshimiwa Wabunge wakatusikiliza na wakatupa kura. Naomba nishukuru kwa kuwa mimi ni mara ya kwanza na kwa uchanga nilionao ninaoufahamu nilichokipata sio kidogo, ni kikubwa sana. Nawashukuru sana na Mwenyezi Mungu awasaidie, ahsante sana. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Ahsante sana, sasa kundi la Bara, kumbe ndio hili tumelimaliza, nilitaka kurudia tena. Sasa baada ya kumaliza utaratibu wa wale ambao tumewachagua Wabunge wateule wa Bunge la Afrika Mashariki, nikianza mwanzo ni Mheshimiwa Septuu Mohamed Nassor asimame, Mheshimiwa Janeth Deo Mmari, Mheshimiwa Kate Sylvia Kamba. Basi, nawaomba mmekeki.

Wanafuatiwa na kundi la Tanzania Zanzibar, Mheshimiwa Abdallah Ali Hassan Mwinyi, Mheshimiwa Dr. Said Gharib Bilal, ahsante mkeki.

Kundi la Vyama vya Upinzani ni Mheshimiwa Fortunatus Lwanyantika Masha, sikutaka kusema mapema kwamba Dr. Masha nimesoma naye Tabora *School* kwa sababu ingekuwa ni kampeni, lakini naomba mfahamu hilo kwamba Spika na Dr. Masha tulikuwa pamoja Tabora *School*. Kwa nafasi hii, Dr. Masha nadhani tutaweza kuendelea kubadilisha uzoefu wa mambo mbalimbali, hongera sana. (*Makofi*)

Mwisho, Dr. Aman Walid Kabourou, bado sijakwambia ukae. Huyu naye alipoingia CHADEMA kwa sababu ni jirani yangu Urambo na Kigoma tunapakana,

nilimwomba ahamie Chama cha Mapinduzi miaka saba iliyopita, lakini Kigoma *Airport* pale akanitolea nje, akakataa. Nadhani uzoefu wa miaka saba ameona mwenyewe kwamba kwa kweli Chama ambacho kinapendwa na Watanzania ni CCM, karibu sana. Leo hii Dr. Kabourou unaonja matunda ya Chama cha Mapinduzi, ahsante sana. Dr. George Francis Nangale na kinara wao kwa kundi hili Dr. Didudas John Massaburi. *(Makofi/Vigelele)*

Sasa Waheshimiwa, kwa haraka haraka bila maneno mengi kwa sababu Waheshimiwa Wabunge wamewasikilizeni siku nzima lakini ni utamaduni kwamba mtu unashukuru. Kwa hiyo, nikianza kwa kundi la wanawake, naomba sasa Mheshimiwa Mbunge mteule wa EALA, Sebtuu Mohamed Nassor, uweze kuja. Sasa itabidi uje hapa maana yake Mbunge uje hapa sasa, leo ni siku ya kuweza kujitambulisha vizuri, Katibu angalia *microphone* hiyo.

MHE. SEPTUU MOHAMED NASSOR: Mheshimiwa Spika, Waheshimiwa Wabunge, awali ya yote kwanza natoa pongezi zangu kwako wewe pamoja na Bunge kuweza kufanikisha uchaguzi huu. Mchakato huu ni wa muda mrefu, lakini leo umefikia mwisho na naomba kusema umesema tusichukue muda mrefu, naomba kuongeza tu, naelewa kwamba tumewachosha sana Waheshimiwa Wabunge kwa kuwafuatafuata, kwa kuwapa makaratasi, lakini ndio utaratibu wenyewe unavyokuwa. Kwa hiyo, naomba mtusamehe.

La pili, naomba kwa nafasi hii niliyopewa hapa kukishukuru Chama changu cha Mapinduzi kwa kunifikisha hapa hii leo nikaweza kusimama mbele ya Bunge hili na kwa heshima uliyonipa kuja kuhutubia hapa, ahsante sana. Tena nawaomba Wabunge wale ambao wamenipa kura na wale ambao hawakunipa kura wawe na imani na mimi kabisa kwamba nitaiwakilisha Tanzania na watu wake katika shughuli zote zinazotakiwa na vilevile nitaitetea Tanzania pamoja na Jumuiya ya Afrika Mashariki.

Mheshimiwa Spika, baada ya hayo nakushukuru sana, ahsante. *(Makofi)*

MHE. JANETH DEO MMARI: *Honourable Speaker, Honourable Member's of Parliament, Ladies and Gentlemen, I wish to take this opportunity to thank every person who participated in this process right from the beginning, let say from particle class up to the Parliament.*

Honourable Speaker, I believe the East Africa Community is for the East African's and thirty million plus Tanzanian's for this reasons I believe that an MP, representing Tanzania, I represent each Tanzania who are represented by all the people sitting around here. (Applause)

I certainly feel heavily invented for the trust that of given to me and for that reason, I am prepared to work and please anybody who feel that she or he has anything that I can do, that will help, the every Tanzanian who is in the village because the East African Community is for the Tanzanian's not for the secretariat, not for the summit, not

for the Minister or for anybody working for the community let that person contact me so that we can work together.

Honourable Speaker, I may stand to be corrected but I believe there is no an excess between this Parliament and East African Community Parliament. However, I take note that there is full fleshed Ministry of East African Affairs and I believe this Parliament and Ministry will work together so that there can be established an excess so that the people you have elected today, can take the challenge that responsibility of working for Tanzanian, whom you present and you have appointed us, with those few remarks let me say thank you and I can't thank you enough. (Applause)

SPEAKER: *Thank you Mrs. Mmari, now will hear from Kate Sylvia Kamba.*

MHE. KATE SYLVIA KAMBA: Mheshimiwa Spika, Waheshimiwa Wabunge, nimesimama hapa kwa unyenyekevu mkubwa kabisa, kwanza kumshukuru Mwenyezi Mungu kwa kunifikisha salama katika saa hii na kwa kura zenu nyingi ambazo mmenipatia kuniwezesha kurudi tena kwenye Bunge la Afrika Mashariki. *(Makofi)*

Ninawashukuru sana kwa heshima ambayo mmetupatia, tulikuwa tisa, katika Bunge lililopita na katika hao tisa waliorudi ni wawili, tutajitahidi kuendeleza ile *institution memory* ya *East African Community* ambayo ipo kati yetu wawili ambao tumerudisha na tunaahidi kwamba tutaendelea kufanya kazi kwa bidii zote, tukishirikiana na Kamati ya mambo ya nchi za nje ndani ya Bunge letu, katika kuimarisha yale yote mtakuwa mnatutuma.

Tunaamini kwa ushirikiano wa pamoja Wabunge waliochaguliwa na sisi sote ndani ya Bunge hili, tutaisukuma *East Africa*, nawashukuruni sana sana, Mungu aendelee kuwabariki na Mungu aendelee kuibariki nchi yetu, tuendelee kukaa kwa upendo na amani na wale ambao wamekosa wasikate tamaa. Nafasi zilikuwa chache na watu ni wazuri mno, lakini wamechaguliwa wachache ndio sisi ambao tunakwenda kuwawakilisha. Kidumu Chama chetu cha Mapinduzi. *(Makofi)*

SPIKA: Huo ndio mwisho wa kundi A, kundi B tutaanza na Mheshimiwa Dr. Said Gharib Bilal.

MHE. DR. SAID GHARIB BILAL: Mheshimiwa Spika, Waheshimiwa Wabunge, awali ya yote na mimi naomba nimshukuru Mwenyezi Mungu kwa kutujalia kuweko hapa wakati huu.

Pili, naomba nikishukuru Chama cha Mapinduzi kwa kunitua mimi kuanzia Kamati maalum Zanzibar hadi Kamati Kuu na kwisha *authority* yake kwa Kamati ya Bunge na hatimaye kuweza kuchaguliwa hapa mimi leo. Nasema kwamba wakati wote huo, imani ya Chama cha Mapinduzi ilianza tangu Kamati Maalum, nawashukuru kwamba Wabunge wameendeleza imani iliyonipa Chama changu hadi kufikia kuchaguliwa hapa. *(Makofi)*

Mheshimiwa Spika, vilevile, napenda kuchukua fursa kushukuru familia yangu hasa kwa kuni-*encourage* kuingia katika mashindano haya kwa kuamini kwamba Chama cha Mapinduzi kinafanya demokrasia katika awamu zote, nashukuru sana kwa kunipa *support* familia, ahsante.

Mheshimiwa Spika, mtazamo wangu mimi wa Bunge la Afrika Mashariki ni kwamba, sisi ni *extension* ya Bunge lako Tukufu na kwa kupitia Bunge lako Tukufu ni *extension* ya wananchi. Kwamba Afrika Mashariki mambo yote yanayokuwa yanapitishwa pale yanahitaji kuangalia wadau wote wakiwemo Serikali *Business Community* na wananchi wa Tanzania na nataka nikuhakikishie kwamba tunaelewa kwamba Afrika Mashariki inawakilisha dhamira na niseme ndoto, lakini ndoto za kweli za kuhakikisha kwamba Afrika Mashariki hatimaye itakamilisha matumaini ya eneo la Afrika Mashariki lenye watu zaidi ya milioni 100 kuwafikia katika maisha mazuri na hali bora ya kimaisha, nataka niahidi kwamba tutafanya kazi kama nilivyolelewa kama ni mtu wa utafiti wa *consultation* na mtu wa kusoma, nihakikishe kwamba haya yote tutayatumia katika kuhakikisha kwamba tunafanya nzuri kuwakilisha nchi yetu.

Mheshimiwa Spika, baada ya kusema hayo naomba nikushukuru sana na nishukuru Bunge lako kwa kutuchagua na kutuamini na naahidi kwamba tutafanya kazi nzuri, ahsanteni.

MHE. ABDULLAH ALI HASSAN MWINYI: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu, Waheshimiwa Wabunge, kwanza kabisa ningependa kutoa shukrani za dhati kwa heshima kubwa mliyoniwa kijana wenu kwa kunipa kura nyingi za kishindo kabisa kuniwezesha kunifikisha katika Bunge la Afrika Mashariki. Napenda kusema ahsanteni sana. (*Makofi*)

Sina mengi ya kusema na malipo yangu kwenu ni jitihada kubwa ambayo nitaifanya katika Afrika Mashariki, kutetea maslahi ya Taifa letu, ahsanteni sana. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Kundi C, napenda nimwite rafiki yangu Dr. Masha aweze kutuhutubia.

MHE. DR. FORTUNATUS L. MASHA: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu, Waheshimiwa Mawaziri, Waheshimiwa Wabunge wote, labda nitumie msembo ambao nimeusikia mahala, mimi nilikuwa mgombea mwaka 2001, kura hazikutosha, leo zimetosha sana. (*Makofi*)

Kwa kuwa ni nafasi ya kutoa shukrani nianzie ambako nimeanzia, kama sio Chama changu cha *UDP* kunitewa hata nisingefika hapa kura zikatosha. Kwa hiyo, nataka kutoa shukrani kwa Chama changu cha *UDP* kwa kunitewa na kunifikisha hapa. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, nafahamu kwamba kuna Mbunge mmoja wa *UDP* katika Bunge hili, rafiki yangu na Mwenyekiti, wangu Bwana Mapesa, kwa hiyo, haikuwezekana kwamba nimepata kura yake ikazaa mpaka zikawa 202, nataka kutoa shukrani kwenu nyote mlioniamini na kunipa kura nyingi namna hiyo. Nafahamu wana-

CCM wengine walitoka, kwa hiyo, hizo kura nyingi ni za wana-CCM, nataka kuwashukuruni sana. *(Makofi)*

Nakuwahakikishieni kwamba tutafanya kazi kwa pamoja na kwenda Bunge hili la Afrika Mashariki sio kama mjumbe wa *UDP* hapana, sio kama mjumbe wa upinzani hapana, mimi wenzangu tunakwenda kama Watanzania. Nataka kuwaahidi wenzangu wanaotoka Chama cha CCM wasiwe na wasiwasi na mimi katika ushirikiano wetu tukiwa pamoja.

Nataka kumhakikishia Waziri wa Mambo ya Afrika Mashariki na wengine wote ambao watakuwa na ujumbe wa kutupa wasisite kunifikia kwa sababu mimi natoka kundi la upinzani lakini mimi ni Mtanzania. *(Makofi)*

Mheshimiwa Spika, nimalize kwa kushukuru kwa maneno uliyoanza nayo ulipotaja jina langu leo mchana na mimi hapa moyoni najisikia hivyo hivyo kwa kumbukumbu zetu za *Tabora School*. Kuna wengi ambao wamenisaidia kufika hapa, wapo wengi mno nikiwataja itachukua muda mrefu sana, lakini nataka wote wafahamu kwamba ninawashukuru sana. Labda tukitoka nje, nitapata nafasi ya kuwapa shukrani moja kwa moja lakini kwa ujumla wenu nasema ahsateni sana na Mungu aibariki Tanzania. *(Makofi)*

SPIKA: Ahsante sana Dr. Masha, lakini kwa taarifa tu ya hawa ambao ni wachanga kidogo katika siasa ni kwamba Dr. Masha alipata kuwa Katibu Mwenezi wa *TANU*. *(Makofi)*

Tunaendelea sasa. Lakini sasa Mheshimiwa Kingunge anisamehe kidogo labda niseme kundi la Vingunge. Nitaanza na jirani yangu Dr. Aman Walid Kabourou.

MHE. DR. AMAN WALID KABOUROU: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu, Waheshimiwa Mawaziri na Waheshimiwa Sana Wabunge wote na mimi kwanza nianze tu kwa kutoa shukrani zangu za dhati kwa Chama changu cha Mapinduzi ambacho nimenifikisha hapa. Sisemi hivyo kama alivyosema Ndugu yangu labda kwa fasheni lakini ni kwa ukweli kabisa.

Mheshimiwa Spika, amesema neno zito kwamba alijaribu kunishawishi niingie CCM miaka saba iliyopita na mimi nikagoma nikajaribu kuvumilia katika vyama vya upinzani na nikagundua kwamba havitakiwi na wananchi. *(Makofi)*

Mheshimiwa Spika, nirudie tena kusema kwamba usione aibu na wala hukuwa peke yako katika kufanya hivyo kuna wengi siwataji hapa walionishawishi nifanye hivyo na mimi nikawa nimegoma. Lakini wamasema katika vitabu kwamba;

“Mchungaji Mwema ni yule anayewaacha Kondoo wake 99 akamfuata yule mmoja aliyepotea“

Huyu ndiye mchungaji mwema na ninasema Chama Cha Mapinduzi ni Mchungaji Mwema kwa sababu wameweza kuwaacha hawa Kondoo 99 wakasema yule anapotea mrudisheni. *(Makofi)*

Mheshimiwa Kondoo yule amerudi na mimi nasema kwa uhakika kabisa kwamba naitakitetea Chama changu na ninao uwezo wa kufanya hivyo. *(Makofi)*

Mheshimiwa Spika, baada ya kusema hivyo, mimi nishukuru tu kwa jinsi uchaguzi wetu ulivyokwenda na kwa jinsi ambavyo matokeo yetu meonyesha ah! kumbe yale maneno ya mizengwe sio kweli katika Serikali inayoongozwa na CCM mara zote chaguzi zote zinaendeshwa kiuwazi na kiuhalali kabisa na hata mimi nimeweza kujionea kwa macho yangu. Sikupeleka hata wakala katika kuhesabu mambo ya kura.

Napenda niwashukuru Ndugu zangu Wabunge kwa heshima kubwa mliyonyesha na mimi naahidi kabisa kwamba huko *East Africa* nitafanya kazi nzuri nikishirikiana na Ndugu zangu tuliochaguliwa pamoja. Ahsanteni sana. *(Makofi)*

SPIKA: Ahsante sana Mheshimiwa Dr. Aman Walid Kabourou lakini ombi la Spika ni kwamba kwa faida ya nchi wewe na mwenzio Mbunge wa Kigoma Mjini Mheshimiwa Peter Joseph Serukamba mtafanya kazi kwa pamoja, Kigoma inawahitaji nyote wawili mshirikiane. *(Makofi)*

Sasa namuita Dr. George Francis Nangale.

MHE. DR. GEORGE FRANCIS NANGALE: Mheshimiwa Spika, Mheshimiwa Waziri Mkuu na Waheshimiwa Wabunge, awali ya yote ningependa nitoe shukrani zangu za dhati kwa Chama changu cha Mapinduzi kwa kuiteua kwa mara nyingine kusimama katika nafasi hii kupitia Bunge la Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania.

Mheshimiwa Spika, napenda nitoe shukrani zangu za dhati kwa Wabunge wote na Bunge la Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania kwa kunipa nafasi hii kwa mara nyingine kulitumikia Taifa letu katika nafasi ya Ubunge wa Bunge la Afrika Mashariki. Napenda niwaahidi kwamba nitashirikiana na wenzangu na kwa sababu nimeshapata uzoefu wa miaka mitano ya mwanzo nitashirikiana na wale wapya kuimarisha *Tanzania Chapter* ili iwe *effective* zaidi na kusimamia maslahi ya nchi yetu katika siku zijazo kwa sababu suala la Jumuiya ya Afrika Mashariki siyo suala la hadithi ni suala la halisi *it is reality* na kwamba hatuna *option* isipokuwa kwenda huko.

Kwa hiyo, tunachohitaji kufanya ni kuhakikisha kwamba Wawakilishi wetu wanawakilisha maslahi ya nchi yetu na tuwe viongozi katika kusimamia hii *process* ya *intergration* tusiwaachie wenzetu ndiyo watusimamie, ni ukweli kwamba Tanzania ndiyo nchi yenye raslimali kwa wingi katika eneo.

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwa hiyo, ni vizuri basi tukatumia uwezo huo tulionao *including* raslimali ya watu wenyewe yaani *Human Resource* kuhakikisha kwamba tuna – *play a leading role* katika *intergration process* yetu.

Mheshimiwa Spika na Waheshimiwa Wabunge, mwisho kabisa ningependa kuwaahidi kwamba tutaendelea kwa 100% *commitment* na kama usemi wako unavyosema *with Speed and Standards*. (Makofi)

Ahsanteni sana. (Makofi)

SPIKA: Ahsante sana Mheshimiwa Dr. Nangale tunahitimisha sasa kwa Mbunge Mteule Dr. Didas John Massaburi. (Makofi)

MHE. DR. DIDAS JOHN MASSABURI: Mheshimiwa Spika, nami kama wenzangu waliotangulia napenda kwanza nikishukuru Chama changu cha Mapinduzi na hasa Kamati Kuu ya Chama ambayo ilikubali kuteua jina langu ili liweze kupitishwa na Kamati ya Wabunge wa CCM kugombea nafasi hii. (Makofi)

Mheshimiwa Spika, pili, naomba niwashukuru Wabunge wote kwa ujumla wao kwa jinsi ambayo wamenipa kura za kutosha safari hii kwa sababu mara ya kwanza hazikutosha kule kwenye Kamati ya Wabunge wa CCM, kwa hiyo, niwashukuru kwa dhati kabisa na niwaombe waelewe kwamba mimi nitakachokifanya kule Afrika Mashariki ni kwenda kuwatumikia Wabunge wa Bunge hili pamoja na wananchi wa Tanzania. (Makofi)

Mheshimiwa Spika, tatu, naomba nimshukuru kwa dhati kabisa mke wangu Janeth Mourice Massaburi kwanza kwa kazi kubwa aliyoifanya ya kuniliwaza wakati wote nilipokuwa na majonzi, ilikuwa nikipata dhoruba kali kwenye kampeni wengi wenu mlikuwa hamwoni machozi yangu, lakini yeye alikuwa akiyafuta. (Makofi)

Nne, niwashukuru Wakubwa wangu wa Kazi, Waziri wangu wa Elimu na Mafunzo ya Ufundi Mheshimiwa Margaret Simwanza Sitta, Manaibu Waziri Mheshimiwa Ludovick John Mwananzila na Mheshimiwa Mwantumu Bakari Mahiza kwa kuniruhusu kwanza na ninawashukuru kwa majonzi kwa maana kwamba huenda nitaacha kufanya kazi katika Wizara ile lakini nadhani nitakuwa nao daima katika utendaji wowote watakapohitaji kunitumia mimi. (Makofi)

Mheshimiwa Spika, nimalizie tu kwa kusema kwamba mimi ni Mtumishi wenu kwa hiyo msisite kunituma na ninaahidi kwamba sitawaangusha. Ahsanteni sana. (Makofi)

SPIKA: Waheshimiwa Wabunge, nimepata maombi mengi sana ya Waheshimiwa Wabunge ambao wanataka kuzungumza, lakini ninasikitika sitaweza kuyaruhusu. Kwanza haipendezi wenzetu pamoja na kwamba wanasema sisi tumechoka lakini nadhani wao wamechoka zaidi. Kwa hiyo, kibinadamu inafaa tuwape nafasi ya mapema wavishwe mashada ya maua, wazungumze na wenzako, wale wenye fursa ya faraja kama alivyo Mheshimiwa Dr. Massaburi tukiendelea humu na Mheshimiwa Janet Massaburi ni Mbunge mwenye nidhamu akiendelea kukaa humu tu mambo yanakwenda kule Mume wake keshatoka haiwezi kupendeza. Kwa maana hiyo na kwa heshima

kubwa na taadhima tunaye msemaji ambaye anaweza kwa ufasaha kabisa na kwa uhalali akaweza kuwatuma Wabunge wateule hawa tisa wa Tanzania wajue huko wanakokwenda kwamba wana baraka zetu na awape ujumbe wa nini tunategemea sisi tu Wabunge lakini na wananchi waliotuchagua.

Namwita Waziri Mkuu, Mheshimiwa Edward Lowassa ili aweze kusema kidogo.
(*Makofi*)

WAZIRI MKUU: Mheshimiwa Spika, yuko kiongozi mwenzetu wa Chama cha Mapinduzi lakini ni Marehemu sasa nadhani hapa angependa kusema lugha hii: “Haijapata Kutokea!” (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, kwanza nakushukuru kwa kunipa nafasi hii ya pekee kabisa niweze kusema machache ya kuwapongeza wenzetu waliochaguliwa kuingia Bunge la Afrika Mashariki. Lakini kabla ya kufanya hivyo, nina hakika nitasema kwa niaba ya Wabunge kwamba tunakupongeza wewe na Ofisi yako kwa kazi nzuri sana ya kuandaa uchaguzi huu, mmefanya kazi nzuri ya uwazi kabisa na mmeona wenyewe hata wagombea kila mmoja aliyesimama ameshukuru na ameridhika kwa mambo yalivyokwenda. Tunawapongeza kwa kazi nzuri sana pamoja na Sekretarieti yako.
(*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, mimi leo nimesononeka sana kwa kitendo kilichotokea kwa wenzetu wa upinzani kutoka nje ya Ukumbi wa Bunge, lakini kanikumbusha kila siku tukizungumza na Viongozi wenzetu wa Zanzibar huwa wanatuambia: “Kwani ninyi hamuwajui *CUF*?” Leo nakiri wenzetu wa Zanzibar kweli wako sawasawa hatuwajui *CUF*, maana jambo la demokrasia kama hili limepata mjadala, hata kabla mjadala haujakwisha, watu kwa hasira wametoka nje ya Ukumbi wa Mkutano kabda uchaguzi haujafanyika tena watu wenyewe ni watu wasomi. Kwa kweli ni kitendo cha aibu sana! Najipa faraja moja tu kwamba sasa Watanzania wanapata nafasi ya kuwafahamu *CUF* ni nani na ndiyo wanahalalisha kauli aliyotoa Mheshimiwa Kabourou muda mfupi uliopita kwamba hawakubaliki kwa wananchi. Sasa wasitumie mbinu za hovyoko kutaka kukubalika. Lakini niruhusu nitumie nafasi hii kuwapongeza sana wale Wabunge wa Upinzani waliokuwa makini, waliokomaa na wakabaki ndani ya Ukumbi wa Bunge kwa madhumuni ya *Hansard* nataka kuweka shukrani zetu na pongezi zetu kwa kuonyesha ukomavu wa kisiasa. (*Makofi*)

Wabunge hao wa Upinzani ni pamoja na Mheshimiwa Dr. Wilbrod Peter Slaa, Mheshimiwa Grace Sindato Kiwelu, Mheshimiwa Philemon Ndesamburo, Mheshimiwa Said Amour Arfi, Mheshimiwa Susan Anselm Jerome Lyimo, Mheshimiwa Mhonga Said Ruhwanya, Mheshimiwa Lucy Fidelis Owenya na Mheshimiwa John Momose Cheyo. Tunawapongeza sana. Ninyi mmeonyesha ukomavu wa kisiasa sasa waambieni hao marafiki zenu wajifunze kutoka kwenu wasitutie aibu katika nchi yetu. Mimi ningependa kwa heshima ambayo Bunge letu limejenga, kwa demokrasia ambayo inaonekana ndani ya Bunge letu kitendo cha leo kimetudhalilisha na kutupa aibu. Nakubaliana na pendekezo lako kwamba Kamati moja itafakari hawa jamaa wachukuliwe hatua gani za kinidhamu. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, sasa niende kwa Waheshimiwa Wagombea. Mtakubaliana nami kwamba siku hizi tulizokaa hapa Dodoma zimekuwa changamoto kwelikweli. Sina nafasi ya kupita sana Mtaani, lakini kila saa nilikuwa napigiwa simu nikiambiwa: “Mzee mambo yamebadilika!” Ilikuwa kama *temperature* za Malaria zinapanda na kushuka kila mara. Mara unasikia Samwel Mwitwa Wangwe kaongoza, mara unasikia Dr. Didas John Massaburi, lakini ah! Nawapongeza sana, mmefanya kazi ya kutukomaza vizuri sana. Kila mmoja amefanya kampeni yake kwa umakini na umahiri wa hali ya juu sana. Nawapongeza sana. (*Makofi*)

Kwa wale ambao hamkuchaguliwa, nakubaliana na lugha aliyotumia Mzee Masha kwamba kura hazikutosha. Sio kwamba ninyi hamkutosha, bali kura tu hazikutosha na *inshallah* siku moja zitatoshia. Lakini nakubaliana pia na Mheshimiwa Sigalla kwamba sasa mmeonekana kwamba ni wanasiasa. Nafasi hizi ziko nyingi, siyo Jumuiya ya Afrika Mashariki, lakini zipo nyingi na nyinginezo kuna nafasi ya kuonekana. (*Makofi*)

Nawapongeza vilevile kwa kukubali matokeo ya uchaguzi, nawapongeza sana. Kwa wale waliochaguliwa nawapongeza na hongera sana mnastahili. Lakini mnakwenda kwenye Bunge la Afrika Mashariki si kama *UDP* na Chama Cha Mapinduzi, mnakwenda kama Wawakilishi wa Serikali na Watu wa Tanzania. Tumeelezwa toka kampeni zilipoanza kwamba Jumuiya ya Afrika Mashariki ina changamoto za kisasa na kubwa sana. Tumewachagua kwa niaba ya Watanzania kwa kuwaamini kwamba mtatuongoza vizuri katika changamoto hizo maana mnaweza kutuongoza vizuri. Lakini muende kama timu moja ya mpira na timu hiyo ifunge goli. Najua ni katika mazungumzo, lakini mazungumzo ni *give and take*, lakini yule mjanja hupata mengi zaidi na ninyi kuweni wajanja, Watanzania wapate mengi zaidi. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, nimalize kwa kuwapongeza na kuwashukuru sana Waheshimiwa Wabunge, hongereni sana kwa kazi nzuri mliyoifanya. Wale wa Chama Cha Mapinduzi wanajua mashaka yaliyokuwepo lakini mashaka yote yale yametoweka. Si ndiyo Mzee Kingunge Ngombale-Mwiru?! Mashaka yote yametoweka, hakukuwepo na udini, ukanda, ukabila lakini watu wamechaguliwa kutokana na uwezo na kila mmoja alivyofanya kampeni yake. Nawapongeza kwa sababu tunatoa sura sahihi na ujumbe sahihi kwa Watanzania kwamba Bunge letu ni Bunge imara lenye umoja, mshikamano na linaloangalia uwezo wa mtu na siyo atokako, kabila lake, dini yake wala kitu chochote. Nawapongeza sana kwa jambo hili mlilolifanya. (*Makofi*)

Mheshimiwa Spika, najua watu wamechoka, lakini nimesimama kwa niaba yenu kuwapongeza waliochaguliwa, waliojitokeza na kuipongeza Ofisi ya Bunge kwa maandalizi mazuri sana na kuwapongeza wale wenzetu walioonyesha ukomavu wa kisiasa wa kubaki humu ndani na wale ambao wametoka wajue hawatuaibishi sisi kama Wabunge, bali wanajiaibisha wao kama Chama chao ambacho hakiwezi kushiriki katika malumbano ya kisiasa na kufikia muafaka bila kukimbia. Baada ya kusema hayo nakushukuru sana kwa kunipa nafasi hii. (*Makofi*)

SPIKA: Ahsante sana, baada ya salamu hizo nzito za Mheshimiwa Kiongozi wa Shughuli za Serikali humu Bungeni Waziri Mkuu wetu sasa natamka kwamba

naliahirisha Bunge hadi kesho saa tatu asubuhi. Kuna rekebisho kidogo itabidi Waheshimiwa Wagombea na wale ambao wamepita, basi mtoke kwanza, lakini Waheshimiwa Wabunge tukae.

*(Saa 12:20 mchana Bunge liliahirishwa Mpaka Siku yaJumaa,
Tarehe 03 Novemba, 2006 Saa 03:00 Asubuhi)*